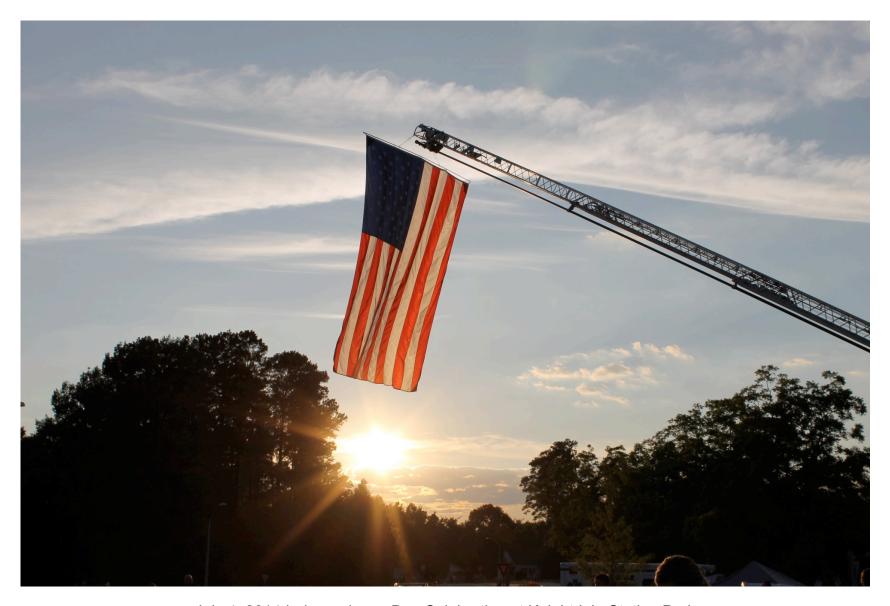
Town of Knightdale

North Carolina



Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015





July 4, 2014 Independence Day Celebration at Knightdale Station Park

MAYOR AND TOWN COUNCIL MEMBERS

As of June 30, 2015



Mayor Russell B. Killen Term 2011-2015



Mayor Pro Tem Mike Chalk Term 2013-2017



Councilor James Roberson Term 2011-2015



Councilor Dustin Tripp Term 2011-2015



Councilor Randy Young Term 2013-2017



Councilor Mark Swan Term 2013-2017

Individual contact information is available at www.knightdalenc.gov



COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

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This section, which is unaudited, introduces the reader to the report and to the Town. It includes the letter of transmittal, descriptions of boards, a map of Knightdale and the State of North Carolina, as well as other information regarding the Town of Knightdale.

INTRODUCTORY SECTION



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November 16, 2015

The Honorable Mayor Russell B. Killen, Members of the Town Council and Citizens of the Town of Knightdale 950 Steeple Square Court Knightdale, North Carolina 27545

Town Council:

We are pleased to present the **Comprehensive Annual Financial Report** (CAFR) of the Town of Knightdale, North Carolina, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. The financial statements and supplemental schedules contained herein have been audited by the independent, certified public accounting firm of Joyce and Company, CPA, and that firm's unmodified opinion is included in the Financial Section of this report. The report, however, is presented by the Town of Knightdale, which is responsible for the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures. We believe the data as presented is accurate in all material aspects; that it is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and results of operations of the Town as measured by the financial activity of its various funds; and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain maximum understanding of the Town's financial affairs have been included.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the Town of Knightdale. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the Town of Knightdale has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the Town of Knightdale's financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the Town of Knightdale's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is divided into four sections: the Introductory, Financial, Statistical, and Compliance Sections. The Introductory Section, which is unaudited, contains this letter of transmittal and information about the Town's organization and principal officials. The Financial Section is composed of the independent auditors' report, management's discussion and analysis, the basic financial statements, and the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules required by the State of North Carolina. The basic financial statements are often issued separately for securities offerings or widespread distribution and are frequently referred to as "liftable" basic financial statements. The Statistical Section, which is unaudited, contains fiscal and economic data designed to provide a more complete understanding of the Town. Many tables in this section present financial data for the past ten years. Finally, the Compliance Section presents reports and schedules required by the Federal and State Single Audit Acts, which are discussed in a later paragraph.

Reporting Entity

The financial reporting entity includes all the funds of the primary government (Town of Knightdale), as well as all of its component units. Component units are legally separate entities for which the primary government is financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the primary government's operations and are included as part of the primary government. Discretely presented component units are reported in a separate column in the basic financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the primary government and to distinguish their financial positions, results of operations, and cash flows from those of the primary government. The Town of Knightdale is not financially accountable for any other entity. Therefore, these financial statements do not include any blended or discretely presented component units.

MAJOR INITIATIVES / CAPITAL PROJECTS IN FISCAL YEAR 2015

Street and Sidewalk Improvements

The Town of Knightdale expended Powell Bill funds of \$350,988 during fiscal year 2015 for resurfacing of Hinton Oaks Boulevard, Parkside Commons Drive, Lynnwood Road, and McKnight Drive. Another \$200,000 of Powell Bill funds is budgeted in fiscal year 2016 which will be directed to residential street resurfacing to be determined based on need. The Town also expended \$1,307,545 for sidewalk improvements along Main Street and Smithfield Road as well as turn lane improvements on Smithfield Road. The Town was awarded various Federal grant funds totaling \$1,466,447 for these projects. Construction began in fiscal year 2014 and was completed on two of the four projects. Remaining work for the Smithfield Road turn lane improvements and sidewalk project has been completed in the early part of fiscal year 2016.

Knightdale Station Park

On July 14, 2010, the Town of Knightdale acquired approximately 73 acres of land near downtown Knightdale for the construction of a new park. The park includes multi-purpose athletic fields, a plaza, walking trails, an amphitheater, playground, and dog park. The land acquisition was financed with Build America Bonds of \$2,821,500, payable in ten annual installments of \$282,150, plus interest at 3.08% (net of Build America Bonds interest rebate), beginning on July 14, 2011. Construction of Phase I of the park was completed at a cost of \$5,595,554. This project was financed by an installment purchase agreement of \$5,000,000 with SunTrust Bank payable in 15 annual payments of \$333,333 plus interest at 2.33% beginning July 14, 2013. On November 6, 2012, Knightdale citizens approved a Parks and Recreation Facility Bond Referendum not to exceed \$3,000,000 to finance construction of Phase II. The bond referendum also approves an increase in the property tax rate not to exceed 2 cents per \$100 of assessed property value to cover debt service payments on the bonds. The bonds were sold in a private sale to SunTrust Bank on July 19, 2013 and are payable in 15 annual installments of \$200,000 plus interest at 1.97% per annum beginning July 19, 2014. Knightdale Station Park Grand Opening was held on September 19, 2013.

Last fiscal year the Town of Knightdale received approval for a grant of \$400,000 from the State of North Carolina Parks and Recreation Trust Fund for further improvements to Knightdale Station Park. The second phase of the park project was completed during fiscal year 2015 with total annual expenditures of \$1,080,940. Phase III continues in fiscal year 2016 and will include a water tower feature and splash pad.

Mingo Creek Greenway

The Mingo Creek Greenway project was completed during fiscal year 2015 with current year expenditures totaling \$175,133 bringing the total cost of the project to \$3,274,232. Of this amount, grant funds of \$2,495,000 were received (\$1,880,000 from the United States Department of Transportation, \$150,000 from the State of North Carolina and \$465,000 from Wake County).

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

Local

The Town of Knightdale is located in Wake County just seven miles east of Raleigh, the State Capital of North Carolina. This area of the state is often referred to as the Triangle and is home to the Research Triangle Park, lands set aside for technological and research oriented companies. The Town of Knightdale's economy benefits from its proximity to the City of Raleigh and the Research Triangle Park. The Triangle area which includes Raleigh, Durham, Chapel Hill and surrounding communities is considered one of the best places to live and work in the United States. The Triangle is home to Duke University, North Carolina State University, the University of North Carolina and Wake Technical Community College.

The estimated population of Wake County was close to 1,000,000 in 2015. The population has grown by 30% over the past decade. State demographic projections, published by the North Carolina Office of Budget and Management indicate that the Wake County population is expected to increase 10% over the next five years, to 1,105,706 residents in the year 2020. As of June 2015, this area of the state had an unemployment rate of 5.0% compared to the statewide rate of 5.8%. The median income for a family is \$71,066. Knightdale was recognized as the fastest growing town in North Carolina in 2009. The Town's population is 13,102, which represents an 89% growth rate over the last ten years. This is the population amount used by the State Office of Budget and Management for distribution of per capita revenues and other official benchmarks. Based on historical growth trends, Knightdale's population is projected to grow to almost 30,000 by 2025. Although rapid growth is not expected every year, the Town does anticipate population growth to continue for the foreseeable future.

In calendar year 2014, the Town Development Services Department issued 186 combined residential and commercial building permits; representing a total value of \$28.9 million in construction. The average sales price for homes in Knightdale has increased by 8% over the past five years with the 2014 average price reaching \$192,800. Knightdale Developers, LLC continues construction on one of the newest subdivisions in Knightdale which is adjacent to Knightdale Station Park. This community includes a YMCA, private school, and approximately 800 new homes. Construction on Knightdale's newest neighborhood, Glenmere, began during fiscal year 2015. Columnar/Pinellas Corporation is constructing custom homes with prices beginning in the low \$400s. Hinton Oaks Business Park, a major new industrial park adjacent to I-540, began construction this fiscal year. The 35 acre park will have two buildings constructed by the end of fiscal year 2016 totaling approximately 150,000 square feet of space. Refer to the Commercial Activity table in the Statistical Section for further details. Knightdale's corporate limits consist of approximately 6.90 square miles, or 4,416 acres, 640 acres per square mile, while the extraterritorial jurisdiction covers 18.30 square miles, or 11,712 acres.

State

North Carolina's economy continues to improve. The unemployment rate statewide is 5.8% compared to 6.5% in 2014. The economic recovery in North Carolina has lagged behind the national economy due to the loss of manufacturing jobs during the past recession. However, sales tax revenues increased slightly in 2015 as compared to the previous year. The State Legislature repealed the local privilege license tax for fiscal years beginning after July 1, 2015. The Town of Knightdale received \$69,867 in privilege license revenue for fiscal year 2015. The loss of this revenue may have a negative impact on the Town in future years, however privilege licenses account for less than 1% of the total General Fund revenues of the Town.

National

The national economy continues a long and often sluggish recovery from the recession of 2008 to 2010. Unemployment nationwide has dropped to 5.1%. Sales of home and automobiles have continued to improve in 2015 as compared to 2014, and home prices are also showing an upward trend nationwide. The stock market has recovered from the recession of 2008, with the DOW Jones Industrial Average reaching almost 18,000 during 2015.

A full summary of the State and national economy is far beyond the scope of this document.

COMPLIANCE AUDIT

As a recipient of federal, state and county assistance, the Town also is responsible for implementing and maintaining an adequate internal control structure in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. This internal control structure is subject to periodic evaluation by management and the Administrative Services Departmental staff of the Town. As a part of the Town's compliance audit, tests are made to determine the adequacy of the internal control structure, including that portion related to federal and state financial assistance programs, as well as to determine that the Town has complied with applicable laws and regulations. The auditor's procedures testing the Town's compliance with applicable financial laws and regulations and the Town's internal control system for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, resulted in no instances of material weaknesses in the internal control structure.

FUND BALANCE POLICY

The Town Council of the Town of Knightdale has determined that the Town should maintain an available fund balance between 25% and 40% of expenditures and interfund transfers in case of unforeseen needs or opportunities, in addition to meeting the cash flow needs of the Town. Available fund balance at year end less restricted cash in excess of 40% of expenditures and interfund transfers will be transferred to the General Capital Project - Capital Reserve Fund in the following fiscal year. In addition, the Town transfers the equivalent of \$0.02 of the total \$0.43 tax levy to the General Capital Project - Capital Reserve Fund each year to be set aside for future capital projects. For fiscal year 2015, the Town transferred \$274,287 from the General Fund to the General Capital Project - Capital Reserve Fund. Certain other revenues received from developers and motor vehicle licenses are also set aside in this fund for future capital improvements to streets, sidewalks and recreational facilities. The Town of Knightdale transferred \$706,993 from the Capital Reserve Fund to the General Fund and Capital Projects Funds during fiscal year 2015 for various construction projects and the payment of debt service expenditures. Over the past several years, the Town has accumulated a reserve of \$2,221,147 in the General Capital Projects - Capital Reserve Fund. Of this amount, \$233,000 is appropriated for capital projects in the fiscal year 2016 budget ordinance.

AWARDS AND OTHER INFORMATION

Independent Audit. The General Statutes of North Carolina require an independent financial audit of all local government units and public authorities in the State. Joyce and Company, CPA, the Town's independent certified public accountants, have examined the financial records of the Town and their opinion has been included in this report. Their examination was made in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and, accordingly, included such tests of the accounting records and such other auditing procedures, as they considered necessary in the circumstances. The auditor's report on the basic financial statements and combining and individual fund statements and schedules is included in the financial section of this report. The auditor's reports related specifically to the audit requirements of Government Auditing Standards and Single Audit requirements are included in the compliance section.

Management's Discussion and Analysis. The Management's discussion and analysis, contained on pages 21-34, contain more detailed information regarding the Town of Knightdale's financial statements.

Awards. The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Town of Knightdale for the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. This is the twenty-third (23rd) such certificate the Town has received. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a governmental unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, whose contents conform to program standards. Such reports must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is the highest form of recognition awarded in the field of governmental reporting. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for one year only. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement Program requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

A copy of the Fiscal Year 2015 budget should be considered a companion document to the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. The 2014-15 budget may be viewed through the town web site, listed below.

Acknowledgments. The preparation of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report was made possible by the dedicated service and cooperation of Joyce and Company, CPA and the Town of Knightdale's Administrative Services Department. We would like to extend a special thanks to Joyce and Company, CPA. All typesetting and page layout for this document was prepared using the Town's desktop publishing system.

Use Of the Report. The Government Finance Officers Association reports a growing awareness that the annual financial report should be management's report to its governing body, constituents, oversight bodies, resource providers, investors and creditors. We agree with this direction, and in keeping with our past practice, have made available a copy of this report to each of you, the various town departments, and bond rating agencies, the Local Government Commission, and such other financial institutions that have expressed an interest in the Town of Knightdale's financial affairs. A copy of this report is also being placed in the East Regional Library (Knightdale's branch of the Wake County public libraries) and the Knightdale Chamber of Commerce. The report may also be viewed from the Town's web site www.knightdalenc.gov.

Seth Lawless

Seth Lawless Town Manager Suzanne M. Yeatts

Suzanne M. Yeatts Administrative Services Director



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of
Achievement
for Excellence
in Financial
Reporting

Presented to

Town of Knightdale North Carolina

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2014

Executive Director/CEO

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA KEY ADMINISTRATIVE POSITIONS

as of June 30, 2015

Seth Lawless *Town Manager*

Suzanne Yeatts

Administrative Services Director

Lawrence Capps *Police Chief*

Tina Cheek
Parks & Recreation Director

Fred Boone
Public Works Director

Timothy Guffey *Fire Chief*

Chris Hills

Development Services Director

Joanna Gombatz

Accounting Operations Manager

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA BOARDS & COMMITTEES

Note the following boards are presented in summary only. For more information, please visit www.knightdalenc.gov

LAND USE REVIEW BOARD

- The Town Council appoints the Land Use Review Board members.
- The board develops plans for the orderly growth and development of Knightdale and its environs. Such plans set forth goals, objectives and policies designed to manage the quantity, type, cost, location, timing and quality of development and redevelopment in the Knightdale community. The board seeks to coordinate the activities of individuals and public or private agencies and organizations whose plans, activities and programs bear on the general development of the community, and formulates and recommends to the Town Council the adoption or amendment of ordinances that, in the opinion of the board will serve to promote the orderly development of the community in accordance with the comprehensive plan. The board reviews and makes recommendations to the Town Council on proposed plats of land subdivision, applications for special use permits, and proposed amendments to the zoning map, Unified Development Ordinance, Comprehensive Plan and Town Code of Ordinances; and conducts public hearings and hearings giving reasonable notice to the public thereof.
- The board initiates, promotes and assists in the implementation of programs for general community beautification within the town's planning jurisdiction; provides leadership and guidance in matters of community design and appearance to individuals and public or private agencies and organizations; and formulates and recommends to the Town Council the adoption or amendment of ordinances that will serve to enhance the appearance of the community.
- The board strives to conserve the town's natural beauty and visual character and charm by insuring that structures, signs and other improvements are properly related to their sites, and to surrounding sites and structures, with due regard to the aesthetic qualities of the natural terrain and landscaping, and that proper attention is given to the exterior appearance of structures, signs and other improvements.
- The board hears and decides appeals from any order, decision, requirement, or interpretation made by the land use administrator, applications for variances, questions involving interpretation of the zoning map and any other matters the board is required to act upon.

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA BOARDS & COMMITTEES (Continued)

PARKS AND RECREATION ADVISORY BOARD

- The Town Council appoints the Parks and Recreation Advisory Board members.
- The board serves in an advisory capacity to the Knightdale Parks and Recreation Department and the Knightdale Town Council regarding issues relating to the planning and coordination of recreational programs, parks and activities for the Knightdale community.

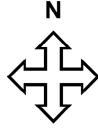
OLD TOWN ADVISORY COMMITTEE

- The Town Council appoints the Old Town Advisory Committee members.
- The committee serves in an advisory capacity to the Knightdale Development Services Department and Knightdale Town Council regarding issues affecting the downtown part of Knightdale.

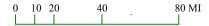
It is important to note that at different times during the year, the Town Council may determine that a board or committee should be formed to study a specific project or issue. Such body would work on the specific item and once the recommendation has been made, the group would dissolve.

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE





NORTH CAROLINA



HISTORY & DESCRIPTION OF THE TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE

As an incorporated town, Knightdale is a relative newcomer to Wake County and North Carolina history. However, the Knightdale community, which is an area that extends beyond the present day extraterritorial jurisdiction or ETJ, has a recorded heritage that dates back to the colonial era in American history. The following is intended to be general background information. Those seeking a more detailed history of Knightdale should contact the Knightdale Historical Society (www.knightdalehistoric.com).

In the year 1700, the Lords Proprietor of the Colony, wishing to know what lay in the interior of the land that was called Carolina, hired a young man named John Lawson to explore this vast unknown land. Starting in an area near present day Charleston, South Carolina, Lawson began a trek that covered roughly 1,000 miles through the heart of the Carolina Colony. According to his diary, which was published in England in 1709, Lawson passed through this area sometime in February of 1701. His diary records a meeting with fierce Tuscarora Indians on the banks of the Neuse River.

Somehow, an accord was reached with the Tuscarora which allowed Lawson to continue his exploration. Lawson is thought to be the first European to explore this part of North Carolina.

During the eighteenth century, people began to be interested in acquiring land in this new frontier. After receiving the report from Lawson, the King of England decided that the time had come to apportion these lands to willing settlers. Around 1730, John Hinton left his home and headed west, finally settling in what would one day be called Knightdale. This hardy woodsman erected the first dwelling built by a white man in the Knightdale area. Although the land that was granted to Hinton extended to what is now Clayton, North Carolina, Hinton settled in an area near the Neuse River, not far from where Hodge Road and Old Faison Road now intersect.

In time more settlers became attracted to this area. As more people moved here, the need for some sort of local government arose. The colonial government appointed Hinton to be the Justice of the Peace for Craven County--Hinton's land at this time was in Craven County. After forming Johnston County out of Craven County in the 1750's, the colonial government looked to Hinton to organize a militia. Given the rank of colonel, Hinton formed a small band of militiamen to serve at the wishes of the royal governor in New Bern, North Carolina. Aside from serving as the local police, this militia saw no action until after the County had been divided again. In 1771, Wake County was carved out of Johnston County.

When the American Revolution began, Hinton switched his allegiances to the patriot side. Hinton was called on again to serve as a military leader. Hinton played a key role in the first battle of the American Revolution fought on North Carolina soil. This battle of Moore's Creek Bridge was fought in February of 1776. Not long after the battle, Hinton was chosen as a delegate to the Fourth Provincial Congress. This Congress passed a resolution known as the Halifax Resolve. Thomas Jefferson used this document as part of the basis for the Declaration of Independence. Thus, the area that we plan for today played a role in the formation of our nation. Three of the seven Hinton plantations in the Knightdale area are still intact.

HISTORY & DESCRIPTION OF THE TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE (Continued)

These plantations were The Oaks, Midway, and Beaver Dam.

After independence, the people of this area went about making a living on the land. Local farmers successfully grew tobacco and cotton. Although not as prominent in this area as the Deep South, slavery nonetheless had a foothold in the Knightdale area. Many of these slaves are buried in unmarked grave plots throughout the Knightdale area. Although documentation of gravesites has been lost, the burials remain a significant part of the Knightdale landscape.

As the long and devastating Civil War ended in 1865, many armies traversed this area. The Clay Hill and Midway Plantations saw the greatest damage. According to family tradition, the Hinton's actually buried some of their family treasure to keep it out of the hands of the Union forces. After the Civil War, the residents of this area began to rebuild. During this time, the City of Raleigh saw a tremendous population boom. As a result, Wake County redrew the map of the county and divided it into Townships. The area that became Knightdale was located in St. Matthew's Township, where it still is today. More and more people also found their way to this area.

RECENT HISTORY

The Town of Knightdale came about as people began to congregate in an area within the St. Matthew's Township of Wake County, North Carolina. For many years the area was a crossroads served only by a post office. Most of the people in the area were farmers who grew a variety of crops. Although many farmers grew corn and other vegetables, the gold leaf, tobacco, reigned supreme as the area's main cash crop. Tobacco helped to unite the little hamlet, bringing people together in a common bond.

Near the end of the nineteenth century, many citizens of this area saw the need to establish a town. One of these people was Mr. Henry Haywood Knight. Mr. Knight donated some of his vast land holdings in the area to the Norfolk and Southern Railroad Company in the hopes that a railroad would come to the area. The railroad would provide freight and passenger service, and would facilitate the incorporation of the community. Mr. Knight did not live to see the railroad in Knightdale. Not long after his death in 1904, the railroad finally came to the community that would bear his name.

After the coming of the railroad and the depot, life and commerce in this area began to move at a faster pace. The railroad moved timber and farm products to the market and moved people to Raleigh. As the need for more railroad workers increased, Norfolk and Southern moved many families into the community to take care of the railroad. Many of the older homes in Knightdale were built specifically for the use of railroad workers and their families. The railroad stationmaster's house still exists today along the tracks on Railroad Street.

HISTORY & DESCRIPTION OF THE TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE (Continued)

As the community grew so did the demand for services. Knightdale's first medical doctor, James Roberts Hester, moved to the community in 1910. The new town also had the need for dry goods and hardware. To fill this need, families, like the Robertson's who opened a store on First Avenue, built businesses along the primary streets in town. From these stores people bought and sold goods. Along this same time, a bank opened its doors. As a result of the increased activity, Knightdale received its articles of official incorporation from the North Carolina Legislature on March 9, 1927. The first Mayor was Bennett L. Wall. The aldermen were N.G. House, J.F. Keith, L.A. Doub, J.T. Ramsey, and C.L. Robertson.

After incorporation, many businesses moved into town, including a farmer's cooperative, a barbershop, and several small grills. Robertson's remained the anchor of the business community. Despite the growth, Knightdale continued to suffer from not having a municipal water system. This shortfall came to a head in 1940. In the early morning hours of February 7, 1940, a fire swept through downtown Knightdale.

Virtually the entire town turned out to fight the flames that engulfed Robertson's and threatened the entire downtown business district. The citizens formed bucket brigades to try to halt the fire, but to no avail. The fire was not brought under control until trained firefighters arrived from Raleigh with an adequate water supply. This effort arrived too late to save Robertson's and several other businesses and homes. Soon after the fire, the people of Knightdale went about rebuilding their once proud downtown business district.

Helped along by the baby boom following World War II, the population of Knightdale grew at a steady pace, but Knightdale retained its small town atmosphere. The corner drugstore, the bank, and the barbershop on First Avenue not only served as places of business, but places for social gatherings. Movies were often shown on the wall of the old bank building, which is located at the intersection of First Avenue and Main Street. In 1952 a municipal water system was installed. The Knightdale Volunteer Fire Department was established in 1953.

As the importance of the railroad diminished in the lives of the people of Knightdale, the importance of the car increased. Since the 1960's, new businesses in Knightdale have located along major roadways, primarily U.S. 64, which was widened to four lanes in 1970's. Between 1990 and 2000 Knightdale's population increased from 1,884 to more than 5,958 residents, making it the thirteenth fastest growing town in North Carolina in that time frame. Although Knightdale's current population has grown to an estimated 13,102, the people and events in Knightdale's history have left a lasting imprint in the cultural, architectural, and physical landscape of this area.

HISTORY & DESCRIPTION OF THE TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE (Continued)

OTHER INFORMATION

In May 2006, the Town of Knightdale and the City of Raleigh merged the two municipal water and wastewater systems in order to stabilize water and sewer rates for the citizens of Knightdale and to further ensure the supply of water to the Town. In exchange for taking title to the assets of Knightdale's utility system, the City of Raleigh agreed to fund an expansion of the Knightdale utility system. The estimated cost of the infrastructure expansion and upgrades is approximately \$25 million over a three year period. The utility funds presented in these financial statements exist to coordinate the collection of fees due to the City of Raleigh and the completion of a capital project. Other utilities provided throughout the Town are natural gas, electricity, telephone, television, and internet by investor owned utilities.

The Town, in conjunction with other civic organizations, offers the youth an opportunity to participate in basketball, baseball, football and soccer. Knightdale Community Park and Harper Park consists of lighted tennis courts and playground equipment. Five elementary schools, one middle school and two high schools are located in the community. The Parks & Recreation Department also hosts an annual Easter Egg Hunt, an Arbor Day Festival, Community Day, July 4th Celebration and the Christmas Parade. In July 2010, the Town purchased 73 acres of land adjacent to the historic downtown business district for the construction of a new park for the citizens of Knightdale. The grand opening of Knightdale Station Park was held on September 19, 2013. Phase II of the park has been completed during 2015 and Phase III is underway. The Mingo Creek Greenway was completed during 2014. This paved bicycle and walking trail connects Knightdale to trails in Raleigh and other communities in Wake County. The Knightdale Pool is also popular with the residents during the summer months. This location also contains a club house that may be rented for events.

The Town adopted the Council-Manager form of government in 1979. Legislative and policy making authority rests with a Mayor and a five member Town Council. The Mayor is elected every four years and the Council Members serve four year staggered terms. Elections are non-partisan and held during odd numbered years. The Town Council and Mayor appoint the Town Manager to carry out its policies, as well as to manage and direct the daily operation of the Town.

DEMOGRAPHICS

The Town of Knightdale is located in eastern Wake County. The Town's population is 13,102 per the latest State Office of Budget and Management estimate, while Wake County has an estimated population of 985,310. In 2015 the median family income in Knightdale was projected to be \$71,066. The Wake County unemployment rate as of June 2015 was 5.0%. The average temperature is 60 degrees and the annual rainfall is 45 inches. The Town's land area consists of 6.90 square miles. The Town of Knightdale maintains 48.33 miles of hard-surface streets in the city limits according to the Town Public Works Department.

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA RESPONSIBILITIES OF TOWN GOVERNMENT

TOWN MANAGER'S OFFICE

The Town Manager's Office, under the Council-Manager form of government, supports the role of the Town Manager in implementing the policy decisions of the Council. The Town Manager is appointed by the Town Council and is responsible for the performance of all Town departments. The function of the Town Manager is to carry out the policies of the Town Council, the day-to-day management of the Town, the preparation of the Annual Operating Budget, interacting with citizens and local businesses, and involvement with community groups, such as the East Wake Education Foundation, East Wake TV and the East Wake Business Alliance. This department includes the Town Manager and Communications Director.

ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES

The Administrative Services Department consists of four divisions: General or Finance, Human Resources, Information Technology, and Legislative. Within those four divisions, there are eight employees: Administrative Services Director/Town Clerk, Human Resources Manager, Finance Officer, Accounting Operations Manager, Purchasing Agent, IT Administrator, Accounting Technician, and Customer Service Clerk.

The General/Finance division responsibilities include administering all financial affairs of the Town including accounting, budgeting, purchasing, payroll, billing and collections. Human Resources is responsible for the recruitment and selection of Town employees, position classification and compensation, employee recognition, personnel policy management, benefits administration, and workers' compensation. The Information Technology division provides technology solutions, services and support to all departments. The Legislative division includes the Town Clerk's office whose primary functions are custodian of records and clerk to the governing board. This division also houses the Mayor and five Council members.

DEVELOPMENT SERVICES

The Development Services Department is responsible for all planning and development for the Town by facilitating sustainable growth and promoting balance of the built and natural environment through professional guidance, community involvement and equitable enforcement. Staffing for Development Services includes the Development Services Director, 2 Senior Planners, a Code Enforcement Officer/Planner, Planning Technician, and a Development Services Engineer.

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA RESPONSIBILITIES OF TOWN GOVERNMENT (Continued)

PUBLIC SAFETY

Public Safety consists of two separate departments: Fire and Police.

The Fire Department is made up of ten full-time employees including the Fire Chief, 3 Captains, 3 Lieutenants, and 3 Firefighters and is supplemented with limited service (part-time) firefighters as well as volunteers. The Fire Department's mission is to build partnership with the community in an effort to provide fire suppression and prevention in order to promote safety and security.

The Knightdale Police Department is guided by its mission, "To ensure the safety and security of all who live, work and visit the Town of Knightdale through professional policing and community partnerships." This mission is supplemented by the agency's core values of professionalism, respect, integrity, dedication, and ethical conduct. There are currently 27 sworn employees and 2 civilian members serving in the department. The agency's Command Staff is comprised of the Chief of Police, two Division Captains, and a civilian Administrative Division Manager. Four Lieutenants and 4 Sergeants are responsible for the department's frontline supervision. Two Detectives are tasked with investigating serious criminal offenses, and the department's day to day operations are anchored by 14 Officers, including a School Resource Officer, 2 Traffic Officers and 2 K-9 Officers. Records management and clerical functions are performed by a civilian Administrative Assistant.

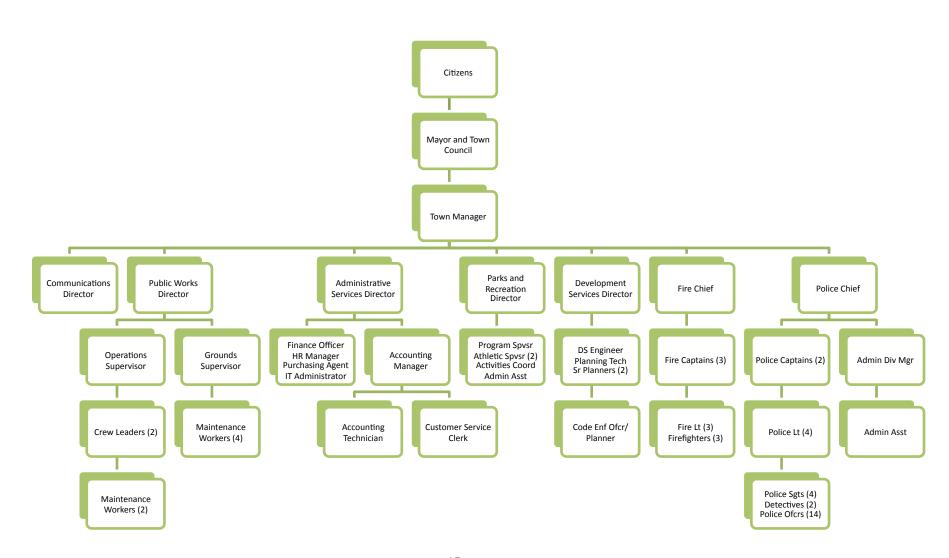
PUBLIC WORKS

The Public Works Department consists of 2 divisions: Operations and Grounds. There are 11 employees including the Public Works Director, Operations Supervisor, Grounds Maintenance Supervisor, 2 Crew Leaders, and 6 Maintenance Workers. Their responsibilities include administration of Town projects, storm water, street, vehicle, and building maintenance as well as landscaping and maintenance of all town property.

PARKS AND RECREATION

The focus of the Parks and Recreation Department is enhancing the quality of life for citizens by providing a variety of passive and active leisure opportunities including a system of parks, greenways, recreation facilities, open space areas, adult and youth instructional and athletic programs, youth day camps, swimming programs. The department consists of a Parks and Recreation Director, Recreation Program Supervisor, Athletic Supervisor, Recreation Activities Coordinator, and an Administrative Assistant.

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA ORGANIZATIONAL CHART FOR FISCAL YEAR 2015





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This section includes the independent auditor's report, the management discussion and analysis, the basic financial statements (government-wide and fund financial statements), notes to financial statements and required supplemental information other than management discussion and analysis (budget to actual comparison of major governmental funds and pension schedules).

FINANCIAL SECTION



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104 Brady Court, Cary, North Carolina 27511 Phone 919-466-0946 Fax 919-466-0947

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Knightdale, North Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Knightdale, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation of the financial statements.

Members: American Institute of Certified Public Accountants North Carolina Association of Certified Public Accountants

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, based on our audit, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Knightdale, North Carolina as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where appropriate, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance's, the Other Postemployment Benefits' Schedules of Funding Progress and Schedules of Employer Contributions and the Local Government Employees' Retirement System's Schedules of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset and Contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a required part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the Town of Knightdale, North Carolina. The combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules, as well as the accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards as required by U.S. Office and Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of State and Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations and the State Single Audit Implementation Act, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying

accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, the combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards, and other schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 16, 2015 on our consideration of the Town of Knightdale's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants agreements, and other matters. The purpose of the report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Town of Knightdale's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Joyce and Company, CPA

Cary, North Carolina

November 16, 2015



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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the Town of Knightdale, we offer readers of the Town of Knightdale's comprehensive annual financial report this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town of Knightdale for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. Readers are encouraged to read the information presented here in conjunction with the transmittal letter located on pages 1-5 of this report and additional information that we have furnished in the Town's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of the Town of Knightdale exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$50,473,018 (net position).
- The Town's total net position increased over the course of this year's operations by \$2,549,081 (5.32%). Net assets for business-type activities decreased \$467 (.66%). The net assets related to governmental activities increased \$2,549,548 (5.33%).
- Knightdale no longer owns nor operates the water and sewer utility system in the Town. Knightdale has chosen to maintain the water and sewer proprietary funds because of the internal controls inherent with these funds. Knightdale now collects water and sewer fees and charges on behalf of the City of Raleigh. Amounts collected on behalf of Raleigh are remitted to the City of Raleigh by the middle of the following month.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town of Knightdale's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$10,564,512 with a net change of \$291,088 in fund balance. Approximately 29.50% of this total amount, or \$3,116,414 is non spendable or restricted.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$5,438,398 or 48.75% of total general fund expenditures (including transfers to other funds) for the fiscal year. The Town Council's policy is that this ratio should be between 25% and 40%.
- Fund balance available for appropriation is specified in NC General Statute 159-8(a) and does include amounts which are limited in purpose. The fund balance available for appropriation in the General Fund as of June 30, 2015 was \$6,221,475 or 55.77% of the General Fund's expenditures, transfers out and adjusted for debt financed expenditures.
- The Town of Knightdale's current debt due within one year for general obligation and installment notes (\$1,584,052) increased \$75,370 during the current fiscal year. Of this amount, the City of Raleigh will transfer \$349,130 to the Town to fund water and sewer debt which could not legally be transferred to Raleigh in the utility merger.
- The Town of Knightdale's total debt decreased by \$1,308,770 (9.28%) during the current fiscal year.
- The Town of Knightdale maintained its bond ratings of AA, A2, and 82 with Standard and Poor's, Moody's, and the North Carolina Municipal Council respectively.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the Town of Knightdale's basic financial statements. This annual report consists of four components: 1) management's discussion and analysis (this section), 2) government-wide financial statements, 3) fund financial statements, and 4) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the Town through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the Town of Knightdale.

Figure 1 **Required Components of Annual Financial Report** Required **Basic** Management's **Supplementary Financial** Discussion and Information **Statements Analysis** Government-wide Fund Notes to the **Financial** Financial **Financial Statements Statements Statements SUMMARY DETAIL**

Basic Financial Statements

- The first two statements (Exhibits 1 and 2) in the basic financial statements are **Government-wide Financial Statements.** They provide both long-term and short-term information about the Town's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements (Exhibit 3 through 8) are **Fund Financial Statements.** These statements focus on the activities of individual parts of the Town's government, reporting the Town's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements. There are three parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; 2) the budgetary comparison statements; and 3) the proprietary fund statements.
 - The *governmental funds* statements tell how *general government* services like public safety were financed in the *short term* as well as what remains for future spending.
 - * Proprietary fund statements offer short- and long-term financial information about the activities the government operates like businesses.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those financial statements. The statements are followed by a section of *required supplementary information* that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Supplemental information is provided to show details about the Town's individual funds. Budgetary information required by the North Carolina General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements. Figure 1 shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and relate to one another. Figure 2 summarizes the major features of the Town's financial statements, including the portion of the Town government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Figure 2

Major Features of the Town of Knightdale's Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

		Fund St	atements
	Government-wide Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds
Scope	Entire Town government	The activities of the Town that are not proprietary, such as public safety and parks.	Activities the Town operates similar to private businesses; the water and sewer system.
Required financial statements	Statement of net positionStatement of activities	 Balance sheet Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance 	 Statement of net position Statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position Statement of cash flows
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short term and long term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter, no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short term and long term
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report) are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Town's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the Town's financial status as a whole. The statement of net position includes *all* of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the Town's *net position* and how it has changed. Net position is the difference between the Town's total assets and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the Town's financial health, or condition.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the Town's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the Town, additional non financial factors such as changes in the Town's property tax rate and the condition of the Town's roads should be considered.

The government-wide financial statements of the Town are divided into two categories:

- Governmental activities Most of the Town's basic services are included here, such as the police, fire, public works, parks and recreation departments, and general administration. Property taxes, local option sales taxes, and state and federal grant funds finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities During fiscal year 2006, the Town's water and sewer system was merged with the City of Raleigh's utility system. More thorough information is included under "BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES" and "FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWN'S FUNDS" later in this document. These funds are maintained as internal controls for the fees and charges collected on behalf of Raleigh and debt payments which could not legally be assumed by the City of Raleigh.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements (Exhibits 3-8) provide more detailed information about the Town's most significant activities - not the Town as a whole. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that the Town uses to maintain control over specific sources of funding and spending that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Knightdale, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the Town's budget ordinance. All of the funds of the Town of Knightdale can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the Town's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on (1) how *cash and other* financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting which provides a short-term spending focus. Consequently, the governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed *short-term* view that helps you determine whether there are more or less financial resources available that can be spent in the near future to finance the Town's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is part of the fund financial statements.

The Town of Knightdale adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the Town, the management of the Town, and the decisions of the Council about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the Town to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the Town complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the Town succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the Council; 2) the final budget as amended by the Council; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges.

Proprietary Funds - Services for which the Town charges customers a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds, like the government-wide statements, provide both long- and short-term financial information. *Enterprise Funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Town of Knightdale uses an enterprise fund to account for its water and sewer activity. This fund is the same as those functions shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

Notes to the Financial Statements - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements are located on pages 55-88 of this report.

Other Information - In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain required supplementary information concerning the Town of Knightdale's progress in funding its obligations to provide pension and other postemployment benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found beginning on page 90 of this report.

Interdependence with Other Entities: The Town depends on financial resources flowing from, or associated with, both the Federal Government and the State of North Carolina. Because of this dependency, the Town is subject to changes in specific flows of intergovernmental revenues based on modifications to Federal and State laws and Federal and State appropriations. It is also subject to changes in investment earnings and asset values associated with U.S. Treasury Securities because of actions by foreign government and other holders of publicly held U.S. Treasury Securities.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Figure 3
Town of Knightdale's Net Position

	Goverr	Busines	ss-Type			
	Activ	/ities	Activ	/ities	To	tal
- -	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014
Current and other assets	\$13,032,216	\$12,816,357	\$ 1,355,339	\$ 1,719,002	\$14,387,555	\$14,535,359
Capital assets	54,320,512	52,916,314	-	-	54,320,512	52,916,314
Deferred Outflows of resources	274,191	-	-	=	274,191	-
Total assets and						
deferred outflows of resource	67,626,919	65,732,671	1,355,339	1,719,002	68,982,258	67,451,673
Long-term liabilities outstanding	12,455,494	13,169,090	910,632	1,259,821	13,366,126	14,428,911
Other liabilities	3,492,414	3,906,123	374,407	388,414	3,866,821	4,294,537
Deferred inflows of resources	1,276,293	77,661	-	-	1,276,293	77,661
Total liabilities and						
deferred inflows of resources	17,224,201	17,152,874	1,285,039	1,648,235	18,509,240	18,801,109
Net position:						
Invested in capital assets,						
net of related debt	42,796,062	41,680,758	-	_	42,796,062	41,680,758
Restricted	3,020,044	4,253,275	-	=	3,020,044	4,253,275
Unrestricted	4,586,612	2,645,764	70,300	70,767	4,656,912	2,716,531
Total net position	\$50,402,718	\$48,579,797	\$ 70,300	\$ 70,767	\$50,473,018	\$48,650,564

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets and deferred outflows of the Town of Knightdale exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$50,473,018 as of June 30, 2015. The Town's net position increased by \$1,822,454 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. However, the largest portion (84.79%) reflects the Town's net investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, and equipment); less any related debt still outstanding that was issued to acquire those items. The Town of Knightdale uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town of Knightdale's net investment in its capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the Town of Knightdale's net position, \$3,020,044 (5.98%), represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$4,656,912 (9.23%) is unrestricted and may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. The following items also affected the financial position of the Town.

- Wake County bills and collects all property tax due to the Town of Knightdale. The percent of net levy collected for the year was 99.90%, increasing from 99.21% in the prior year. The statewide average tax collection percentage is 95.83%.
- The Town's assessed value at year end (\$1,423,097,907) grew 1.94% as compared to fiscal year 2014 values. The Town continues to benefit from construction of new homes, apartments and retail establishments. Property tax collections were up 2.13%.
- The property tax rate remained the same in fiscal year 2015 at \$0.43 per \$100 of assessed property value.
- Local option sales tax revenues increased by \$212,135 (9.48%) mainly due to improvement in the local economy of Wake County and an increase in Knightdale's population which is used by the State of North Carolina Department of Revenue to distribute sales tax revenue among the various towns in Wake County. Knightdale's estimated population increased from 12,340 to 13,102.
- Total Governmental Fund expenditures decreased by \$1,285,486 (8.58%) during fiscal year 2015 primarily due to the completion of major capital projects or a large portion of such (street and sidewalk improvements on Smithfield Road and Main Street, Mingo Creek Greenway Improvements, and a second phase of Knightdale Station Park).
- Debt service expenditures in the General Fund increased by \$226,437 in fiscal year 2015.

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

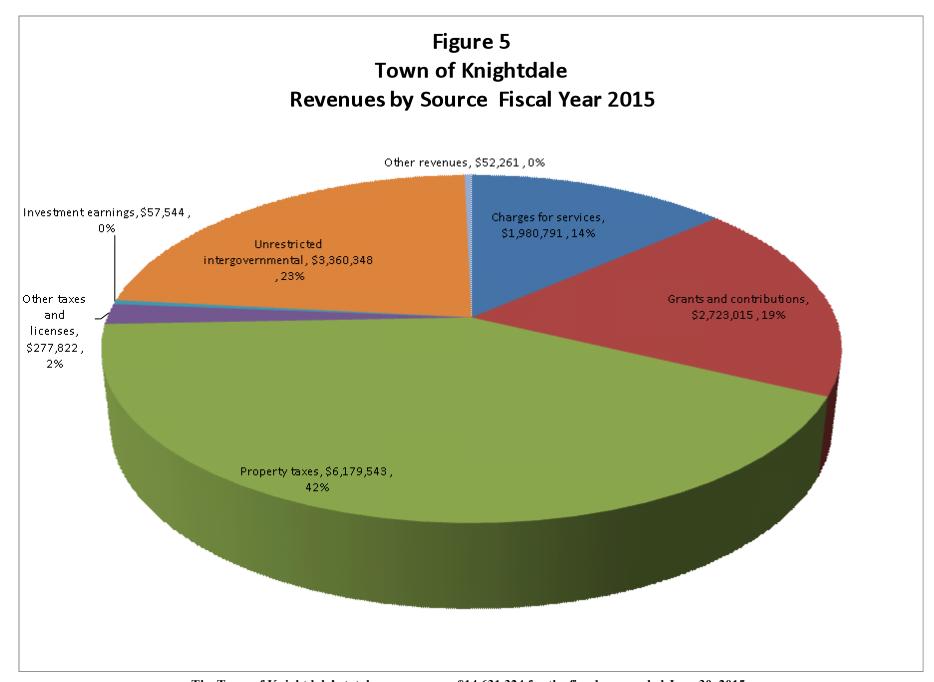
Governmental activities increased the Town's net position by \$2,549,548, thereby accounting for all of the total growth in net position of the Town of Knightdale. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

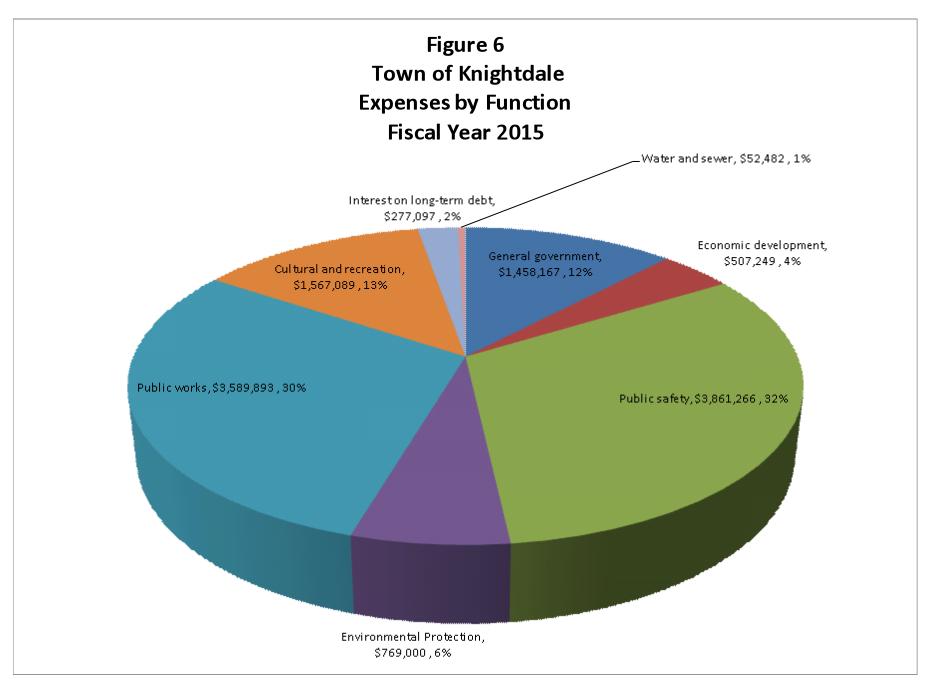
Revenues-Governmental Activities

- Ad Valorem Taxes make up 42% of the governmental activity revenue and have traditionally been the single most important revenue source for funding local government operations. Property taxes are expected, over the long term, to remain one of the top two revenue sources for the Town. The Town's tax rate during fiscal year 2015 was 43 cents with an assessed value of \$1,423,097,907 (per Wake County tax report). Knightdale's tax base grew 1.94% from fiscal year 2014. The Town continues to experience commercial and residential growth. Wake County continues to act as a tax collector for the Town, with current year collections at 99.90%.
- Developers contributed \$850,248 of land, buildings and infrastructure improvements to the Town during the current fiscal year. While the infrastructure provided by the new development is a cost the Town avoids, the infrastructure is not a resource that can be used to retire financial obligations.
- Unrestricted intergovernmental revenue is also a large revenue source accounting for 23% of total governmental revenues. Local option sales tax accounts for a majority of this category. The sales tax is basically a tax on the retail sale or lease of tangible personal property. Although the Town does not levy these taxes, they share in the proceeds collected for Wake County, in which the Town is located. Intergovernmental revenues also include state collected reimbursements for franchise taxes, wine and beer tax and ABC profits.

Figure 4
Town of Knightdale Changes in Net Position

	Goverr	ıme	ntal	Busines	ss-T	уре			
	 Activ	/itie	es	Activ	/itie	s	To		
	2015		2014	2015		2014	2015		2014
Revenues:									
Program revenues:									
Charges for services	\$ 1,980,791	\$	1,604,229	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 1,980,791	\$	1,604,229
Operating grants and contributions	1,277,124		595,622	-		-	1,277,124		595,622
Capital grants and contributions	1,445,891		7,239,152	-		-	1,445,891		7,239,152
General revenues:									
Property taxes	6,179,543		6,042,731	-		=	6,179,543		6,042,731
Other taxes	277,822		326,641	-		-	277,822		326,641
Grants and contributions not restricted									
to specific programs	3,360,348		2,926,002	-		-	3,360,348		2,926,002
Unrestricted investment earnings	13,960		25,213	43,584		55,551	57,544		80,764
Other revenues	43,830		45,461	8,431		8,619	52,261		54,080
Total revenues	 14,579,309		18,805,051	52,015		64,170	14,631,324		18,869,221
Expenses:									
General government	1,458,167		1,706,307	-		-	1,458,167		1,706,307
Public safety	3,861,266		3,964,847	-		-	3,861,266		3,964,847
Transportation	3,589,893		2,481,115	-		-	3,589,893		2,481,115
Environmental protection	769,000		708,691	-		-	769,000		708,691
Economic and physical development	507,249		536,780	-		-	507,249		536,780
Cultural and recreational	1,567,089		1,238,780	-		-	1,567,089		1,238,780
Interest on long-term debt	277,097		331,372	-		-	277,097		331,372
Water and sewer	 			52,482		54,903	 52,482		54,903
Total expenses	 12,029,761		10,967,892	52,482		54,903	12,082,243		11,022,795
Change in net position	2,549,548		7,837,159	(467)		9,267	2,549,081		7,846,426
Net position, July 1	48,579,797		40,742,638	70,767		61,500	48,650,564		40,804,138
Prior period adjustment	 (726,627)			 			 (726,627)		-
Net position, June 30	\$ 50,402,718	\$	48,579,797	\$ 70,300	\$	70,767	\$ 50,473,018	\$	48,650,564





- Restricted intergovernmental revenues \$1,872,765 make up 12.80% of total governmental activities revenues. The Town received grants from the county and state for street and sidewalk projects, as well as smaller amounts from the Federal Emergency Management Agency and the US Department of Justice for public safety equipment.
- Powell Bill funds are generated from the State's Gasoline Tax. A certain percentage of this tax is returned to municipalities through a formula based on a Town's population and street mileage. These funds are limited to maintaining, repairing, construction, reconstruction, or widening of any street or public thoroughfare including bridges, drainage, curb and gutter, and other related needs. Powell Bill funding of \$339,319 increased 3.24% this year and is included in Operating Grants and Contributions.
- Charges for services, which include recreation, sanitation, storm water fees, permits and fees revenues, increased by \$376,562 (23.47%) this year. Effective July 1, 2012 the Town implemented a new storm water fee of \$2.00 per residential unit which generated \$351,527 in revenue during the current year. Sanitation fees increased by 4.19%. Development fees increased as the number of commercial building permits issued by the Development Services Department increased by 27.5% from the previous year.

Expenses-Governmental Activities

• The primary expenses are divided into eight different categories: General Government, Public Safety, Public Works, Environmental Protection, Economic Development, Cultural and Recreational, Capital Outlay and Debt Service.

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

Business-type activities decreased the Town of Knightdale's net position by \$467.

On May 1, 2006, the Town of Knightdale and the City of Raleigh merged the water and sewer systems. The financial information presented in the basic financial statements shows the residual "wrap up" work from settling accounts and debt service payments. Following are the key points to the merger and current operations.

- The Town of Knightdale cannot legally transfer the debt associated with the Water and Sewer Fund. As part of the merger agreement, the City of Raleigh will make periodic payments to the Town of Knightdale as debt service payments come due. The City of Raleigh carries an AAA bond rating.
- Knightdale accepts certain water and sewer fees from developers and builders. Depending on the nature of the fees, the money is either transferred to Raleigh on a monthly basis, held in reserve to fund infrastructure reimbursements to developers, or fund water and sewer line extensions to annexed areas.
- The City of Raleigh reimbursed the Town of Knightdale \$388,188 for debt service payments made during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.
- The Town of Knightdale remitted to the City of Raleigh \$2,293,710 in development fees collected on behalf of the City of Raleigh during fiscal year 2015.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWN'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the Town of Knightdale uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the Town of Knightdale's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town of Knightdale's financing requirements. Specifically, unassigned fund balance can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Town of Knightdale. At the end of the current fiscal year, Town of Knightdale's fund balance available in the General Fund was \$6,221,475, while total fund balance for the General Fund reached \$7,688,972. The Town Council of the Town of Knightdale has determined that the Town should maintain an available fund balance between 25% and 40% of General Fund expenditures and interfund transfers in case of unforeseen needs or opportunities, in addition to meeting the cash flow needs of the Town. The Town currently has an available fund balance of 55.77% of General Fund expenditures and transfers out adjusted for debt financed expenditures,

while total fund balance represents 68.93% of the same amount. This ratio is used by the Town Council for internal management purposes. Available Fund balance less restricted funds at year end in excess of 40% of expenditures and interfund transfers will be transferred to the General Capital Project Capital Reserve Fund in the following fiscal year.

At June 30, 2015, the governmental funds of the Town of Knightdale reported a combined fund balance of \$10,564,512, with a net increase in fund balance of \$291,088 (2.83%) over last year. Included in this change in fund balance are increases in the General Fund and Non-Major Funds. Fund balance in the General Capital Reserve Fund, Capital Projects Fund, and Streets and Sidewalks Capital Projects Fund decreased from the previous year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights-Fiscal Year 2015

During the fiscal year, the Town revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: (1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; (2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as Federal and State grants; and (3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services.

Property tax revenues increased 2.13% over the previous year, while sales tax revenues increased by 9.48%. The growth in sales tax revenue is due to a general improvement in the economy and the population growth of Knightdale and Wake County. Expenditures were held in check to comply with its budgetary requirements.

General Capital Projects – Capital Reserve Fund- Fiscal Year 2015

As of June 30, 2015, the General Capital Projects – Capital Reserve Fund had a fund balance of \$2,221,147. Of this amount \$844,215 is restricted for street improvement projects. The remaining balance is assigned or designated for future capital projects. During the current fiscal year, the fund balance decreased by \$158,368 due primarily to interfund transfers totaling \$706,993 to the General Fund and Capital Projects Funds for various construction projects. The General Fund transferred \$274,287 (representing \$0.02 of the current tax levy) to the General Capital Projects - Capital Reserve Fund during fiscal year 2015.

Proprietary Fund Highlights-Fiscal Year 2015

As discussed above, the Utility Fund shown in these financial statements is a shell of its former self. The Town of Knightdale does not maintain any water and sewer operations. The various funds are maintained for the internal controls they provide in collecting fees to be either remitted to Raleigh on a monthly basis, used to reimburse developers under previous developer agreements, or to fund water and sewer additions to newly annexed areas. In the final scenario, Knightdale is responsible for providing the infrastructure to newly annexed areas, but the City of Raleigh will take title to the lines once the project is complete. The budgeted amounts are presented on the modified accrual basis. Because Knightdale has no ownership of any of the revenues, they are eliminated in the conversion to full accrual.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The Town of Knightdale's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2015, totals \$54,320,512 net of accumulated depreciation and including construction in progress. These assets include land, buildings, machinery, equipment, roads and infrastructure, vehicles and park facilities. The Town does not retain any business-type capital assets. As discussed previously, all business-type capital assets were transferred to the City of Raleigh per merger agreement. Major capital asset transactions during the year include the following.

- The Town of Knightdale expended \$175,133, \$1,080,940, \$235,396, and \$1,072,149 on capital projects including the Mingo Creek Greenway, Knightdale Station Park, Main Street sidewalks, and for sidewalk and street improvement on Smithfield Road, respectively, during fiscal year 2015.
- The Town expended \$333,615 of Powell Bill funds to resurface Hinton Oaks Boulevard, Parkside Commons Drive, Lynnwood Road, and McKnight Drive.
- The Town expended \$271,963 for the purchase of new vehicles and equipment.

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in Note 3.A.3 of the Basic Financial Statements.

Long-term Debt

As of June 30, 2015, the Town of Knightdale had total bonded debt outstanding of \$4,260,001. This outstanding debt is backed by the full faith and credit of the Town. Of that total, \$1,080,790 is debt related to the utility system. The merger agreement with the City of Raleigh requires the City to make periodic transfers to Knightdale to fund these debt service payments. The remaining Town debt relates to installment purchase agreements for land, buildings, equipment and vehicles as well as payments to the Eastern Wake Volunteer Fire Dept for ad-valorem taxes on annexed property formerly located within the Eastern Wake Fire District. The Town of Knightdale's total debt decreased by \$1,308,770 (9.3%), during the past fiscal year, due to its ability to repay outstanding debt and only one small new issuance of debt in the amount of \$200,000 for vehicle and equipment purchases.

As mentioned in the financial highlights section of this document, the Town of Knightdale maintained its bonds ratings of AA, A2 and 82 with Standard and Poor's, Moody's, and the North Carolina Municipal Council, respectively. This bond rating is a clear indication of the sound financial condition of the Town of Knightdale. This is a primary factor in keeping interest costs low on the Town's outstanding debt.

North Carolina general statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue to 8% of the total assessed value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries. The legal debt margin for the Town of Knightdale is \$102,318,206, which is well above the Town's current total debt outstanding.

Additional information regarding the Town of Knightdale's long-term debt can be found in the Note 3.B.5 of this report.

Figure 7
Town of Knightdale's Capital Assets
(net of depreciation)

		mental ⁄ities
	2015	2014
Land and improvements Construction in progress Streets and infrastructure Building Other improvements Intangibles	\$13,408,610 \$ 234,760 \$25,743,280 \$ 3,219,703 \$11,030,637 \$ 43,531	\$12,996,564 5,254,670 25,278,492 3,411,197 5,242,083 63,796
Equipment Vehicles and motorized equipment	\$ 248,600 \$ 391,392	227,194 442,318
Total	\$54,320,513	\$52,916,314

Figure 8
Town of Knightdale's Long-Term Debt

	Govern	nmental	Busines	ss-Type				
	Activ	/ities	Activ	/ities	Total			
	2015 2014			2014	2015	2014		
General obligation bonds	\$ 3,179,211	\$ 3,436,842	\$ 1,080,790	\$ 1,253,158	\$ 4,260,001	\$ 4,690,000		
Installment purchase agreements	8,345,239	9,046,758	178,972	351,207	8,524,211	9,397,965		
Eastern Wake Volunteer Fire Dept.	5,177	10,194			5,177	10,194		
Total outstanding debt	\$11,529,627	\$12,493,794	\$ 1,259,762	\$ 1,604,365	\$12,789,389	\$14,098,159		

RESTRICTED FUNDS

The Police Department received \$2,147 in restricted revenue and controlled substance taxes this year as the Town's share of drug money seized during police activity. As of June 30, 2015, the Town has \$35,904 reserved for drug enforcement and police purposes. The money will be used to purchase necessary equipment and support anti-drug activity. The Fire Department received \$6,144 distribution for the Firemen's Relief Fund from the NC Dept of Insurance. The accumulated funds totaling \$34,458 are available to provide immediate relief to firemen or their families in the event of a firefighting injury. These restricted funds totaling \$70,362 are shown as fund balance reserved for public safety in the General Fund.

NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET'S HIGHLIGHTS & ECONOMIC FACTORS

- Tax Rate for fiscal year 2016 remains the same at \$0.43 per \$100 of assessed value.
- No cost of living adjustment for Town employees was included in fiscal year 2016 budget.
- Sanitation fees for residential customers remain the same at \$13.33 per month.
- Water and sewer rates billed by the City of Raleigh were increased by 6%.
- Storm water fees remained the same at \$2.00 per month for each residential equivalent unit (ERU = 2,200 square feet).
- Fiscal year 2016 capital improvement budget includes funding for street lights along Knightdale Boulevard, street improvements, as well as continued work on the future phase of Knightdale Station Park.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This report is designated to provide an overview of the Town's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Administrative Services Director, Town of Knightdale, 950 Steeple Square Court, Knightdale, N.C. 27545.



December 5, 2014 Tree Lighting at Knightdale Station Park



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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2015

EXHIBIT 1 Page 1 of 2

	Governmental Activities	Business Type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,613,514	\$ 2,301	\$ 8,615,815
Restricted cash	1,696,265	-	1,696,265
Receivables:			
Taxes	79,209	-	79,209
Accounts	104,428	93,276	197,704
Notes-current	-	349,130	349,130
Due from other governments	2,042,202	· -	2,042,202
Prepaid expenses	9,526	-	9,526
Total current assets	12,545,144	444,707	12,989,851
Non-current assets:			
Net pension asset	487,072	_	487,072
Note receivable-noncurrent	107,072	910,632	910,632
Note receivable noneutrent	487,072	910,632	1,397,704
Capital assets:			1,557,70
Land, improvements and construction in progress	13,643,369	-	13,643,369
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	40,677,143	-	40,677,143
Total capital assets	54,320,512	-	54,320,512
Total assets	\$ 67,352,728	\$ 1,355,339	\$ 68,708,067
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Contributions to pension plan in current fiscal year	274,191	-	274,191

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2015

EXHIBIT 1

Page 2 of 2 Governmental Business-type Activities Activities Total LIABILITIES Accounts payable and accrued expenses 1,766,633 \$ 22,847 1,789,480 Accrued interest 257,291 2,430 259,721 Due within one year: Compensated absences 233,568 233,568 Bonds and notes payable 1,234,922 349,130 1,584,052 Due in more than one year: Compensated absences 62,591 62,591 Net pension obligation 410,861 410,861 Net other postemployment benefits obligation 1,687,337 1,687,337 910,632 Bonds and notes payable 10,294,705 11,205,337 Total liabilities 15,947,908 1,285,039 17,232,947 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Prepaid taxes and grant proceeds 43.504 43.504 Pension deferrals 1,232,789 1,232,789 Total deferred inflows of resources 1,276,293 1,276,293 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 42,796,062 42,796,062 Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute 1,457,971 1,457,971 Restricted for Powell Bill 450,545 450,545 Restricted for public safety 70,362 70,362 Restricted for loan covenant 199.540 199,540 Restricted for streets 844,215 844,215 Restricted for Storm Water 5,281 5,281 4,578,742 4,649,042 Unrestricted 70,300 Total net position 50,402,718 70,300 50,473,018

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For The Year Ended June 30, 2015

EXHIBIT 2

EXHIBIT 2			Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position							
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total					
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS												
Governmental activities												
General government	\$ 1,458,167	\$ 300,127	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (1,158,040)	\$ -	\$ (1,158,040)					
Public safety	3,861,266	=	84,564	=	(3,776,702)	=	(3,776,702)					
Transportation	3,589,893	97,420	1,137,405	1,085,891	(1,269,177)	=	(1,269,177)					
Environmental protection	769,000	1,043,007	=	-	274,007	=	274,007					
Economic and physical development	507,249	-	55,155	-	(452,094)	-	(452,094)					
Cultural and recreational	1,567,089	540,237	-	360,000	(666,852)	-	(666,852)					
Interest on long-term debt	277,097				(277,097)		(277,097)					
Total governmental activities	12,029,761	1,980,791	1,277,124	1,445,891	(7,325,955)	<u> </u>	(7,325,955)					
Business-type activities												
Water and sewer	52,482			<u> </u>		(52,482)	(52,482)					
TOTAL	\$ 12,082,243	\$ 1,980,791	\$ 1,277,124	\$ 1,445,891	(7,325,955)	(52,482)	(7,378,437)					
	General revenues											
	Taxes:											
		, levied for general pur	rposes		6,179,543	-	6,179,543					
	Other taxes an				277,822	-	277,822					
		butions not restricted t	o specific programs		3,360,348	=	3,360,348					
	Unrestricted inve	stment earnings			13,960	43,584	57,544					
	Miscellaneous				39,593	8,431	48,024					
	_	on of capital assets			4,237		4,237					
	Total general revenu	es			9,875,503	52,015	9,927,518					
	Change in Net	Position			2,549,548	(467)	2,549,081					
	Net Position-beginni	ng, as previously repo	rted		48,579,797	70,767	48,650,564					
	Restatement				(726,627)		(726,627)					
	Net Position-beginni	ng, restated			47,853,170	70,767	47,923,937					
	Net Position-ending				\$ 50,402,718	\$ 70,300	\$ 50,473,018					

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2015

EXHIBIT 3			N	lonmajor							
			General		General		treets and	Storm Water		Total	
		Capital Project			Capital		walks Capital		Special	Go	overnmental
	General	Ca	pital Reserve		Projects		Projects	Revenue Fund			Funds
Page 1 of 2											
ASSETS											
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,822,277	\$	1,376,932	\$	303,583	\$	-	\$	110,722	\$	8,613,514
Restricted cash	759,925		844,215		· -		-		92,125		1,696,265
Receivables:											
Taxes	79,209		-		-		-		-		79,209
Accounts	98,852		-		-		-		5,576		104,428
Due from other funds	187,600		-		-		-		-		187,600
Due from other governments	1,105,762		-		574,771		315,328		46,341		2,042,202
Prepaid expenditures	9,526		-		-		-		-		9,526
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 9,063,151	\$	2,221,147	\$	878,354	\$	315,328	\$	254,764	\$	12,732,744

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2015

EXHIBIT 3			Nonmajor						
				General	General				Total
	General			tal Project al Reserve	Capital Projects	Sid	lewalks Capital Projects	Special Revenue Fund	Governmental Funds
	General		Сарп	ai Reserve	Projects		Projects	Revenue runa	runus
Page 2 of 2									
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES									
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable	\$	1,051,930	\$	-	\$ 385,189	\$	208,671	\$ 5,419	\$ 1,651,209
Accrued salaries		113,825						1,599	115,424
Due to other funds		1 165 755		-	205 106		187,600	7.010	187,600
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,165,755		-	385,189	-	396,271	7,018	1,954,233
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Property taxes receivable		79,209		-			-	-	79,209
Prepaid taxes and licenses		4,026		-			-	-	4,026
Accounts receivable		85,711		-			-	5,575	91,286
Prepaid grants		39,478		-					39,478
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		208,424		-				5,575	213,999
FUND BALANCES									
Nonspendable									
Prepaid expenditures		9,526		-			-	-	9,526
Storm Water		-		-			-	86,844	86,844
Restricted									
Stabilization by State Statute		1,457,971		-			-	-	1,457,971
Streets - Powell Bill funds		450,545		-			-	-	450,545
Public safety		70,362		-			-	-	70,362
Streets - payment in lieu of street improvements		-		844,215			-	-	844,215
Storm Water		100.540		-	•		-	5,281	5,281
Debt service		199,540		-			-	-	199,540
Assigned Subsequent year's expenditures		70,500							70,500
Recreation		70,300		29,862			_	-	29,862
Storm Water		_		27,002			_	150,046	150,046
Capital Projects Fund		_		1,347,070	493,165		_	130,040	1,840,235
Unassigned		5,430,528		-,517,070	173,100		(80,943)	_	5,349,585
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		7,688,972		2,221,147	493,165		(80,943)	242,171	10,564,512
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	9,063,151	\$	2,221,147	\$ 878,354	· \$	315,328	\$ 254,764	\$ 12,732,744
TO THE BEITHEST TO TOTAL BEITH CES	Ψ	,,000,101	Ψ	-,1,11/	\$ 070,55	Ψ	313,320	ψ <u>25 1,70</u> T	ψ 12,732,744

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2015

EXHIBIT 3

Fund balances-total governmental funds	:	\$ 10,564,512
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement		
of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not		
financial resources and therefore are not reported in		
the governmental funds.		
Governmental capital assets	\$ 68,818,972	
Less accumulated depreciation	(14,498,460)	54,320,512
Net pension asset Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year		487,072
are deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position		274,191
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Government bonds and notes payable	(11,529,627)	
Compensated absences	(296,159)	
Net pension obligation	(410,861)	
Net other postemployment benefits (OPEB) obligation	(1,687,337)	(13,923,984)
Earned revenues considered deferred inflows of resources in fund statements		170,495
Other liabilities are not due and payable in the current period		
and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Accrued interest payable		(257,291)
Pension deferrals	_	(1,232,789)
Net position of governmental activities	<u>_</u> :	\$ 50,402,718

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2015

EXHIBIT 4

Page 1 of 2		Nonmajor										
		General Fund		General Capital Project Capital Reserve		General Capital Projects		creets and valks Capital Projects	Stormwater Special Revenue Fund		G	Total overnmental Funds
REVENUES												
Ad valorem taxes	\$	6,223,115	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,223,115
Other taxes and licenses		169,696		120,979		-		-		-		290,675
Unrestricted intergovernmental		3,360,348		-		-		-		-		3,360,348
Restricted intergovernmental		479,038		=		360,000		1,033,727		-		1,872,765
Permits and fees		300,127		141,440		-		-		351,527		793,094
Sales and services		1,176,693		8,561		-		-		-		1,185,254
Investment earnings		10,442		3,358		2		-		158		13,960
Miscellaneous		39,593		-		-						39,593
TOTAL REVENUES		11,759,052		274,338		360,002		1,033,727		351,685		13,778,804
EXPENDITURES												
Current												
General government		1,347,135		-		-		-		-		1,347,135
Public safety		3,518,674		-		-		-		-		3,518,674
Transportation		1,346,941		-		-		1,072,149		-		2,419,090
Environmental protection		586,264		-		-		· · ·		150,450		736,714
Economic and physical development		504,730		-		-		-		· -		504,730
Cultural and recreational		1,098,594		-		200,000		-		-		1,298,594
Capital outlay		1,015,507		-		1,056,073		235,396		96,753		2,403,729
Debt service												
Bond and note principal		1,164,167		-		-		-		-		1,164,167
Bond and note interest and fees		299,120		-		-		-		-		299,120
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		10,881,132		-		1,256,073		1,307,545		247,203		13,691,953
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		877,920		274,338		(896,071)		(273,818)		104,482		86,851

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2014

EXHIBIT 4

Page 2 of 2 (continued)				Ma	jor				N	onmajor		
	General Fund		General Capital Project Capital Reserve			General Capital Projects	Sidev	treets and walks Capital Projects		ormwater ial Revenue Fund	G	Total overnmental Funds
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								_				
Transfers from other funds	\$	517,853	\$	274,287	\$	65,993	\$	123,147	\$	-	\$	981,280
Transfers to other funds		(274,287)		(706,993)		-		-		-		(981,280)
Sale of capital assets		4,237		-		-		-		-		4,237
Installment notes from financing issued		200,000		-		-		-		-		200,000
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		447,803		(432,706)		65,993		123,147				204,237
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		1,325,723		(158,368)		(830,078)		(150,671)		104,482		291,088
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year		6,363,249		2,379,515		1,323,243		69,728		137,689		10,273,424
FUND BALANCE - End of Year	\$	7,688,972	\$	2,221,147	\$	493,165	\$	(80,943)	\$	242,171	\$	10,564,512

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

EXHIBIT 4

Page 1 of 2

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ 291,088

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit 2) are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.

Expenditures for capital assets Less current year depreciation	\$ 2,403,729 (1,849,779)	553,950
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities		274,191
Installment note proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net		

Installment note proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Repayment of bond and installment note principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. This is the amount by which proceeds exceeded repayments.

Installment note proceeds	(200,000)	
Principal payments	1,164,167	
Decrease in accrued interest payable	22,023	986,190

(continued)

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

EXHIBIT 4 Page 2 of 2

Some revenues reported in the statement of activities do not provide current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues in governmental funds

Change in deferred revenues Donated assets - Infrastructure streets and sidewalks	\$ (53,982) 850,248 \$	796,266
Some expenses recorded in the statement of activities do not require the the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds		
Change in compensated absences	23,197	
Pension expense	(19,090)	
Change in net pension obligation	(26,014)	
Change in net other postemployment benefits obligation	 (330,230)	(352,137)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	2,549,548

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015 EXHIBIT 5

Page 1 of 2

rage 1 of 2	Budget	Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES	<u>Original</u> <u>Final</u>			
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 6,039,511 \$ 6,067,2	11 \$ 6,223,115	\$ 155,904	
Other taxes and licenses	157,877 169,8		(181)	
Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues	2,805,068 2,877,0	68 3,360,348	483,280	
Restricted intergovernmental revenues	480,749 474,8	85 479,038	4,153	
Permits and fees	120,744 220,7	44 300,127	79,383	
Sales and services	1,248,740 1,255,8	40 1,176,693	(79,147)	
Investment earnings	14,000 14,0	00 10,442	(3,558)	
Miscellaneous	40,400 52,2	14 39,593	(12,621)	
TOTAL REVENUES	10,907,089 11,131,8	39 11,759,052	627,213	
EXPENDITURES				
General government	1,376,609 1,410,8	1,347,135	63,675	
Public safety	3,838,524 3,855,9	73 3,624,746	231,227	
Transportation	1,814,325 2,592,6	10 2,253,001	339,609	
Environmental protection	706,360 663,8	586,264	77,596	
Economic and physical development	927,937 588,8	52 504,730	84,122	
Cultural & recreation	1,466,076 1,516,5	76 1,101,969	414,607	
Debt service				
Bond and note principal	1,164,466 1,164,4	1,164,167	299	
Bond and note interest	299,505 299,5	05 299,120	385	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	11,593,802 12,092,6	52 10,881,132	1,211,520	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(686,713) (960,8	877,920	1,838,733	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015 EXHIBIT 5

Page 2 of 2

				al Amounts Budgetary	Fina	riance with al Budget - Positive
	Bud	lget		Basis)	(]	Negative)
	 <u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers from other funds	\$ 587,000	\$	587,000	\$ 517,853	\$	(69,147)
Transfers to other funds	(274,287)		(274,287)	(274,287)		-
Sale of capital assets	14,000		14,000	4,237		(9,763)
Installment note proceeds	200,000		200,000	200,000		-
Appropriated Fund Balance	160,000		434,100	-		(434,100)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING						
SOURCES (USES)	 686,713		960,813	 447,803		(513,010)
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$		1,325,723	\$	1,325,723
FUND BALANCE - beginning of year				 6,363,249		
FUND BALANCE - end of year				\$ 7,688,972		

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND

June 30, 2015

EXHIBIT 6	Water & Sewer	
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,301	
Accounts receivable	93,276	
Note receivable-current portion	349,130	
Total current assets	444,707	
Noncurrent assets:		
Note receivable-noncurrent portion	910,632	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,355,339	
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 22,847	
Accrued interest	2,430	
Bonds payable-current	170,158	
Notes payable-current	178,972	
Total current liabilities	374,407	
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Bonds payable-noncurrent	910,632	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,285,039	
NET POSITION		
Unrestricted	70,300	
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 70,300	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND

For The Year Ended June 30, 2015 EXHIBIT 7

OPERATING REVENUES	\$ -
OPERATING EXPENSES	 <u>-</u>
Operating income	 <u>-</u>
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Development fees	
Water development fees	4,705
Sewer development fees	3,726
Professional fees	(9,463)
Interest earnings	43,584
Interest expense	 (43,019)
Net non-operating revenues	 (467)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(467)
NET POSITION - Beginning of Year	 70,767
NET POSITION - End of Year	\$ 70,300

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS-PROPRIETARY FUND

For The Year Ended June 30, 2015

EXHIBIT 8

CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Cash received from developers	\$ 2,302,141
Cash paid to City of Raleigh for fees collected	 (2,299,415)
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	 2,726
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Debt service reimbursement from City of Raleigh, pursuant to merger agreement	251,327
Principal paid on debt	(344,603)
Interest paid on debt	 (43,584)
Net cash used for capital and related financing activities	 (136,860)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Investment earnings	 43,584
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(90,550)
Cash and cash equivalents - Beginning of the year	 92,851
Cash and cash equivalents - End of the year	\$ 2,301

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Town of Knightdale conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A. REPORTING ENTITY

The Town of Knightdale (the Town) is a municipal corporation that is governed by an elected mayor and a five member Town Council. The Town's financial statements include all funds, agencies, boards, commissions and authorities for which the Town is financially accountable. There are no component units, which are required to be included in these financial statements.

B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information on all of the financial activities of the Town. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the Town. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the water and sewer fund and for each function of the Town's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods and services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the Town's funds. Separate statements for each fund category-governmental and proprietary - are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. The remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as investment earnings, result from ancillary activities.

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes, Federal and State grants, state-shared revenues and various other taxes and licenses. The primary expenditures are for public safety, streets, sanitation, parks and recreation, and general governmental services.

<u>General Capital Project - Capital Reserve Fund</u> – The General Capital Reserve Fund is used to account for financial resources to be held for capital projects prior to construction. The budgetary comparison for the General Capital Project - Capital Reserve Fund has been included in the supplemental information.

<u>General Capital Projects Fund</u> – The General Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

<u>Streets and Sidewalks Capital Projects Fund</u> – The Streets and Sidewalks Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition of right of way and for construction of streets and sidewalks.

The Town reports the following non-major governmental funds:

<u>Storm Water Special Revenue Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for storm water fees collected by the Town from residents and commercial businesses. Storm water fees will be used to map and maintain the storm drainage system and to provide street sweeping services to decrease or prevent pollution from storm water runoff into local streams and rivers.

The Town reports the following major proprietary fund:

Water and Sewer Fund – The Water and Sewer Fund is used to account for water and sewer operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods and services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The Town of Knightdale has one Proprietary Fund, the Water and Sewer Fund. The Water and Sewer Utility System of the Town was transferred to the City of Raleigh effective May 1, 2006; however these funds remain open to collect certain utility development fees and to pay long term debt. This merger is discussed more fully in Note 7. The Town conducts no day-to-day water and sewer operations.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the Town are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Government-wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the Town gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The Town considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem property taxes receivable are not accrued as revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. Also, as of September 1, 2013, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on all registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. Property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013 and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows or resources.

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the utilities franchise tax, collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the Town are recognized as revenue. Sales taxes are considered a shared revenue for the Town of Knightdale because the tax is levied by Wake County and then remitted to and distributed by the State. Most intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. Grant revenues, which are unearned at year-end, are recorded as unearned revenues. Under the terms of grant agreements, the Town funds certain programs by a combination of specific

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the Town's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. BUDGETARY DATA

The Town's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget ordinance is adopted for the General, Capital Reserve, Special Revenue and Proprietary Funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. Project ordinances are adopted for the General Capital Projects Fund and the Streets and Sidewalks Capital Project Fund. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the departmental level for all annually budgeted funds and at the project level for the multi-year funds. Interfund or interdepartmental transfer of moneys may be made only with specific advanced approval of the Town Council. Supplemental appropriations that amend the total expenditures of any fund require a resolution of the Town Council. The Budget Officer is authorized to reallocate any appropriations within departments. Budgets are reported as originally adopted or as amended by executive action or Council resolution. During the year several amendments to the original budget were necessary, the effects of which were not material. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

E. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION OR FUND EQUITY

1. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

All deposits of the Town are made in Council designated official depositories and are secured as required by State law (G.S. 159-31). The Town may designate as an official depository, any bank or savings and loan association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. The Town may also establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and Super NOW accounts, money market accounts and certificates of deposit. The Town has no policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

State law [G.S. 159-30 (c)] authorizes the Town to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances; and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT). The Town's investments are reported at fair value as determined by quoted market prices. The securities of the NCCMT Cash Portfolio, a SEC-registered (2a-7) money market mutual fund, are valued at fair value, which is the NCCMT's share price. The NCCMT Term Portfolio's securities are valued at fair value.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The Town pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents.

3. RESTRICTED CASH

The unexpended bond proceeds of General Obligation Parks and Recreation Facility Bonds issued by the Town are classified as restricted assets for the General Capital Project Fund because their use is completely restricted to the purpose for which the bonds were originally issued. The Town has restricted cash in an amount sufficient to comply with a loan covenant. Powell bills funds are also classified as restricted cash because they can be expended only for the purposes of maintaining, repairing, constructing, reconstructing or widening of local streets per G.S. 136-41.1 through 136-41.4. Restricted cash also includes Federal equitable sharing funds and firemen's relief funds restricted to law enforcement and public safety expenditures. The General Capital Project - Capital Reserve Fund includes payment in lieu of street improvements received from developers which are restricted for the paving of certain streets. Storm water surety fees received from developers are restricted to the repairs and maintenance of storm water drainage improvements installed by the various developers.

Town of Knightdale Restricted Cash Governmental Activities			
General Fund	Streets – Powell Bill Funds	\$	450,545
0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000	Public Safety	*	62,492
	Loan Covenant – KS Bank		199,540
	Unearned Grant Revenue		39,478
			752,055
General Capital Reserve Fund	Payments in Lieu of Street Improvements		844,215
Storm Water Special Revenue Fund	Storm Water Surety Fees		92,125
Total Restricted Cash		\$	1,688,395

4. AD VALOREM TAXES RECEIVABLE

In accordance with State law [G.S. 105-347- and G. S. 159-13(a)], the Town levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1st, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1st, (lien date); however, interest does not accrue until the following January 6th. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2014.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

5. ALLOWANCE FOR DOUBTFUL ACCOUNTS

No allowance for doubtful accounts is maintained because historically the uncollectible amounts have been insignificant. The direct write-off method is used by the Town on all receivables. Under this method, all accounts considered uncollectible at June 30, 2015 including inactive accounts for garbage collection services and storm water fees have been charged against operations.

6. PREPAID ITEMS

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements and expensed as items are used. The Town utilizes the purchase method of accounting for prepaid expenses where purchases are recorded as expenditures when acquired.

7. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$10,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. General infrastructure assets acquired prior to July 1, 2002, consist of the road network assets that were acquired or that received substantial improvements subsequent to July 1, 1980, and are reported at estimated historical cost using deflated replacement cost. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Item</u>	<u>Life</u>
Infrastructure	30 years
Equipment and Vehicles	5 years
Buildings and Improvements	25 years
Intangible Assets	5 years

8. DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Outflows of Resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The Town has one item that meet this criterion, contributions made to pension plan in the 2015 fiscal year. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element,

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Deferred Inflows of Resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The Town has two items that meet the criterion for this category – prepaid taxes and grant proceeds and deferral of pension expense that result from the implementation of GASB Statement 68.

9. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method that approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs, except for prepaid insurance costs, are expensed in the reporting period in which they are incurred. Prepaid insurance costs are expensed over the life of the debt.

In fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

10. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The vacation policy of the Town provides for the accumulation of up to thirty (30) days earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. The Town also allows employees to accrue compensatory time for hours worked in excess of a regular workweek. Non-exempt employees may accumulate this time and then use it at a later date in lieu of using vacation time or they will be paid for these hours when leaving the Town's employment. Exempt employees may accumulate compensatory time up to a maximum of 240 hours and use this in lieu of vacation. Exempt employees lose any time accumulated over 240 hours and are not paid for accumulated compensatory time upon leaving service.

For the Town's government-wide funds, an expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded as the leave is earned. The Town has assumed a first-in, first-out method of using accumulated compensated time. The portion of that time that is estimated to be used in the next fiscal year has been designated as a current liability in the government-wide financial statements.

The Town's sick leave policy provides for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the Town does not have any obligation for the accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

11. NET POSITION/FUND BALANCES

Net Position

Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. Restricted net position represent constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through state statute.

Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of four classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Prepaid expenditures - portions of fund balance segregated for prepaid expenditures, which are not available spendable resources.

Storm Water – Storm Water resources that are required to be retained in perpetuity for maintenance of the storm water control facilities.

Restricted Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization by State statute - portion of fund balance that is restricted by State Statute [G.S. 159-8(a)].

Restricted for Streets - Powell Bill portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for street construction and maintenance expenditures. This amount represents the balance of the total unexpended Powell Bill funds.

Restricted for Public Safety – portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source, which represents funds accumulated for (1) DARE (Drug Abuse Resistance Education) and other anti-drug operations in the Town and funds that are collected from drug seizures, and (2) funds collected for relief of injured firemen or surviving family members.

Restricted for Debt Service – portion of fund balance required to be reserved by loan covenants. This represents one year's debt service payments on the Public Safety Building loan.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Restricted for Streets – Payments in Lieu of Street Improvements – portion of fund balance that is restricted by grantor for the construction of various street improvement projects..

Restricted for Storm Water – portion of fund balance, which represents fees received from developers and homeowner associations that are restricted to the repairs and maintenance of storm water drainage improvements installed by the various developers.

Assigned fund balance – This classification includes amounts of fund balance that reflect a government's intended use of resources for specific purposes. Assignments are created, amended, or eliminated by the Town Council through budget ordinances or amendments to previously approved budget ordinances.

Assigned for Capital Projects Fund – portion of fund balance that has been budgeted by the Town Council for construction of various capital projects including street improvements, greenways and public parks.

Assigned for Recreation – portion of fund balance set aside by the Town Council for future improvements to Knightdale Community Park and Knightdale Station Park. This represents unexpended revenues received from tournament fees and sponsorships for the two parks.

Assigned for Storm Water – portion of fund balance that has been budgeted by the Town Council for storm water repairs and maintenance.

Subsequent year's expenditures – portion of fund balance that is appropriated in the next year's budget that is not already classified in restricted or committed. The governing body approves the appropriation; however the budget ordinance authorizes the manager to modify the appropriations within departments or to transfer appropriations between departments not to exceed 10% of a department's budget.

Unassigned fund balance – the portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds. The General Fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance.

The Town of Knightdale has a revenue spending policy that provides guidance for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Finance Officer will use resources in the following hierarchy: bond proceeds, federal funds, State funds, local non-Town funds, Town funds. For purposes of fund balance classification expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in-order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and lastly unassigned fund balance. The Finance Officer has the authority to deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the Town.

The Town of Knightdale has also adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the general fund which instructs management to conduct the business of the Town in such a manner that available fund balance is at least equal to or greater than 25% of budgeted expenditures and transfers to other funds. Any portion of the available general fund balance in excess of 40% of budgeted expenditures and interfund transfers will be transferred to the General Capital Projects – Capital Reserve Fund to be appropriated for future capital needs of the Town.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

12. PENSIONS

For purposes of measuring the net pension asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) and additions to/deductions from LGERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LGERS. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The Town's employer contributions are recognized when due and the Town has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of LGERS. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 2 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. SIGNIFICANT VIOLATIONS OF FINANCE-RELATED LEGAL AND CONTRACTUAL PROVISIONS

1. STREET AND SIDEWALKS CAPITAL PROJECT FUND

The Streets and Sidewalk Capital Project Fund had a deficit fund balance of (\$80,943) as of June 30, 2015. This fund includes several street and sidewalk improvement projects partially funded by Federal and State grants. Expenditures exceeded grant revenues at June 30, 2015. The remaining costs of these projects will be paid from transfers of matching funds from the General Fund and General Capital Projects Capital Reserve Fund. The Town has transferred grant matching funds in the amount of \$80,943 in fiscal year 2016 from the General Capital Project Capital Reserve Fund to replenish this deficit fund balance.

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. ASSETS

1. DEPOSITS

All the Town's deposits are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits exceeding the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the Town's agent in the Town's name. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the Town, these deposits are considered to be held by the Town's agent in the Town's name. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits.

The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the Town or the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amount of collateral pledged for the Town under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for undercollateralization. This risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However,

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The Town has no formal policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits, but relies on the State Treasurer to enforce standards of minimum capitalization for all pooling method financial institutions and to monitor them for compliance. The Town complies with the provisions of General Statute 159-31 when designating official depositories and verifying that deposits are properly secured.

At June 30, 2015, the Town's deposits had a carrying value of \$6,371,351 and a bank balance of \$6,407,932. Of the bank balance, \$750,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and the remainder was covered by collateral held under the pooling method. At June 30, 2015, the Town's petty cash fund totaled \$1,350.

2. INVESTMENTS

At June 30, 2015, the Town's investment balances were as follows:

	Fair Value	Maturity	Rating	
NC Capital Management Trust – Cash Portfolio	1,911,301	N/A	AAAm	_
NC Capital Management Trust – Term Portfolio	<u>2,028,078</u>	.23 Years	Unrated	
Total investments	3,939,379			

Interest Rate Risk. The Town has no formal investment policy regarding interest rate risk. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the Town's internal investment policy limits the Town's investment portfolio to maturities of less than 15 months. Also, the Town's internal management policy requires purchases of securities to be laddered with staggered maturity dates and limits all securities to a final maturity of no more than 15 months.

Credit risk. The Town has no formal policy regarding credit risk, but has internal management procedures that limits the Town's investments to the provisions of G.S. 159-30 and restricts the purchase of securities to the highest possible ratings whenever particular types of securities are rated. The Town's investment in the NC Capital Management Trust Cash Portfolio carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard & Poor's as of June 30, 2015. The Town's investment in the NC Capital Management Trust Term Portfolio is unrated. The Term Portfolio is authorized to invest in obligations of the U.S. government and agencies, and in high grade money market instruments as permitted under North Carolina General Statutes 159-30 as amended.

Custodial credit risk. For an investment, the custodial risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Town will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Town has no formal policy on custodial credit risk, but management procedures are that the Town shall utilize a third party custodial agent for book entry transactions, all of which shall be held in the Town's name.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Concentration of Credit Risk. The Town Council places no limit on the amount that the Town may invest in any one issuer. More than 5 percent of the Town's investments are in the NC Capital Management Trust. This investment is 100% of the Town's total investments. The Town has no policy regarding concentration of credit risk.

3. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2015, was as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Additions	Retirements	Transfers	Ending Balances
Governmental activities:					
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 12,996,564	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 412,046	\$ 13,408,610
Construction in progress	5,254,670	1,506,420	-	(6,526,331)	234,760
Total capital assets not being depreciated	18,251,234	1,506,420	-	(6,114,285)	13,643,369
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings	5,261,207	15,975	-	-	5,277,182
Other improvements	5,859,607	-	-	6,024,179	11,883,786
Roads and infrastructure	32,176,787	609,370	-	940,355	33,726,512
Intangibles	101,325	-	-	· -	101,325
Equipment	1,156,529	122,532	-	-	1,279,061
Vehicles and motorized equipment	2,811,340	149,431	53,034	-	2,907,737
Total capital assets being depreciated	47,366,795	897,308	53,034	6,964,534	55,175,603
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	1,850,010	207,469	-	-	2,057,479
Other improvements	617,524	235,625	-	-	853,149
Roads and infrastructure	6,898,295	1,084,937	-	-	7,983,232
Intangibles	37,529	20,265	-	-	57,794
Equipment	929,335	101,126	-	-	1,030,461
Vehicles and motorized equipment	2,369,022	200,357	53,034	-	2,516,345
Total accumulated depreciation	12,701,715	1,849,779	53,034	-	14,498,460

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Total capital assets being depreciated, net	34,665,080	(952,471)	-	6,964,534	40,677,143
Governmental activity capital assets, net	\$ 52,916,314	\$ 553,949	\$ -	\$ 850,249	\$ 54,320,512

Depreciation expense was charged to functions / programs of the primary government as follows:

General government	\$ 81,583
Public safety	292,183
Transportation	1,165,466
Enviornmental protection	31,775
Cultural and recreational	 278,772
Total depreciation expense	\$ 1,849,779

Construction commitments

The Town has active construction projects as of June 30, 2015. At year-end, the Town's commitments with contractors are as follows:

Project	Spent-to-Date	Remaining Commitment	Total Contract
Triangle Grading & Paving – CMAQ Smithfield Road	335,365	123,117	458,482
Triangle Grading & Paving – STP-DA Smithfield Rd.	405,830	10,624	416,454
Alabi Architecture – Knightdale Station Park	7,223	13,877	21,100
Total	748,418	147,618	896,036

B. LIABILITIES

1. PENSION PLAN AND POSTEMPLOYMENT OBLIGATIONS

a. <u>Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System</u>

Plan Description. The Town of Knightdale is a participating employer in the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

employees and local law enforcement officers (LEOs) of participating local governmental entities. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Benefits Provided. LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. Plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service (age 55 for firefighters). Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age (15 years of creditable service for firefighters and rescue squad members who are killed in the line of duty) or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

LGERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached

age 50, or have completed five years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

Contributions. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. Town of Knightdale employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarily determined and set annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees. The Town's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2015, was 7.41% of compensation for law enforcement officers and 7.07% for general employees and firefighters, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the Town were \$274,191 for the year ended June 30, 2015.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Refunds of Contributions – Town employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of LGERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60 day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2015, the Town reported an asset of \$487,072 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2014. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2013. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2014 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The Town's proportion of the net pension asset was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2014, the Town's proportion was 0.083%, which was a decrease of 0.003% from its proportion measured as of June 30,2013.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the Town recognized pension expense of \$19,090. At June 30, 2015, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Differences between expected and actual experience
Changes of assumptions
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on
pension plan investments
Changes in proportion and differences between Town
contributions and proportionate share of contributions
Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date
Total

 Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
\$ -	\$	53,221
-		-
-		1,133,891
-		45,677
 274,191		<u>-</u> _
\$ 274,191	\$	1,232,789

\$274,191 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase of the net pension asset in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year	ended	June	30:
<i>1eui</i>	enueu	June	JU.

2016 \$ (308,259)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

2017	(308,259)
2018	(308,259)
2019	(308,012)
2020	-
Thereafter	-

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.0 percent

Salary increases 4.25 to 8.55 percent, including inflation and

productivity factor

Investment rate of return 7.25 percent, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2013 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2005 through December 31, 2009. Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2014 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Fixed Income	36.0%	2.5%

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Global Equity	40.5%	6.1%
Real Estate	8.0%	5.7%
Alternatives	6.5%	10.5%
Credit	4.5%	6.8%
Inflaction Protection	4.5%	3.7%
Total	100%	

The information above is based on 30 year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2013 asset liability and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.19%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

A new asset allocation policy was finalized during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 to be effective July 1, 2014. The new asset allocation policy utilizes different asset classes, changes in the structure of certain asset classes, and adopts new benchmarks. Using the asset class categories in the preceding table, the new long-term expected arithmetic real rates of return are: Fixed Income 2.2%, Global Equity 5.8%, Real Estate 5.2%, Alternatives 9.8%, Credit 6.8% and Inflation Protection 3.4%.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Town's proportionate share of the net pension asset to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.25 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.25%)		Γ	Discount Rate (7.25%)		1% Increase (8.25%)	
Town's proportionate share of the net pension							
liability (asset)	\$	1,653,331	\$	(487,072)	\$	(2,289,221)	

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

b. <u>Law Enforcement Officers Special Separation Allowance</u>

Plan Description.

The Town of Knightdale administers a public employee retirement system (the "Separation Allowance"), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the Town's qualified sworn law enforcement officers. The Separation Allowance is equal to .85 percent of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

All full-time law enforcement officers of the Town are covered by the Separation Allowance. At December 31, 2014 the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

Retirees receiving benefits	3
Terminated plan members entitled	
to but not yet receiving benefits	-
Active plan members	<u>27</u>
Total	<u>30</u>

A separate report was not issued for the plan.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

Basis of Accounting. The Town has chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay as you go basis. Pension expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

The Separation Allowance has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the following criteria which are outlined in GASB Statements 67 and 68:

- contributions to the pension plan and earnings on those contributions are irrevocable
- pension plan assets are dedicated to providing benefits to plan members
- pension plan assets are legally protected from the creditors or employers, nonemployer contributing entities, the plan administrator, and plan members.

Method Used to Value Investments. No funds are set aside to pay benefits and administration costs. These expenditures are paid as they come due.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Contributions.

The Town is required by Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the benefit payments on a pay as you go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operating budget. The Town's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. There were no contributions made by employees.

The annual required contribution for the current year was determined as part of the December 31, 2014 actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) 5.00% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses) and (b) projected salary increases of 4.25 - 7.85% per year. Both (a) and (b) included an inflation component of 3.00%. The assumptions did not include postretirement benefit increases. The actuarial value of assets was market value. The remaining amortization period at December 31, 2014, was 16 years.

Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligation.

The Town's annual pension cost and net pension obligation to the Separation Allowance for the current year were as follows:

Annual required contribution	\$ 96,560
Interest on net pension obligation	19,242
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(32,510)
Annual pension cost	83,292
Contributions made	<u>57,278</u>
Increase in net pension obligation	26,014
Net pension obligation beginning of year	384,847
Net pension obligation end of year	<u>\$ 410,861</u>

Three Year Trend Information

Fiscal	Annual Pension	Percentage of	Net Pension
Year Ended	Cost (APC)	APC Contributed	Obligation
June 30, 2013	\$68,313	62.52%	\$376,874
June 30, 2014	\$65,251	87.78%	\$384,847
June 30, 2015	\$83,292	68.77%	\$410,861

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Funded Status and Funding Progress.

As of December 31, 2014, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was not funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) was \$722,555. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$1,531,296 and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 47.2 percent.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets are increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

c. Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers

Plan Description. The Town contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers employed by the Town. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes the pension trust fund financial statements for the Internal Revenue Code Section 401 (k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy. Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the Town to contribute each month an amount equal to five percent of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, the law enforcement officers may make voluntary contributions to the plan. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2015 were \$94,840, which consisted of \$76,947 from the Town and \$17,893 from law enforcement officers.

d. <u>Supplemental Retirement Income Plan For Employees Other Than Law Enforcement Officers</u>

Plan Description. All other permanent full-time employees of the Town (excluding law enforcement officers) also participate in the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan; a defined contribution pension plan as described above.

Funding Policy. The Town contributes each month an amount equal to five percent of each employee's (excluding law enforcement officers) salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, these employees may make voluntary contributions to the plan. Total contributions for the year ended June 30, 2015 were \$152,137, which consisted of \$113,463 from the Town and \$38,674 from employees.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

e. Other Post Employment Benefits

Healthcare Benefits

Plan Description. Under the terms of a Town resolution, the Town administers a single-employer defined benefit Healthcare Benefits Plan (the HCB Plan). As of April 20, 2005, this plan provides postemployment healthcare benefits to retirees of the Town, provided they participate in the North Carolina Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (System) under the following terms and conditions:

- 1. The Town pays 100% of retiree's health insurance for employees hired before April 20, 2005, when:
 - a. They have at least ten (10) years of service with the Town, and
 - b. They retire under the Local Government Employees Retirement System, and
 - c. Their age and creditable service in LGERS equals at least 72.
 - d. At age 65, the Town will pay 100% of a Medicare Supplemental Insurance Policy.
- 2. The Towns pays retiree health insurance for employees hired on or after April 20, 2005 as follows:
 - a. 100% with 25 or more years of service
 - b. 75% with 22 to 24 years of service
 - c. 50% with 18 to 21 years of service
 - d. 25% with 15 to 17 years of service
 - e. At age 65, the Town will pay \$50 per month toward a Medicare Supplemental Insurance Policy.
- 3. Employees with at least ten years of service with the Town and are qualified to retire in LGERS may purchase health insurance through the Town with the employee paying the premium.
- 4. Retiring Town employees that have Town health insurance may purchase health insurance for their dependents at the Town's group rates with the employee paying the premium.

The Town Council may amend the benefit provisions. A separate report was not issued for the plan.

Retired Employees' Years of Creditable Service	Hired Prior to April 20, 2005	Hired On or After April 20, 2005
Less than 10 years	Not eligible for coverage	Not eligible for coverage
11 – 15 years	100% coverage paid by Town	Not eligible for coverage
15 – 17 years	100% coverage paid by Town	25% coverage paid by Town
18 – 21 years	100% coverage paid by Town	50% coverage paid by Town
22 – 24 years	100% coverage paid by Town	75% coverage paid by Town
25 + years	100% coverage paid by Town	100% coverage paid by Town

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Membership of the HCB Plan consisted of the following at December 31, 2013, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

		Law
	General	Enforcement
	Employees:	Officers:
Retirees and dependents receiving benefits	4	4
Active plan members	40	27
Total	44	31

Funding Policy. The Town pays the cost of coverage for the healthcare benefits paid to qualified retirees under a Town resolution that can be amended by Town Council. The Town's members pay premiums for dependent coverage. The Town has chosen to fund the healthcare benefits on a pay as you go basis.

The current annual required contribution (ARC) rate is 8.76% of annual covered payroll. For the current year, the Town contributed \$47,256 or 1.3% of annual covered payroll. The Town obtains healthcare coverage through private insurers. The Town's required contributions, under a Town resolution, for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers represented .44% and .84% of covered payroll, respectively. The Town's contributions totaled \$47,256 in fiscal year 2015. There were no contributions made by employees. The Town's obligation to contribute to HCB Plan is established and may be amended by the Town Council.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies. Postemployment expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. No funds are set aside to pay benefits and administration costs. These expenditures are paid as they come due.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation. The Town's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the Town's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the Town's net OPEB obligation for the healthcare benefits:

Annual required contribution	\$ 323,201
Interest on net OPEB obligation	54,284
Adjustment to annual required contribution	
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	377,485
Annual OPEB cost (expense) Less contributions made	377,485 (47,255)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year1,357,107Net OPEB obligation, end of year\$ 1,687,337

The Town's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation as of June 30, 2015 were as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	Annual	Percentage of Annual	Net OPEB
June 30	OPEB Cost	OPEB Cost contributed	Obligation
2013	\$366,541	9.8%	\$1,083,284
2014	\$325,137	15.8%	\$1,357,107
2015	\$377,485	12.5%	\$1,687,337

Funded Status and Funding Progress. As of December 31, 2013, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was not funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits and, thus, the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) was \$3,361,199. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$3,691,352, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 91.1 percent. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and healthcare trends. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members at that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.00 percent investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), which is the expected long-term investment returns on the employer's own investments calculated based on the funded level of the plan at the valuation date, and an annual medical cost trend increase of 7.75 to 5.00 percent annually. The investment rate included a 3.00 percent inflation assumption. The actuarial value of assets, if any, was determined using techniques that spread the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a 5 year period. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at December 31, 2013, was 30 years.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Other Employment Benefits

The Town has elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for members of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Death Benefit Plan), a multiple-employer, State-administered, cost sharing plan funded on a one year-term cost basis. The beneficiaries of those employees who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the System, or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the System at the time of death are eligible for death benefits. Lump sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's 12 highest months salary in a row during the 24 months prior to the employee's death, but the benefit may not exceed \$50,000 or be less than \$25,000. Because all death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan and not by the Town, the Town does not determine the number of eligible participants. The Town has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. The contributions to the Death Benefit Plan cannot be separated between the post-employment benefit amount and the other benefit amount. Contributions are determined as a percentage of monthly payroll based upon rates established annually by the State. Separate rates are set for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the Town made contributions to the State for death benefits of \$-0-. The Town's required contributions for employees not engage in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers represented 0.00% and 0.00% of covered payroll, respectively.

Due to a surplus in the death benefit, a decision was made by the State to temporarily stop employer contributions to the LGERS Death Benefit Plan beginning July 1, 2012. A temporary relief period based on the number of years the employer has contributed as of December 31, 2010 was established as follows:

No. Years Contribution	Years Relief	FY Contributions Resume
10 - 20	2	2015
20 or More	3	2016

The period of reprieve is determined separately for law enforcement officers. The Town of Knightdale will have a three year reprieve because it has been contributing for more than 20 years. Contributions will resume in the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2015.

The Town also provides group term life insurance to all full time employees through a private insurance company. Premiums are paid by the Town for life insurance equal to 2 times the employee's annual salary, but the benefit may not exceed \$200,000. The Town has no liability beyond the payment of monthly premiums.

2. DEFERRED OUTFLOWS AND INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Deferred outflows of resources of \$274,191 is the current fiscal year pension plan contribution.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Deferred inflows of resources at year-end are composed of the following:

	Unavail	able Revenue	Unea	rned Revenue	Total
General Fund:					
Prepaid taxes not yet earned	\$	-	\$	3,843	\$ 3,843
Prepaid privilege licenses		-		183	183
Grant proceeds		79,209		-	79,209
Taxes receivable (Net)		-		39,478	-
Decal receivable		60,295		-	60,295
Sanitation receivables		25,416		-	25,416
Pension deferrals		-		1,232,789	1,232,789
Storm Water Fund					
Storm water fees receivable		5,575			5,575
Total deferred revenues	\$	170,495	\$	1,276,293	\$ 1,446,788

3. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town is a participant in one self-funded risk-financing insurance pool administered by the North Carolina League of Municipalities, which provides workers' compensation with coverage up to statutory limits. The pool is reinsured through commercial companies for claims up to the statutory limits for workers' compensation. Stop loss insurance is purchased by the Board of Trustees to protect against large medical claims that exceed certain dollar cost levels. Specific information on the limits of the reinsurance, excess and stop loss policies purchased by the Board of Trustees can be obtained by contacting the Risk Management Services Department of the NC League of Municipalities. The pools are audited annually by certified public accountants, and the audited financial statements are available to the Town upon request.

The Town purchases commercial insurance to provide the following types of major coverage: general liability (\$2,000,000), property (\$9,460,518), inland marine (\$1,123,761), auto liability (\$1,000,000), public officials' liability (\$1,000,000), employment practices liability (\$1,000,000), law enforcement liability (\$1,000,000), cyber liability (\$100,000) and an umbrella policy (\$2,000,000). The coverage has deductibles up to \$25,000. The Town does not carry flood insurance because flood plain maps show insignificant property values within flood plains.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, the Town's employees that have access to \$100 or more at any given time of the Town's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The Finance Officer and tax collector are each individually bonded for \$150,000 each. The remaining employees that have access to funds are bonded under a blanket bond for \$10,000. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year, and settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

4. CLAIMS, JUDGEMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

At June 30, 2015, the Town was a defendant to various lawsuits. In the opinion of the Town's management and the legal counsel, the ultimate effect of these legal matters will not have a material adverse effect on the Town's financial position.

5. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. GENERAL OBLIGATION INDEBTEDNESS

The Town's general obligation bonds serviced by the governmental funds were issued for the acquisition and construction of public improvements including parks and recreation facilities. The general obligation bonds issued to finance the construction of facilities utilized in the operations of the water and sewer system and which are being retired by contributions from the City of Raleigh, per the merger agreement, are reported as long-term debt in the Water and Sewer Utility Fund. All general obligation bonds are collateralized by the full faith, credit and taxing power of the Town. Principal and interest requirements are appropriated when due. Bonds payable at June 30, 2015 are composed of the following individual issues:

Service	ced by	the	General	Fund:
DCI VI	ccu us	/ ule	Utiltiai	r ullu.

\$557,632, 2011 Public Improvement Refunding bonds due in annual installments of \$58,947 plus interest through 2022; interest is at 2.27%.	\$	379,211
\$3,000,000, 2013 Parks and Recreation Facility Bonds due in annual installments of \$200,000 plus interest through 2028, interest is at 1.97%.		2,800,000
Serviced by the Water and Sewer Fund: \$1,561,368, 2011 Water and Sewer Refunding bonds due in annual installments of \$165,053 plus interest through 2022; interest is at 2.27%.		1,061,790
1984 Sewer bonds due in annual installments of increasing amounts through 2017; interest at 5%.		19,000
Total	<u>\$</u>	4,260,001

At June 30, 2015, The Town of Knightdale a legal debt margin of \$102,318,206.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for bonds payable are as follows:

Year ending	Governm	nental Activities	Busin	ess Type Activities
<u>June 30</u>	<u>Principa</u> l	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>
2016	256,842	63,768	170,158	25,052
2017	255,789	58,538	164,210	20,890
2018	255,000	53,331	154,000	16,944
2019	254,211	48,143	151,789	13,448
2020	253,421	42,972	149,579	10,002
2021-2025	1,103,948	141,430	291,054	9,886
2026-2030	800,000	39,401		
Total	<u>\$ 3,179,211</u>	<u>\$ 447,583</u>	\$ 1,080,790	<u>\$ 96,222</u>

B. INSTALLMENT NOTE INDEBTEDNESS

The Town also has various installment notes for land, buildings, equipment and vehicles. Installment notes payable at June 30, 2015 are composed of the following individual notes:

	viced by the eneral Fund	iced by the nd Sewer Fund
\$3,000,000 installment obligation to Wells Fargo for a park and sewer project issued 06-15-01; semi-annual payments of \$139,915 which includes interest at 4.64%; secured by land, equipment and remaining escrow balance	\$ 89,486	\$ 178,972
\$2,115,099 installment debt to the KS Bank for the Public Safety Building issued 11-30-12; annual payments of \$168,341 which includes interest at 2.30%; secured by land and building	1,872,958	-
\$325,000 installment obligation to Wells Fargo for a fire truck issued 06-28-06; semi-annual payments of \$20,270 which includes interest at 4.43%; secured by a fire truck	39,219	-
\$350,000 installment obligation to BB&T for a fire truck issued 05-16-08; semi-annual payments of \$20,709 which includes interest at 3.32%; secured by a fire truck	117,343	-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Serviced by the General Fund	Serviced by the Water and Sewer Fund
\$5,000,000 installment debt to SunTrust Bank for construction of Knightdale Park and renovations to Town Hall issued 07-14-12; annual payments of \$333,333 plus interest at 2.33%; secured by Knightdale Municipal Building	4,333,333	water and Sewer Fund
\$2,821,500 installment debt to PNC Bank for purchase of park land issued 07-14-10; Annual principal payments of \$282,150 plus interest at 4.74% (3.08% net of Build America Bond refund of 35% of interest paid); secured by 73 acres of land	1,692,900	-
\$200,000 installment debt to BB&T Bank for purchase of police vehicles, truck and mower issued 8-26-14; annual payments of \$68,798 which includes interest at 1.59%; secured by vehicles	200,000	_
Subtotal installment notes payable for land, buildings, vehicles and equipment	8,345,239	178,972
\$5,003 installment debt (0.53%) to the Eastern Wake Fire-Rescue Dept for involuntary annexation issued 11-17-06; annual payments of \$608 including interest at 0.53%	706	-
\$3,409 installment debt (0.37882%) to Eastern Wake Fire-Rescue Dept for voluntary annexation issued 12-08-05; annual payments of \$414 which includes interest at 0.38%	367	-
\$16,110 installment debt (1.79%) to the Eastern Wake Fire-Rescue Dept for involuntary annexation issued 11-17-04; annual payments of \$1,958 which includes interest at 1.79%	1,943	-
\$2,430 installment debt (0.27%) to the Eastern Wake Fire-Rescue Dept for involuntary annexation issued 02-07-05; annual payments of \$295 including interest at 0.27%	257	-
\$4,574 installment debt (0.53%) to the Eastern Wake Fire-Rescue Dept for involuntary annexation issued 11-17-09; annual payments of \$654 including interest at 0.53%	522	-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Serviced by the General Fund	Serviced by the Water and Sewer Fund
\$1,062 installment debt (0.00%) to Eastern Wake Fire-Rescue Dept for voluntary annexation issued 2-23-12; annual payment of \$197 including interest at 0.00%	197	-
\$9,708 installment debt (1.0786%) to Eastern Wake Fire-Rescue Dept for voluntary annexation issued 12/07; annual payments of \$1,218 which includes interest at 1.08%	1,185	_
Subtotal Eastern Wake Fire – Rescue Dept annexation	5,177	
Total	<u>\$ 8,350,416</u>	<u>\$ 178,972</u>

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for installment notes payable are as follows:

	Governmental	Activities	Business-Type	e Activities
Year Ending June 30:	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2016	978,080	235,648	178,972	6,214
2017	849,279	204,831	-	-
2018	854,702	178,267	-	-
2019	749,587	152,026	-	-
2020	752,672	127,801	-	-
2021-2025	2,683,442	353,445	-	-
2026-2028	1,482,654	68,970	-	-
Total	\$ 8,350,416	\$ 1,320,988	\$ 178,972	\$ 6,214

C. CHANGES IN LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

		Balance July 1, 2014		Increases		Decreases	,	Balance June 30, 2015		mounts Due hin One Year
Governmental activities: General obligation bonds	\$	3,436,842	\$	_	\$	257,631	\$	3,179,211	\$	256,842
Installment notes Compensated absences	Ψ	9,056,952 319,356	Ψ	200,000 303,893	•	906,536 327,090	Ψ	8,350,416 296,159	Ψ	978,080 233,568

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Other postemployment benefits	1,357,107	377,485	47,255	1,687,337	-
Net pension liability (LGERS)	998,058	-	998,058	-	-
Net pension liability (LEO)	384,847	83,292	57,278	410,861	
Governmental activity long-term liabilities	<u>\$ 14,555,104</u>	<u>\$ 964,670</u>	<u>\$ 2,495,018</u>	<u>\$ 13,923,984</u>	<u>\$ 1,468,490</u>
Business-type activities:					
General obligation bonds	\$ 1,253,158	\$ -	\$ 172,368	\$ 1,080,790	\$ 170,158
Installment notes	351,207	<u>-</u>	172,235	178,972	178,972
Business-type activity long-term liabilities	\$ 1,604,365	\$ -	\$ 344,603	\$ 1,259,762	\$ 349,130

The LGERS plan had a net pension asset as of June 30, 2015; however, the plan had a net pension liability at the beginning of the fiscal year. Compensated absences, other postemployment benefits and net pension obligation for governmental activities typically have been liquidated in the General Fund.

6. INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITY

Transfers are used to move unrestricted revenues to finance various programs that the government must account for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, including amounts providing matching funds for various grant programs.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, transfers to/from other funds consist of the following:

From Fund	To Fund	Amount	Purpose
General Fund	General Capital Project Reserve	\$ 274,287	To fund future capital projects
General Capital Project Reserve	Street and Sidewalks Capital Project	123,147	Street and Sidewalk Improvements Smithfield Road
General Capital Project Reserve	General Capital Projects	65,993	For Mingo Creek Greenway
General Capital Project Reserve	General Fund	240,000	For payment of debt service Knightdale Station Park
General Capital Project Reserve	General Fund	277,853	For street paving and resurfacing of Hinton Oaks Blvd.
	Total	\$ 981,280	

7. NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS

	<u>Governmental</u>
Capital assets	\$ 68,818,972
Less accumulated depreciation	(14,498,460)
Net capital assets	54,320,512
Less long-term debt	(11,529,627)
Add long-term debt East Wake Fire Dept.	5,177
Net investment in capital assets	<u>\$ 42,796,062</u>

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

8. FUND BALANCE

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General fund balance that is available for appropriation:

Total fund balance-General Fund	\$7,688,972
Less:	
Prepaid expenditures	9,526
Stabilization by State Statute	1,457,971
Streets-Powell Bill	450,545
Public Safety	70,362
Debt Service	199,540
Appropriated Fund Balance in 2016 budget	70,500
Working Capital / Fund Balance Policy	3,091,735
Remaining Fund Balance	2,338,793

The Town of Knightdale has adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the General Fund which instructs management to conduct the business of the Town in such a manner that available fund balance is at least equal to or greater than 25% of budget expenditures plus transfers out less proceeds of long-term debt. Fund balance in excess of 40% of this same total is transferred to the General Capital Projects – General Capital Reserve Fund to be used for future capital projects.

The outstanding encumbrances are amounts needed to pay any commitments related to purchase orders and contracts that remain unperformed at year-end.

Encumbrances	General Fund	Non-Major Funds	General Capital	Streets and Sidewalks
			Project Fund	Capital Project Fund
	\$151,468	\$5,573	\$101,178	\$141,151

NOTE 4 – JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZTIONS

Triangle J Regional Council of Governments

The Town, in conjunction with five counties and fourteen other municipalities, established the Triangle J Regional Council of Governments (Council). The participating governments established the Council to coordinate various funding received from federal and state agencies. Each participating government appoints one member to the Council's governing board. The Town paid membership fees of \$4,813 to the Council during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

NOTE 5 – JOINT VENTURES

East Wake Television (PEG Media Partners)

The Town, in conjunction with the Towns of Archer Lodge, Clayton, Garner, Rolesville, Wendell and Zebulon, operates two local public, educational and government (PEG) cable TV channels. East Wake TV is funded by state shared video programming franchise taxes collected by the State of North Carolina and remitted to the 7 participating Towns. These funds are restricted for the operation of local PEG channels. Prior to June 30, 2010, East Wake TV was recorded as a special revenue fund of the Town of Knightdale. As of July 1, 2010, East Wake TV was incorporated as a legally separate non-profit organization. The organization is governed by a Board of Directors consisting of the Town Managers of Archer Lodge, Clayton, Garner, Knightdale, Rolesville, Wendell and Zebulon. Each Town contributes its share of restricted PEG channel funds received from the State of North Carolina to East Wake TV. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, each town, including Knightdale, contributed \$42,655 to East Wake TV. The participating governments do not have any equity interest in the joint venture, so no equity interest has been reflected in the financial statements at June 30, 2015. East Wake TV operates from a studio built by the Town of Knightdale. East Wake Television operates under the name PEG Media Partners. Complete financial statements or a copy of Form 990 Return of Organization Exempt from Income Tax can be obtained from East Wake Television's office at 954 Steeple Square Court, Knightdale, NC 27545-7655.

During the current fiscal year, the Town of Knightdale contributed \$42,655 of restricted PEG channel funds received from State of North Carolina to East Wake Television.

Firemen's Relief Fund

The Town and the members of the Town's fire department each appoint two members to the five-member local board of trustees for the Firemen's Relief Fund. The State Insurance Commissioner appoints one additional member to the local board of trustees. The Firemen's Relief Fund is funded by a portion of the fire and lightning insurance premiums which insurers remit to the state. The state passes these moneys to the local board of the Firemen's Relief Fund. The funds are used to assist fire fighters in various ways. The Town obtains an ongoing financial benefit from the Fund for the on-behalf of payments for salaries and fringe benefits made to members of the Town's fire department by the board of trustees. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the Town reported revenues and expenditures for the payments of \$6,144 made through the Firemen's Relief Fund. The participating governments do not have any equity interest in the joint venture, so no equity has been reflected in the financial statements at June 30, 2015. The Firemen's Relief Fund does not issue separate audited financial statements. Instead, the local board of trustees files an annual financial report with the State Firemen's Association. This report can be obtained from the Association at 323 West Jones Street, Suite 401, Raleigh, North Carolina 27603.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

NOTE 6 – SUMMARY DISCLOSURE OF SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENCIES

Federal and State Assisted Programs

The Town has received proceeds from several federal and state grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant moneys to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant moneys for fiscal year 2015.

Developer Agreements

The Town has entered into several agreements with local developers related to development costs of public infrastructure and water and sewer improvements. The terms of these agreements require the developer to pay all costs of the public infrastructure including design, engineering and construction of road improvements and water and sewer improvements. The Town has agreed to reimburse or issue credits towards water and sewer acreage fees and sewer development fees to the developer, limited to the total cost, when users connect to these developer specific improvements. Development fees will be allotted to various agreements until costs are fully reimbursed or agreements expire (generally 12 years). As of June 30, 2015, there were seven developers eligible for reimbursements. The Town is also contingently liable for legal fees billable to developers related to development agreements between the Town and various developers in the event such fees are not paid by the developers. As of June 30, 2015, the Town has contingent liabilities related to these developer agreements as shown below:

	Legal
Developer	Fees
Various Developers	\$34,664

NOTE 7 – MERGER OF WATER AND SEWER UTILITY SYSTEM WITH THE CITY OF RALEIGH

The Water and Sewer Utility System of the Town was transferred to the City of Raleigh effective May 1, 2006. Under the terms of the agreement, Raleigh assumed full responsibility for the provision of water and sewer services in Knightdale, including responsibility for Knightdale's water and sewer utility systems and related equipment and property rights. Upon the transfer, Raleigh assumed immediate and sole duty and responsibility for financing, operating, maintaining, improving and expanding the water and sewer systems serving Knightdale's existing and future corporate limits and Urban Services Area. The Town transferred ownership of all facilities, property, land, equipment, financial assets, information and data subject to the agreement with Raleigh. Pursuant to the agreement, the Town transferred the remaining balance in the Utility Capital Projects Fund upon completion of construction in fiscal year 2012.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

The accompanying statement of net assets shows total notes receivable of \$1,259,762 due from the City of Raleigh related to this merger. The amount due from the City of Raleigh is shown as \$349,130 due within one year and \$910,632 due in more than one year. The City of Raleigh will also pay interest on this balance based on the Town of Knightdale's interest rates on the associated long term debt. During the current fiscal year, the City of Raleigh reimbursed the Town of Knightdale \$388,188 (\$344,603 principal plus \$43,585 interest) for debt service payments related to proprietary fund long term debt. As of June 30, 2015, the financial statements include current accounts payable to the City of Raleigh in the amount of \$22,847 related to water and sewer fees and assessments collected by Knightdale for the City of Raleigh.

NOTE 8 – CHANGE IN ACOUNTING PRINCIPLES/RESTATEMENT

The Town implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) statement 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions (an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27), in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015. The implementation of the statement required the Town to record beginning net pension liability and the effects on net position of contributions made by the Town during the measurement period (fiscal year ending June 30, 2014). As a result, net position for governmental activities decreased by \$726,627.

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' SPECIAL SEPARATION ALLOWANCE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

Ten Years Ended December 31, 2014

Actuarial		Actu	arial Accrued				
Valuation	Actuarial	Lial	oility (AAL)	Unfunded			UAAL as a
Date	Value of]	Projected	AAL	Funded	Covered	% of Covered
December	Assets	U	nit Credit	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
31st	(a)		(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	((b-c)/c)
2014	\$	- \$	722,555	\$ 722,555	0%	\$ 1,531,296	47.19%
2013		-	772,896	772,896	0%	1,563,299	49.44%
2012		-	689,014	689,014	0%	1,519,637	45.34%
2011		-	646,103	646,103	0%	1,594,135	40.53%
2010		-	640,715	640,715	0%	1,454,182	44.06%
2009		-	720,810	720,810	0%	1,454,904	49.54%
2008		-	499,299	499,299	0%	1,191,634	41.90%
2007		-	371,500	371,500	0%	1,197,294	31.03%
2006		-	272,769	272,769	0%	992,302	27.49%
2005		-	241,728	241,728	0%	914,460	26.43%

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' SPECIAL SEPARATION ALLOWANCE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

Ten Years Ended June 30, 2015

Year Ended June 30	Annual Required Contributions		Percentage Contributed	
2015	\$	96,560	59.32%	
2014		77,112	74.28%	
2013		72,610	58.82%	
2012		69,292	44.11%	
2011		74,041	30.78%	
2010		51,819	43.98%	
2009		46,658	41.33%	
2008		35,708	0.00%	
2007		31,890	0.00%	
2006		29,971	0.00%	

Notes to the Required Schedules:

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated.

Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Valuation Date	December 31, 2014
Actuarial cost method	Projected unit credit
Amortization method	Level dollar closed
Remaining amortization period	16
Asset valuation method	Market value
Actuarial assumptions:	
Investment rate of return	5.00%
Projected salary increases	4.25 to 7.85%
Includes inflation at	3.00%
Cost-of-living adjustments	N/A

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

Five Years Ended December 31, 2013

Actuarial		Actuaria	al Accrued				
Valuation	Actuarial	Liabili	ty (AAL)	Unfunded			UAAL as a
Date	Value of	Pro	jected	AAL	Funded	Covered	% of Covered
December	Assets	Unit	Credit	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
31st	(a)		(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	((b-c)/c)
2013	\$ -	- \$	3,361,199 \$	3,361,199	0%	\$ 3,691,352	91.06%
2011	-	=	3,142,095	3,142,095	0%	3,802,422	82.63%
2009	-		2,419,933	2,419,933	0%	3,399,751	71.18%

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

Five Years Ended June 30, 2015

Year Ended June 30	Annual Required Contributions		Percentage Contributed	
2015	\$	323,201	14.62%	
2014		323,201	15.88%	
2013		336,428	10.73%	
2012		336,428	7.32%	
2011		237,605	8.11%	

Notes to the Required Schedules:

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at December 31, 2013.

Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Valuation Date	December 31, 2013
Actuarial cost method	Projected unit credit
Amortization method	Level percentage of pay, open
Remaining amortization period	30 years
Asset valuation method	Market value
Actuarial assumptions:	
Investment rate of return	4.00%
Medical cost trend rate	
Pre-Medicare trend rate	7.75% - 5.00%
Post-Medicare trend rate	5.75% - 5.00%
Year of ultimate trend rate	2019
Includes inflation at	3.00%

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE'S CONTRIBUTIONS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS

LOCAL GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

	2015		2014
Contractually required contribution	\$ 274,191	\$	271,432
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions	274,191	_	271,432
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ _	\$	
Town of Knightdale's covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,808,190	\$	3,793,488
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	7.20%		7.16%

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA
TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE'S PROPORTIONATE STARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET)
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS*

LOCAL GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

	2015	2014
Knightdale's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (%)	 0.08259%	0.08280%
Knightdale's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (\$)	\$ (487,072)	\$ 998,058
Knightdale's covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,808,190	\$ 3,793,488
Knightdale's proprtionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a perentage of its covered-employee payroll	-12.79%	26.31%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability**	102.64%	94.35%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

^{**} This will be the same percentage for all participant employers in the LGERS plan.

INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

This section contains additional information on the Governmental and Proprietary Funds (budget to actual comparison) and other schedules (ad valorem taxes receivable and current tax levy).



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TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

			2014		
			Variance with	 	
		Actual Amounts	Final Budget -		
	 Budget	(Budgetary Basis)	Positive (Negative)	 Actual	
REVENUES					
Ad valorem taxes					
Current year	\$ 5,924,874	\$ 6,019,940	\$ 95,066	\$ 5,954,407	
Prior years	117,337	179,065	61,728	92,400	
Penalties and interest	25,000	24,110	(890)	46,704	
Total	 6,067,211	6,223,115	155,904	 6,093,511	
Other taxes and licenses					
Motor vehicle licenses	59,877	60,587	710	73,760	
Gross receipts on rental vehicles	25,000	39,242	14,242	33,348	
Privilege licenses	85,000	69,867	(15,133)	87,413	
Total	 169,877	169,696	(181)	 194,521	
Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues					
Local option sales tax	2,234,245	2,450,501	216,256	2,238,366	
Utility franchise tax	561,823	801,341	239,518	592,748	
Wine and beer tax	48,000	60,533	12,533	53,979	
ABC profits	33,000	47,973	14,973	40,909	
Total	2,877,068	3,360,348	483,280	 2,926,002	
Restricted intergovernmental revenues					
State street aid - Powell Bill	330,000	339,319	9,319	328,681	
Federal grants	28,107	30,546	2,439	55,667	
Drug seizures	1,000	1,846	846	87,156	
NC Department of Revenue PEG Channel Support	63,940	55,155	(8,785)	63,691	
Solid waste disposal tax	7,000	8,190	1,190	9,039	
Wake County Public Schools - Resource officer	37,838	37,838	-	37,838	
Firemen's relief fund	 7,000	6,144	(856)	 7,320	
Total	 474,885	479,038	4,153	 589,392	

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

			20	15			2014	
		Budget	Actual A		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)			Actual
Permits and fees	•	100.000	Ф	222 674	Ф	22.074	•	101 (75
Building permits and inspection fees	\$	190,800	\$	223,674	\$	32,874	\$	101,675
Certificate of occupancy fees		11,000		14,491		3,491		11,592
Miscellaneous fees		9,000		34,041		25,041		7,498
Fines and penalties		4,000		21,800		17,800		20,450
Officer fees Total		5,944 220,744		6,121 300,127		79,383		6,741 147,956
Total		220,744		300,127		/9,383		147,956
Sales and services								
Sanitation Sanitation fees		504,960		545,045		40,085		521,492
Recycle fees		134,880		143,992		9,112		
Subtotal		639,840		689,037		49,197		139,858 661,350
Subtotal		039,640		089,037		49,197	-	001,330
Recreation								
Program fees		432,800		278,065		(154,735)		254,757
Pool fees		36,200		48,579		12,379		45,438
Recreation center fees		30,000		34,222		4,222		34,798
Track out fees		112,000		115,436		3,436		111,849
Knightdale Station Park fees		5,000		11,354		6,354		9,406
Subtotal		616,000		487,656		(128,344)		456,248
Total		1,255,840	1	,176,693		(79,147)		1,117,598
Investment earnings		14,000		10,442		(3,558)		17,489
Other revenues								
Miscellaneous		32,514		11,806		(20,708)		26,176
Insurance proceeds		1,700		5,101		3,401		2,368
Reimbursement for off duty police officers		12,000		20,630		8,630		13,562
Fines and forfeitures		6,000		2,056		(3,944)		2,170
Total		52,214		39,593		(12,621)		44,276
TOTAL REVENUES		11,131,839	11	,759,052		627,213		11,130,745

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	2015							
	Budget		Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis)		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		Actual	
EXPENDITURES								
General government								
Town Council								
Current								
Personnel services	\$ 270,325	\$	266,617	\$	3,708	\$	230,324	
Operations & maintenance	 156,501		151,323		5,178		140,263	
Total	 426,826		417,940		8,886		370,587	
Administration								
Current								
Personnel services	253,054		251,900		1,154		247,222	
Operations & maintenance	 63,521		38,583		24,938		83,119	
Total	 316,575		290,483		26,092		330,341	
Finance								
Current								
Personnel services	440,297		421,330		18,967		420,621	
Operations & maintenance	 227,112		217,382		9,730		222,846	
Total	 667,409		638,712		28,697		643,467	
Total general government	 1,410,810		1,347,135		63,675		1,344,395	
Public safety								
Police								
Current								
Personnel services	2,246,263		2,125,446		120,817		2,222,818	
Operations & maintenance	468,355		412,300		56,055		416,337	
Capital outlay	 106,114		106,072		42		128,336	
Total	 2,820,732		2,643,818		176,914		2,767,491	

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

		2015						
	Budget	Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	Actual				
T'								
Fire								
Current	ф 025 0 <i>c</i> 5	012.017	25.050	Φ 012.250				
Personnel services	\$ 837,967	\$ 812,017		\$ 812,258				
Operations & maintenance	197,274	168,911	28,363	174,858				
Total	1,035,241	980,928	54,313	987,116				
Total public safety	3,855,973	3,624,746	231,227	3,754,607				
Transportation								
Public Works								
Current								
Personnel services	299,830	291,354	8,476	309,065				
Operations & maintenance	339,471	278,579	60,892	265,633				
Capital Outlay	101,800	59,333	42,467	90,550				
Total	741,101	629,266	111,835	665,248				
Engineering								
Current								
Personnel services	133,090	96,730	36,360	167,724				
Operations & maintenance	26,600	12,027	14,573	10,994				
Capital Outlay	-	-	-	17,650				
Total	159,690	108,757	50,933	196,368				
Public Buildings and Grounds								
Current								
Personnel services	271,660	262,043	9,617	218,557				
Operations & maintenance	193,159	146,770	46,389	140,855				
Capital Outlay	86,500	45,800	40,700	73,421				
Total	551,319	454,613	96,706	432,833				
Streets and Highways								
Current								
Operations & maintenance	323,800	259,439	64,361	252,156				
Street resurfacing	811,700	800,926	10,774	346,028				
Capital Outlay	5,000	-	5,000	-				
Total	1,140,500	1,060,365	80,135	598,184				
Total transportation	2,592,610	2,253,001	339,609	1,892,633				
			<u></u>					

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

				2014				
	Ві	Budget		Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis)		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		Actual
Environmental Protection								
Sanitation								
Current								
Operations & maintenance	\$	663,860	\$	586,264	\$	77,596	\$	550,680
Economic and physical development								
Planning and Zoning								
Current								
Personnel services		395,672		363,135		32,537		375,544
Operations & maintenance		69,490		45,588		23,902		44,822
Total		465,162		408,723		56,439		420,366
Special Appropriations								
Current								
Special appropriations		59,750		53,352		6,398		55,371
East Wake Television - PEG Media Partners		63,940		42,655		21,285		63,691
Total		123,690		96,007		27,683		119,062
Total economic and physical development		588,852		504,730		84,122		539,428
Cultural & recreational								
Parks and Recreation								
Current								
Personnel services		392,430		385,263		7,167		332,444
Operations & maintenance		523,858		276,315		247,543		293,076
Capital outlay		10,000		-		10,000		-
Total		926,288		661,578		264,710		625,520
Knightdale Pool								
Current								
Personnel services		9,647		5,479		4,168		5,520
Operations & maintenance		78,230		74,897		3,333		75,427
Capital outlay		-		-		-		6,173
Total		87,877		80,376		7,501		87,120

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

			2015			2014	
	 		al Amounts	Variance with Final Budget -			
	 Budget	(Budg	getary Basis)	Positiv	ve (Negative)		Actual
Community Park and Recreation Center							
Current							
Personnel services	\$ 77,899	\$	77,015	\$	884	\$	78,628
Operations & maintenance	140,313		102,895		37,418		82,012
Capital outlay	32,000		-		32,000		-
Total	 250,212		179,910		70,302		160,640
Track Out Program							
Current	00.515		02.655		(1.50)		00.001
Personnel services	92,517		92,675		(158)		98,081
Operations & maintenance	 27,390		18,228		9,162		11,030
Total	 119,907		110,903		9,004		109,111
Knightdale Station Park							
Current							
Operations & maintenance	82,292		65,827		16,465		6,724
Capital outlay	 50,000		3,375		46,625		-
Total	 132,292		69,202		63,090		6,724
Total cultural and recreational	 1,516,576		1,101,969		414,607		989,115
Debt service							
Note principal	906,834		906,535		299		906,606
Note interest	230,488		233,059		(2,571)		260,430
Debt issuance fees	-		-		-		150
Bond principal	257,632		257,632		-		58,421
Bond interest	69,017		66,061		2,956		11,243
Total debt service	 1,463,971		1,463,287		684		1,236,850
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	 12,092,652		10,881,132		1,211,520		10,307,708
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(960,813)		877,920		1,838,733		823,037
	 				-		

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

				2014				
					Va	riance with		
			Act	ual Amounts	Final Budget -			
	Budget		(Budgetary Basis)		Positi	ve (Negative)		Actual
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers from:								
General Capital Reserve	\$	587,000	\$	517,853	\$	(69,147)	\$	244,091
Transfers to:								
General Capital Reserve Fund		(274,287)		(274,287)		-		(270,003)
Street and Sidewalk Capital Project Fund		-		-		-		(75,720)
Sale of capital assets		14,000		4,237		(9,763)		7,415
Installment purchase obligations issued		200,000		200,000		-		-
Appropriated fund balance		434,100		-		(434,100)		
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		960,813		447,803		(513,010)		(94,217)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$			1,325,723	\$	1,325,723		728,820
FUND BALANCE - beginning of year				6,363,249				5,634,429
FUND BALANCE - end of year		:	\$	7,688,972			\$	6,363,249

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL CAPITAL PROJECT - CAPITAL RESERVE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For The Year Ended June 30, 2015

			2015			 2014
					Variance Favorable	
REVENUES	1	Budget	Actual		(Unfavorable)	 Actual
Other taxes and licenses:						
Motor vehicle licenses	\$	95,754	\$ 13	20,979 \$	25,225	\$ 142,922
Permits and fees:						
Streets-in-lieu fees		-		8,991	8,991	26,420
Transportation fees		81,000	;	88,429	7,429	464
Recreation-in-lieu fees		43,000	4	44,020	1,020	6,408
Sales and services:						
Recreation program fees		5,000		2,161	(2,839)	3,758
Recreation sponsor fees		-		6,400	6,400	28,100
Investment earnings		3,559		3,358	(201)	6,862
TOTAL REVENUES		228,313	2	74,338	46,025	214,934
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers from:						
General Fund		274,287	2	74,287	-	270,003
Transfers to:						
General Fund		(517,853)	(5	17,853)	-	(244,091)
General Capital Projects Fund		(66,000)	(65,993)	7	(491,354)
Street and Sidewalk Capital Project Fund		(123,147)	(1)	23,147)	_	(100,187)
Fund Balance:		, , ,	`			
Appropriated Fund Balance		204,400		-	(204,400)	_
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		(228,313)	(4.	32,706)	(204,393)	(565,629)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$		(1:	58,368)	\$ (158,368)	(350,695)
FUND BALANCE - beginning of year			2,3	79,515		 2,730,210
FUND BALANCE - end of year		\$	2,2	21,147		\$ 2,379,515

From Inception To June 30, 2015

					A	ctual		
		Project		Prior	Cı	urrent	Total	
	Αι	ıthorization		Years	Y	Year	To Date	
Page 1 of 2								
REVENUES								
Restricted intergovernmental revenues								
US Department of Transportation Highway Planning and Construction	\$	1,880,000	\$	1,862,643	\$	- \$	1,862,643	
State of North Carolina - Knightdale Station Park		-		-		360,000	360,000	
State of North Carolina - Mingo Creek Greenway		150,000		150,000		-	150,000	
Wake County - Mingo Creek Greenway		465,000		465,000		-	465,000	
Total		2,495,000		2,477,643		360,000	2,837,643	
Investment earnings				-		2	2	
SUBTOTAL REVENUES		2,495,000		2,477,643		360,002	2,837,645	
Less closed projects		(2,495,000)		(2,477,643)		(360,000)	(2,837,643)	
TOTAL REVENUES				-		2	2	
EXPENDITURES								
Mingo Creek Greenway								
Engineering fees		477,500		448,851		-	448,851	
Construction		2,629,300		2,357,103		175,133	2,532,236	
Lynnwood Connector		260,000		260,000		-	260,000	
Right of way acquisition		33,200		33,145		-	33,145	
Total		3,400,000		3,099,099		175,133	3,274,232	
Knightdale Park								
Professional services		189,700		159,568		24,843	184,411	
Construction		4,031,929		1,743,217		856,097	2,599,314	
Land acquisition		203,800		188,770		-	188,770	
Other expenditures		200,000		-		200,000	200,000	
Contingency		146,000		-		-	-	
Total	-	4,771,429		2,091,555		1,080,940	3,172,495	
SUBTOTAL EXPENDITURES		8,171,429		5,190,654		1,256,073	6,446,727	
Less closed projects		(7,147,400)		(5,190,654)		(1,248,295)	(6,438,949)	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		1,024,029		-		7,778	7,778	

From Inception To June 30, 2015

		Project		Prior	Current		Total
	Au	ıthorization		Years	Year	To Date	
Page 2 of 2	_	_	·				
Revenues under expenditures before							
other financing sources	\$	(1,024,029)	\$	- \$	(7,776)	\$	(7,776)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES							
Transfers from:							
General Capital Reserve Fund		2,305,400		644,639	65,993		710,632
Utility Capital Project Fund		371,029		391,615	-		391,615
Bonds and installment notes from financing issued		3,000,000	-	3,000,000	-		3,000,000
SUBTOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES		5,676,429		4,036,254	65,993		4,102,247
Less closed projects		(4,652,400)		(2,713,011)	(888,295)		(3,601,306)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES		1,024,029		1,323,243	(822,302)		500,941
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	1,323,243 \$	(830,078)	\$	493,165

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA STREETS AND SIDEWALKS CAPITAL PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

From Inception To June 30, 2015

					Actual	
			P	rior	Current	Total
	Project A	uthorization	Y	ears	Year	To Date
REVENUES						
Restricted intergovernmental revenues						
United States Department of Transportation - STP-DA	\$	342,567	\$	49,286	\$ 275,380 \$	
Community Development Block Grant - Main Street Sidewalks		302,880		2,266	235,641	237,907
Community Development Block Grant - Smithfield Road Sidewalks		221,000		5,734	199,596	205,330
United States Department of Transportation - CMAQ		600,000		75,017	323,110	398,127
SUBTOTAL REVENUES		1,466,447		132,303	1,033,727	1,166,030
Less closed projects		(523,880)		(8,000)	(435,237)	(443,237)
TOTAL REVENUES		942,567		124,303	598,490	722,793
EXPENDITURES						
Capital projects:						
Smithfield Road Sidewalks STP-DA		551,000		70,998	468,665	539,663
Main Street Sidewalks Community Development Block Grant		378,600		77,986	235,396	313,382
Smithfield Road Sidewalks Community Development Block Grant		340,000		100,636	199,595	300,231
Smithfield Road Turn Lane CMAQ		750,000		96,695	403,889	500,584
SUBTOTAL EXPENDITURES		2,019,600	-	346,315	1,307,545	1,653,860
Less closed projects		(718,600)		(178,622)	(434,991)	(613,613)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	-	1,301,000	-	167,693	872,554	1,040,247
Revenues under expenditures before						
other financing sources		(358,433)		(43,390)	(274,064)	(317,454)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Transfers from:						
General Fund		75,720		75,720	-	75,720
General Capital Reserve Fund		428,100		158,687	123,147	281,834
Storm Water Fund		49,333		49,333	-	49,333
SUBTOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES		553,153		283,740	123,147	406,887
Less closed projects		(194,720)		(170,376)	-	(170,376)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES		358,433		113,364	123,147	236,511
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$		\$	69,974	\$ (150,917)	\$ (80,943)

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - STORM WATER FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

		2015			2014
	Budget	al Amounts etary Basis)	Final	ance with Budget - e (Negative)	Actual
Page 1 of 2					
REVENUES					
Permits and fees					
Storm Water fees	\$ 271,872	\$ 264,683	\$	(7,189)	\$ 273,655
Sinking fund revenue	-	86,844		86,844	-
Total	 271,872	351,527		79,655	 273,655
Investment earnings	 128	158		30	 266
TOTAL REVENUES	 272,000	351,685		79,685	 273,921
EXPENDITURES					
Environmental Protection					
Storm Water Administration					
Current					
Personnel services	38,536	32,068		6,468	39,435
Operations & maintenance	6,700	6,522		178	66,031
Capital outlay	 34,555	20,021		14,534	 -
Total	 79,791	58,611		21,180	 105,466
Storm Water Maintenance					
Current					
Personnel services	54,152	50,852		3,300	37,777
Operations & maintenance	90,612	61,008		29,604	6,533
Capital outlay	 167,445	76,732		90,713	 12,030
Total	 312,209	188,592		123,617	 56,340
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	 392,000	247,203		144,797	 161,806
Revenues over (under) expenditures	 (120,000)	104,482		224,482	 112,115

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - STORM WATER FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

			2	2015			 2014
						iance with	
				Amounts		l Budget -	
	I	Budget	(Budge	tary Basis)	Positiv	ve (Negative)	 Actual
Page 2 of 2							
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers to:							
Capital Project Fund	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ (49,333)
Appropriated fund balance		120,000		-		(120,000)	-
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		120,000		-		(120,000)	 (49,333)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$			104,482	\$	104,482	62,782
FUND BALANCE - beginning of year		-		137,689			 74,907
FUND BALANCE - end of year		<u>-</u>	\$	242,171			\$ 137,689

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA WATER AND SEWER OPERATIONS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015 With Comparative Actual Amounts for Year Ended June 30, 2014 Page 1 of 2

				Variance Favorable	
	Budget		Actual	(Unfavorable)	Actual
REVENUES					
Water operating revenues					
Tap-on and connection fees	\$	4,100 \$	-	\$ (4,100)	\$ -
Meter installation fees	54	1,000	-	(54,000)	-
Inspection fees	4	3,800	-	(48,800)	-
Total operating revenues	100	5,900	-	(106,900)	
Water non-operating revenues					
Capacity fees	30	5,500	-	(306,500)	-
Capital facility fees	659	9,500	-	(659,500)	-
Nutrient reduction charge	14	7,000	-	(147,000)	-
Fee in lieu of water improvements		-	4,705	4,705	4,896
Total	1,111	3,000	4,705	(1,108,295)	4,896
Sewer non-operating revenues					
Capacity fees	30	9,000	-	(309,000)	-
Acreage fees	2:	2,400	-	(22,400)	-
Capital facility fees	72	7,300	-	(727,300)	-
Fee in lieu of sewer improvements		-	3,726	3,726	3,723
Total	1,05	3,700	3,726	(1,054,974)	3,723
TOTAL REVENUES	2,27	3,600	8,431	(2,270,169)	8,619

2015

2014

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA WATER AND SEWER OPERATIONS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015 With Comparative Actual Amounts for Year Ended June 30, 2014

Page 2 of 2		2015			2014
			Variance Favorable		
	 Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)	-	Actual
EXPENDITURES					
Water & Sewer					
City of Raleigh fees	\$ 2,278,600 \$	- \$, ,	\$	-
Professional services	 10,000	9,463	537		-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	 2,288,600	9,463	2,279,137		<u>-</u>
Total revenues over expenditures	 (10,000)	(1,032)	8,968		8,619
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Debt Service					
City of Raleigh - reimbursement of debt service payments	388,188	388,187	(1)		393,611
Interest	(43,645)	(43,584)	61		(55,551)
Debt principal	(344,543)	(344,603)	(60)		(338,060)
Fund balance appropriated	 10,000	-	(10,000)		
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	 10,000	-	(10,000)		
Total revenues and other financing sources					
over expenditures and other financing uses	\$ <u>-</u>	(1,032)	\$ (1,032)		8,619
Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrual:					
Principal paid on debt		344,603			338,060
Payments received on notes receivable		(344,603)			(338,060)
Assessments receivable		22,412			21,786
Assessments payable to City of Raleigh		(22,412)			(21,786)
Decrease in accrued interest		565			648
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$	(467)		\$	9,267

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF AD VALOREM TAXES RECEIVABLE

June 30, 2015

Fiscal Year	В	collected alance 30, 2014	Current Levy	Collections and Credits	Uncollected Balance June 30, 2015
2015	\$	- \$	6,166,908	\$ 6,160,848	\$ 6,060
2014		48,956	-	34,944	14,012
2013		16,330	-	5,043	11,287
2012		11,813	-	2,732	9,081
2011		7,603	-	1,752	5,851
2010		7,258	-	779	6,479
2009		5,822	-	985	4,837
2008		8,837	-	533	8,304
2007		6,764	-	248	6,516
2006		7,109	-	327	6,782
2005		4,103	-	4,103	-
Total	\$	124,595 \$	6,166,908	\$ 6,212,294	\$ 79,209

RECONCILIATION WITH REVENUES		
Taxes - Ad Valorem - General Fund	\$	6,223,115
Add (deduct):		
Penalties and interest		(24,110)
Taxes written off		4,103
Releases, rebates and adjustments	<u></u>	9,186
Total Collections and Credits	\$	6,212,294

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA ANALYSIS OF CURRENT TAX LEVY

June 30, 2015

		Town-Wide		Total Levy								
	Property Valuation	Tax Rate	Total Levy	_	erty Excluding istered Motor Vehicles	Registered Motor Vehicles						
Original levy: Property taxed at current year's rate Penalties Total	\$ 1,431,372,093	0.43	\$ 6,154,900 3,111 6,158,011	\$	5,653,522 3,111 5,656,633	\$ 501,378 - 501,378						
Discoveries: Prior year taxes Total	 1,431,372,093	0.43	 44,476 6,202,487		43,691 5,700,324	785 502,163						
Abatements	 (8,274,186)	0.43	 (35,579)		(34,009)	(1,570)						
Total property valuation	\$ 1,423,097,907											
Net levy			6,166,908		5,666,315	500,593						
Uncollected taxes at June 30, 2015			 6,060		4,394	1,666						
Current year's taxes collected			\$ 6,160,848	\$	5,661,921	\$ 498,927						
Current levy collection percentage			 99.90%		99.92%	99.67%						



Knightdale Station Park Playground



This section, unaudited, presents comparative statistical data, graphs, and other pertinent information of the Town which may be further divided into the following:

Financial Trends (Tables 1-4) containing trend information to help the reader understand how the Town's financial performance and standing have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity (Tables 5-9) containing information to help the reader assess the Town's tax base and revenue from property taxes.

Debt Capacity (Tables 10-13) containing schedules to help the reader assess the affordability of the Town's current levels of outstanding debt and the Town's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Operating Information (Tables 14 - 16) containing information about the Town's operation and resources to help the reader understand how the Town's financial information relates to the services the Town provides and the activities it performs.

Demographic and Economic Information (Tables 17 - 19) containing demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment with which the Town's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time, and with other governments.

STATISTICAL SECTION



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Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

Table 1

		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014		2015
Governmental Activities																				
Net investment in capital assets	\$	19,364,428	\$	24,236,450	\$	25,886,116	\$	25,878,475	\$	26,004,718	\$	28,955,166	\$	28,803,069	\$	33,353,729	\$	41,680,758	\$	42,796,062
Restricted		546,747		721,391		374,673		362,226		434,244		1,943,693		1,895,412		2,299,485		4,253,275		3,020,044
Unrestricted		4,608,868		4,165,983		3,795,806		4,279,809		4,180,012		3,295,965		4,953,181		5,089,424		2,645,764		4,586,612
Total governmental activities net position	\$	24,520,043	\$	29,123,824	\$	30,056,595	\$	30,520,510	\$	30,618,974	\$	34,194,824	\$	35,651,662	\$	40,742,638	\$	48,579,797	\$	50,402,718
Business-type Activities																				
Net investment in capital assets	\$	1,468,245	\$	1,463,495	\$	138,513	\$	98,510	\$	628,502	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Restricted		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Unrestricted		3,835,706		2,972,717		2,573,622		2,529,872		2,018,216		1,044,574		46,062		61,500		70,767		70,300
Total business-type activities net position	\$	5,303,951	\$	4,436,212	\$	2,712,135	\$	2,628,382	\$	2,646,718	\$	1,044,574	\$	46,062	\$	61,500	\$	70,767	\$	70,300
Primary Government																				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	20,832,673	\$	25,699,945	\$	26,024,629	\$	25,976,985	\$	26,633,220	\$	28,955,166	\$	28,803,069	\$	33,353,729	\$	41,680,758	\$	42,796,062
Restricted	Ψ	546,747	Ψ	721,391	Ψ	374,673	Ψ	362,226	Ψ	434,244	Ψ	1,943,693	Ψ	1,895,412	Ψ	2,299,485	Ψ	4,253,275	Ψ	3,020,044
Unrestricted		8,444,574		7,138,700		6,369,428		6,809,681		6,198,228		4,340,539		4,999,243		5,150,924		2,716,531		4,656,912
Total primary government net position	\$	29,823,994	\$	33,560,036	\$	32,768,730	\$	33,148,892	\$	33,265,692	\$	35,239,398	\$	35,697,724	\$	40,804,138	\$	48,650,564	\$	50,473,018

^{1.} During Fiscal Year 2006, the Town of Knightdale merged its business-type activity with the City of Raleigh.

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

Га		

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Expenses										
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$ 1,231,354	\$ 1,554,942	\$ 1,678,580	\$ 1,237,945	\$ 1,490,500	\$ 1,454,654	\$ 2,155,837	\$ 1,716,310	\$ 1,706,307	\$ 1,462,856
Public safety	2,170,091	2,693,784	3,189,681	3,378,339	3,647,406	4,087,816	4,202,231	4,025,428	3,964,847	3,850,081
Transportation Environmental protection	1,155,980	1,520,650	3,717,007	2,296,984 520,985	2,366,730 535,182	2,442,706 532,250	2,401,269 571,764	2,297,740 745,462	2,481,115 708,691	3,593,265 769,509
Economic development	-	-	_	571,441	418,950	449,226	579,390	550,333	536,780	509,072
Cultural and recreational	844,994	953,912	999,956	916,189	898,375	918,928	976,780	955,930	1,238,780	1,567,881
Interest on long-term debt	187,678	219,065	213,735	217,628	168,894	299,747	251,805	318,556	331,372	277,097
Total governmental activities expenses	\$ 5,590,097	\$ 6,942,353	\$ 9,798,959	\$ 9,139,511	\$ 9,526,037	\$ 10,185,327	\$ 11,139,076	\$ 10,609,759	\$ 10,967,892	\$ 12,029,761
Business-type activities:										
Water and sewer	2,808,455	176,251	308,128	149,315	133,748	130,422	176,625	75,525	54,903	52,482
Total business-type activities expenses	2,808,455	176,251	308,128	149,315	133,748	130,422	176,625	75,525	54,903	 52,482
Total primary government expenses	\$ 8,398,552	\$ 7,118,604	\$ 10,107,087	\$ 9,288,826	\$ 9,659,785	\$ 10,315,749	\$ 11,315,701	\$ 10,685,284	\$ 11,022,795	\$ 12,082,243
Program Revenues										
Governmental activities:										
Charges for service:										
General government	\$ 318,428	\$ 250,789	\$ 245,921	\$ 304,908	\$ 1,250	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 300,127
Public safety	16,812	17,145	19,068	16,687	35,431	41,616	28,363	22,974	44,262	-
Public works	854,770	782,327	466,284	776,099	8,080	396,177	143,531	200,389	26,884	97,420
Environmental protection	-	-	-	-	590,782	642,781	620,313	938,852	934,875	1,043,007
Economic development	-	-	-	-	102,752	139,569	158,937	197,998	103,694	-
Cultural and recreational	309,771	290,171	389,067	517,406	371,833	423,361	427,063	483,567	494,514	540,237
Operating grants and contributions	285,157	230,133	392,971	400,597	518,147	864,939	830,434	684,002	595,622	1,277,124
Capital grants and contributions	6,047,567	4,281,017	2,054,202	460,355	509,192	2,961,423	884,887	4,714,539	7,239,152	1,445,891
Total governmental activities program revenue	\$ 7,832,505	\$ 5,851,582	\$ 3,567,513	\$ 2,476,052	\$ 2,137,467	\$ 5,469,866	\$ 3,093,528	\$ 7,242,321	\$ 9,439,003	\$ 4,703,806
Business-type activities:										
Charges for service:										
Water and sewer	4,690,198	610,182	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Operating grants and contributions	45,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital grants and contributions	2,693,216	-	-	-	-	-	87,684	-	-	-
Total business-type activities program revenues	7,428,414	610,182	-	-	-	-	87,684	-	-	-
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 15,260,919	\$ 6,461,764	\$ 3,567,513	\$ 2,476,052	\$ 2,137,467	\$ 5,469,866	\$ 3,181,212	\$ 7,242,321	\$ 9,439,003	\$ 4,703,806

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

ntinued)

	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>
Net (Expense) / Revenue										
Governmental activities	\$ 2,242,408	\$ (1,090,771)	\$ (6,231,446)	\$ (6,663,459)	\$ (7,388,570)	\$ (4,715,461)	\$ (8,045,548)	\$ (3,367,438)	\$ (1,528,889)	\$ (7,325,955)
Business-type activities	 4,619,959	433,931	(308,128)	(149,315)	(133,748)	(130,422)	(88,941)	(75,525)	(54,903)	(52,482)
Total primary government net revenue /(expense)	\$ 6,862,367	\$ (656,840)	\$ (6,539,574)	\$ (6,812,774)	\$ (7,522,318)	\$ (4,845,883)	\$ (8,134,489)	\$ (3,442,963)	\$ (1,583,792)	\$ (7,378,437)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position										
Governmental activities:										
Taxes:										
Property taxes, levied for general purpose	\$ 2,964,521	\$ 3,211,186	\$ 3,764,366	\$ 4,456,795	\$ 4,796,505	\$ 5,125,475	\$ 5,249,709	\$ 5,421,563	\$ 6,042,731	\$ 6,179,543
Other taxes and licenses	71,811	90,276	111,506	206,738	220,629	232,843	246,403	284,406	326,641	277,822
Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues	1,515,494	1,684,976	2,399,221	2,253,064	2,314,882	2,662,238	2,545,808	2,697,954	2,926,002	3,360,348
Unrestricted investment earnings	156,309	352,523	223,244	74,465	22,027	33,351	34,957	37,194	25,213	13,960
Miscellaneous	655,657	355,591	228,540	136,315	132,991	237,404	774,350	17,297	45,461	43,830
Transfers	 (12,224)	-	216,529	(3)	-	-	651,159	-	-	-
Total governmental activities	 5,351,568	5,694,552	6,943,406	7,127,374	7,487,034	8,291,311	9,502,386	8,458,414	9,366,048	9,875,503
Business-type activities:										
Unrestricted investment earnings	209,862	338,757	278,875	192,393	146,081	130,917	125,126	67,162	55,551	43,584
Gain /(Loss) on abandoned capital project	-	(4,750)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-	6,003	6,017	17,711	23,801	8,619	8,431
Transfers	12,224	-	(216,529)	3	-	-	(651,159)	-	-	-
Special item (loss on transfer of assets to Raleigh)	 (13,902,400)	(13,426)	(1,478,295)	(126,834)	-	(1,608,656)	(401,249)	-	-	-
Total business-type activities	 (13,680,314)	320,581	(1,415,949)	65,562	152,084	(1,471,722)	(909,571)	90,963	64,170	52,015
Total primary government	\$ (8,328,746)	\$ 6,015,133	\$ 5,527,457	\$ 7,192,936	\$ 7,639,118	\$ 6,819,589	\$ 8,592,815	\$ 8,549,377	\$ 9,430,218	\$ 9,927,518
Change in Net Position										
Governmental activities	\$ 7,593,976	\$ 4,603,781	\$ 711,960	\$ 463,915	\$ 98,464	\$ 3,575,850	\$ 1,456,838	\$ 5,090,976	\$ 7,837,159	\$ 2,549,548
Business-type activities	 (9,060,355)	754,512	(1,724,077)	(83,753)	18,336	(1,602,144)	(998,512)	15,438	9,267	(467)
Total primary government	\$ (1,466,379)	\$ 5,358,293	\$ (1,012,117)	\$ 380,162	\$ 116,800	\$ 1,973,706	\$ 458,326	\$ 5,106,414	\$ 7,846,426	\$ 2,549,081

Fund Balance of Governmental Funds

Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

Table 3

		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014		2015
General Fund	Φ	1 000 454	Φ.	1 201 442	Ф	1.504.057	Φ.	1 120 207	•	1 200 200	Φ.		Φ.		Ф		Ф		Φ.	
Reserved	\$	1,080,454	\$	1,281,443	\$	1,584,857	\$	1,120,396	\$	1,309,298	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Unreserved		2,792,920		2,301,379		1,981,389		2,104,441		1,930,259		22.476		26,000		11 422		0.072		0.526
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-		-		23,476		36,008		11,423		9,072		9,526
Restricted		-		-		-		-		-		1,605,841		1,527,084		2,005,357		2,152,862		2,170,548
Assigned		-		-		-		-		-		212,000		100,800		187,220		171,600		70,500
Unassigned												2,536,605		2,984,408		3,430,429		4,029,715		5,438,398
Total General Fund	\$	3,873,374	\$	3,582,822	\$	3,566,246	\$	3,224,837	\$	3,239,557	\$	4,377,922	\$	4,648,300	\$	5,634,429	\$	6,363,249	\$	7,688,972
All other governmental funds																				
Reserved	\$	66,792	\$	71,359	\$	55,586	\$	-	\$	34,070	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Unreserved, reported in:																				
Special revenue funds		1,388,265		1,556,839		877,484		1,758,431		-		-		-		-		-		-
Capital project funds		88,235		22,637		56,693		19,266		1,945,388		-		-		-		-		-
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		86,844
Restricted		-		-		-		-		-		337,852		368,328		294,128		2,100,413		849,496
Assigned, reported in:														15.025		50.621		120 544		150.046
Special revenue funds		-		-		-		-		-		1 560 121		15,937		58,631		120,544		150,046
Capital project funds		-		-		-		-		-		1,568,121		3,227,646		3,173,436		1,689,218		1,870,097
Unassigned		1 5 42 202	Ф	1 650 025	Φ	- 000 763	Φ.	1 777 (67	Φ	1.070.450	Φ.	1 005 073	Φ	2 (11 01:	Φ.	(17,672)	Φ	2 010 177	Φ	(80,943)
Total all other governmental funds	\$	1,543,292	\$	1,650,835	\$	989,763	\$	1,777,697	\$	1,979,458	\$	1,905,973	\$	3,611,911	\$	3,508,523	\$	3,910,175	\$	2,875,540

Note:

Fund balance designated for subsequent years has been classified as Unreserved, for consistency.

Fiscal year 2011 and forward is presented in conformity with GASB Statement No. 54 which was implemented in fiscal year 2011.

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

Table 4

	 2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Revenues	• • • • • • •	2.101.062	2 (0 = 002		. =0= 0.1 = 0	- 4 - 4 - 4 - A		5 204 455		
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 2,949,288 \$	3,184,962 \$	3,697,892 \$	4,428,988 \$	4,787,815 \$	5,154,363 \$	5,277,887 \$	5,394,455 \$	6,093,511 \$	6,223,115
Other taxes and licenses	69,665	88,392	94,528	119,763	212,371	223,835	238,439	272,639	337,443	290,675
Unrestricted intergovernmental	1,515,494	1,684,976	2,399,221	2,253,064	2,314,882	2,662,238	2,545,808	2,697,954	2,926,002	3,360,348
Restricted intergovernmental	285,157	230,133	434,893	400,597	1,002,839	949,247	1,715,321	2,926,663	1,995,222	1,872,765
Permits and fees	335,240	267,934	264,989	321,595	147,330	608,630	386,600	729,312	454,903	793,094
Sales and services	1,137,608	1,074,922	851,642	1,344,991	967,385	1,043,408	1,028,223	1,109,917	1,149,456	1,185,254
Investment earnings	156,309	352,523	223,244	74,465	22,027	33,351	34,957	37,194	25,213	13,960
Miscellaneous	 655,657	355,591	228,540	160,876 9.104.339	117,836	140,924	86,369	68,895	118,746	39,593
Total revenues	 7,104,418	7,239,433	8,194,949	9,104,339	9,572,485	10,815,996	11,313,604	13,237,029	13,100,496	13,778,804
Expenditures										
General government	1,145,215	1,471,925	1,591,893	1,686,944	1,322,247	1,106,568	1,159,777	1,294,788	1,344,395	1,347,135
Public safety	2,000,395	2,502,029	2,839,365	3,021,260	3,281,322	3,912,098	3,831,884	3,708,123	3,754,607	3,518,674
Public works	631,817	982,507	3,019,257	1,614,249	1,586,331	1,666,795	1,628,223	1,491,381	2,107,105	2,419,090
Environmental protection	-	-	-	-	535,182	532,250	628,604	772,683	700,456	736,714
Economic development	-	-	-	-	430,008	451,522	577,318	547,941	539,428	504,730
Cultural and recreation	807,402	902,940	950,595	868,644	844,184	908,416	912,635	897,127	989,115	1,298,594
Capital outlay	2,625,122	1,557,773	757,229	787,870	666,180	3,716,800	1,139,842	7,773,588	4,305,483	2,403,729
Debt service :										
Principal	359,166	495,035	537,192	597,471	597,558	420,955	1,211,715	2,750,843	965,027	1,164,167
Interest	 116,763	197,996	216,114	209,415	188,746	172,692	269,001	247,015	271,823	299,120
Total expenditures	 7,685,880	8,110,205	9,911,645	8,785,853	9,451,758	12,888,096	11,358,999	19,483,489	14,977,439	13,691,953
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	 (581,462)	(870,772)	(1,716,696)	318,486	120,727	(2,072,100)	(45,395)	(6,246,460)	(1,876,943)	86,851
Out of the control of										
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in	0.000	244 100	1.017.410	1 220 021	442,000	1 100 200	1 142 017	1 112 024	1 220 600	001 200
Transfers in Transfers out	8,000	344,188	1,017,419	1,230,921	443,909	1,199,206	1,142,917	1,112,924	1,230,688	981,280
	-	(344,188)	(800,890)	(1,230,924)	(443,909)	(1,199,206)	(491,758) 812,920	(1,112,924)	(1,230,688)	(981,280) 4,237
Sale of capital assets	2 492 265	(92.7(0	502.000	175 000	35,695	16,480		14,102	7,415	
Installment debt issued Contribution from East Wake Television	2,482,365	682,760	592,000	175,000	60,059	3,040,500 80,000	557,632	7,115,099	3,000,000	200,000
Assumption of debt in annexations	3,409	5,003	9,708	-	-	80,000	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	 			174.007	05.754	2 126 000	2.021.711	7 120 201	2.007.415	204 227
Total other financing sources (uses)	 2,493,774	687,763	818,237	174,997	95,754	3,136,980	2,021,711	7,129,201	3,007,415	204,237
Net change in fund balance	\$ 1,912,312 \$	(183,009) \$	(898,459) \$	493,483 \$	216,481 \$	1,064,880 \$	1,976,316 \$	882,741 \$	1,130,472 \$	291,088
		•		•			•	•	•	
Debt service as a percentage of										
noncapital expenditures	9.4%	10.6%	8.2%	10.1%	8.9%	6.5%	14.5%	25.6%	11.6%	13.0%

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA Governmental Activities, Property Tax Revenue

Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

Table 5

		Property Tax Adjusted to
Tax Rate	Property Tax	Current Rate
0.50	2,964,521	2,549,488
0.50	3,211,186	2,761,620
0.50	3,764,366	3,237,355
0.40	4,456,795	4,791,055
0.40	4,796,505	5,156,243
0.41	5,125,475	5,375,498
0.41	5,249,709	5,505,792
0.41	5,421,563	5,686,029
0.43	6,042,731	6,042,731
0.43	6,179,543	6,179,543
	0.50 0.50 0.50 0.40 0.40 0.41 0.41 0.41 0.43	0.50 2,964,521 0.50 3,211,186 0.50 3,764,366 0.40 4,456,795 0.40 4,796,505 0.41 5,125,475 0.41 5,249,709 0.41 5,421,563 0.43 6,042,731

Property Tax Adjusted to Current Rate is a prediction of the tax revenue that might have been received if the tax rate were uniform over the entire period.

Assessed Value of Taxable Property

Last Ten Fiscal Years

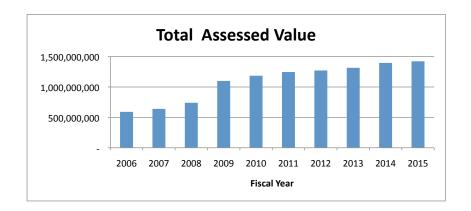
Table 6

						rioperty		
						Tax Rate		
Fiscal		Real	Personal	Public Service	Total	(Per \$100	Estimated	Ratio of Assessed
Year		Property	Property	Property	Assessed Value (1)	Assessed Value)	Actual Value	Value to Actual Value
2006		498,332,526	83,576,736	8,673,918	590,583,180	0.50	635,035,677	93%
2007		535,663,990	96,095,619	7,690,622	639,450,231	0.50	752,294,389	85%
2008		628,348,790	105,643,962	6,507,904	740,500,656	0.50	740,500,656	100%
2009	(2)	980,409,614	110,037,755	9,022,081	1,099,469,450	0.40	1,088,583,614	101%
2010		1,068,919,623	106,944,430	9,050,383	1,184,914,436	0.40	1,150,402,365	103%
2011		1,114,360,955	122,598,502	9,148,276	1,246,107,733	0.41	1,175,573,333	106%
2012		1,133,994,181	128,739,400	8,931,806	1,271,665,387	0.41	1,166,665,493	109%
2013		1,167,750,585	138,980,390	8,839,036	1,315,570,011	0.41	1,185,198,208	111%
2014		1,207,176,381	179,648,001	9,252,266	1,396,076,648	0.43	1,292,663,563	108%
2015		1,251,348,719	162,473,352	9,275,836	1,423,097,907	0.43	1,458,945,389	98%

NOTES:

- (1) Assessed Value is established by Wake County Tax Department.
- (2) A revaluation of all property is required every eight years by state statute.

 The most recent revaluation occurred in fiscal year 2009 (tax year 2008).



Property

Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping (1)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 7			Combined
T	T	****	Tax Rate Per
Fiscal	Town of	Wake	\$100 of
Year	Knightdale	County	Assessed Value
2006	0.50	0.634	1.134
2007	0.50	0.678	1.178
2008	0.50	0.678	1.178
2009 (2)	0.40	0.534	0.934
2010	0.40	0.534	0.934
2011	0.41	0.534	0.944
2012	0.41	0.534	0.944
2013	0.41	0.534	0.944
2014	0.43	0.534	0.964
2015	0.43	0.578	1.008

Notes:

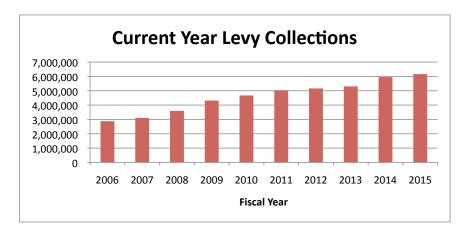
- (1) Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the Town of Knightdale.
- (2) A revaluation of all property is required every eight years by state statute.

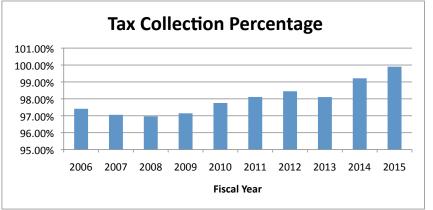
 The most recent revaluation occurred in fiscal year 2009 (tax year 2008).
- (3) There are no special tax districts within the Town of Knightdale. The tax rates listed above are Town wide property tax rates.

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA Property Tax Levies and Collections

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 8		Current Year's	Percent	Collections-		Percent of Total Tax	Ad Valorem	Percent Delinquent
Fiscal	Net	Taxes	of Net Levy	Prior	Total	Collections	Taxes Receivable	Taxes To
Year	Levy	Collected	Collected	Years	Collections	To Net Levy	Balance-June 30	Net Levy
2006	2,953,293	2,876,888	97.41%	69,623	2,946,511	99.77%	116,246	3.94%
2007	3,201,115	3,106,828	97.05%	87,771	3,194,599	99.80%	142,470	4.45%
2008	3,708,082	3,595,606	96.97%	104,172	3,699,778	99.78%	167,022	4.50%
2009	4,441,324	4,314,443	97.14%	122,044	4,436,487	99.89%	194,828	4.39%
2010	4,779,605	4,672,322	97.76%	100,804	4,773,126	99.86%	203,519	4.26%
2011	5,124,740	5,027,969	98.11%	90,920	5,118,889	99.89%	174,631	3.41%
2012	5,242,074	5,160,708	98.45%	72,285	5,232,993	99.83%	146,453	2.79%
2013	5,408,394	5,305,974	98.11%	91,133	5,397,107	99.79%	173,561	3.21%
2014	6,001,549	5,954,407	99.21%	34,944	5,989,351	99.80%	122,781	2.05%
2015	6,166,908	6,160,848	99.90%	-	6,160,848	99.90%	79,209	1.28%





TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2	015		2006				
Table 9 Taxpayer (1)	Type of Enterprise		Assessed Valuation	Percentage Of Total Assessed Valuation	Rank	Assessed Valuation	Percentage Of Total Assessed Valuation	Rank	
Knightdale Centers LLC Greystone WW Co. LLC Legacy Oaks Apartments LP BRC Knightdale LLC Lowe's Home Centers, Inc. Rex Hospital Knightdale Investors, LLC Laurens Way Co LTD Partnership Widewaters Knightdale Co. LLC Aventura Place, LLC (formerly Square D) Square D Company Wal-Mart Kimco Wakefield Knightdale, LP D R Horton, Inc. Time Warner Entertainment BellSouth Telephone Knightdale Crossing LLC	Retail Real Estate/Apartments Real Estate/Apartments Real Estate/Apartments Retail Medical Facility Real Estate Real Estate Real Estate/Apartments Retail Manufacturer Manufacturer Retail Retail Builder Cable TV Utility Retail	\$	52,993,902 30,000,716 24,395,225 22,863,184 18,272,275 15,794,258 16,800,632 14,716,009 13,752,228 13,107,670	3.72% 2.11% 1.71% 1.61% 1.28% 1.11% 1.18% 0.97% 0.92%	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	\$ 11,177,20 11,685,79 10,412,82 16,245,79 5,405,00 5,113,75 5,057,94 4,324,18 4,290,63 4,143,50		- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	
Total Assessed Value		<u>\$</u> \$	222,696,099 1,423,097,907	15.64%	- =	\$ 77,856,65 \$ 590,583,18) =	

⁽¹⁾ Data obtained from the Wake County Revenue Department

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA Legal Debt Margin Information

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 10

	 2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Assessed value	\$ 590,583,180 \$	639,450,231 \$	740,500,656 \$	1,099,469,450 \$	1,184,914,436 \$	1,246,107,733 \$	1,271,665,387 \$	1,315,570,011 \$	1,396,076,648 \$	1,423,097,907
Debt limit (8% of assessed value)	47,246,654	51,156,018	59,240,052	87,957,556	94,793,155	99,688,619	101,733,231	105,245,601	111,686,132	113,847,833
Debt applicable to limit: Total outstanding debt	9,085,370	8,955,510	8,730,740	7,903,573	7,010,197	9,259,537	8,369,100	12,401,246	14,098,159	12,789,389
Debt authorized but unissued	-	-	-	-	2,821,500	-	5,000,000	3,000,000	-	-
Less debt applicable to business-type activities Enterprise Fund debt	 -	-	-	-	(2,882,155)	(2,511,950)	(2,274,595)	(1,942,425)	(1,604,365)	(1,259,762)
Total net debt applicable to limit	 9,085,370	8,955,510	8,730,740	7,903,573	6,949,542	6,747,587	11,094,505	13,458,821	12,493,794	11,529,627
Legal debt margin	\$ 38,161,284 \$	42,200,508 \$	50,509,312 \$	80,053,983 \$	87,843,613 \$	92,941,032 \$	90,638,726 \$	91,786,780 \$	99,192,338 \$	102,318,206
Total net debt applicable to the limit, as a percentage of the total debt limit	19.23%	17.51%	14.74%	8.99%	7.33%	6.77%	10.91%	12.79%	11.19%	10.13%
Total net debt applicable to the limit, as a percentage of assessed value	1.54%	1.40%	1.18%	0.72%	0.59%	0.54%	0.87%	1.02%	0.89%	0.81%

Note:

Under North Carolina general statutes, the legal debt limit should not exceed 8% of total assessed property value.

Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type To Assessed Value, Personal Income and Bonded Debt per Capita

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 11

Governmental Activities			Business-Typ	e Activities			Debt as a %	Debt as a %			
Fiscal		Installment		Installment	Total Primary	Assessed	of Assessed	of Personal		Debt Per	
Year	GO Bonds	Purchases	GO Bonds	Purchases	Government	Value	Valuation	Income	Population	Capita	
2007	0.42 105	2 002 022	2.515.905	1 744 420	0.005.270	500 502 100	1.540/	2 110/	6.020	1 210	
2006	842,105	3,982,932	2,515,895	1,744,438	9,085,370	590,583,180	1.54%	3.11%	6,938	1,310	
2007	789,474	4,228,293	2,350,526	1,587,217	8,955,510	639,450,231	1.40%	2.34%	8,877	1,009	
2008	736,842	4,345,441	2,186,158	1,462,299	8,730,740	740,500,656	1.18%	2.05%	9,813	890	
2009	684,211	3,976,755	2,020,789	1,221,818	7,903,573	1,099,469,450	0.72%	1.74%	10,967	721	
2010	631,579	3,496,463	1,855,421	1,026,734	7,010,197	1,184,914,436	0.59%	1.33%	12,393	566	
2011	578,947	6,168,640	1,689,053	822,897	9,259,537	1,246,107,733	0.74%	1.88%	11,401	812	
2012	554,210	5,540,355	1,601,790	672,805	8,369,160	1,271,665,387	0.66%	1.62%	11,493	728	
2013	495,263	9,963,558	1,426,737	515,688	12,401,246	1,315,570,011	0.94%	N/A	11,904	1,042	
2014	3,436,842	9,056,952	1,253,158	351,207	14,098,159	1,396,076,648	1.01%	N/A	12,340	1,142	
2015	3,179,211	8,350,416	1,080,790	178,972	12,789,389	1,423,097,907	0.90%	N/A	13,102	976	

NOTES:

- (1) See Table 17 for personal income data
- (2) N/A indicates data is "not available"

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA Ratio of Net General Obligation Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 12						Net General		
	GO E	Bonds	Net General	Total	Debt as a %	Bonded Debt		
Fiscal	Governmental	Business-Type	Obligation	Personal	of Personal	as a % of (3)		Debt Per
Year	Activities	Activities	Debt	Income	Income	Property Value	Population	Capita
2006	842,105	2,515,895	3,358,000	\$292,568,522	1.15%	0.53%	6,938	484
2007	789,474	2,350,526	3,140,000	\$382,137,096	0.82%	0.42%	8,877	354
2008	736,842	2,186,158	2,923,000	\$425,226,729	0.69%	0.39%	9,813	298
2009	684,211	2,020,789	2,705,000	\$455,492,411	0.59%	0.25%	10,967	247
2010	631,579	1,855,421	2,487,000	\$527,148,648	0.47%	0.22%	12,393	201
2011	578,947	1,689,053	2,268,000	\$493,435,280	0.46%	0.19%	11,401	199
2012	554,210	1,601,790	2,156,000	\$515,334,627	N/A	0.18%	11,493	188
2013	495,263	1,426,737	1,922,000	N/A	N/A	0.16%	11,904	161
2014	3,436,842	1,253,158	4,690,000	N/A	N/A	0.36%	12,340	380
2015	3,179,211	1,080,790	4,260,001	N/A	N/A	0.29%	13,102	325

NOTES:

- (1) See Table 17 for personal income data
- (2) N/A indicates data is "not available"
- (3) Net general bonded debt as a percentage of estimated actual value of taxable property. See Table 6 for estimated actual value of taxable property.

Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt

As of June 30, 2015

Table 13

Governmental Unit		neral Obligation t Outstanding (1)	Estimated Percentage Applicable to Town (2)	timated Share of rlapping Debt (3)
Debt repaid with property taxes - Wake County	\$	1,967,590,000	1.112%	\$ 21,884,544
Subtotal, overlapping debt				21,884,544
Town of Knightdale direct debt				 11,529,627
Total direct and overlapping debt				\$ 33,414,171
NOTES:				
(1) Supplied by Wake County Finance Department Portion of this debt that is outstanding Wake County school bonds, \$1,625,289,8	40			
(2) The percentage of overlapping debt applicable to the town is estimated using as percentage represents the town's total assessed value divided by Wake County's			olicable	
Town of Knightdale Assessed Value Wake County Assessed Value (1)				\$ 1,423,097,907 127,947,523,008
Percentage applicable to Knightdale				1.112%

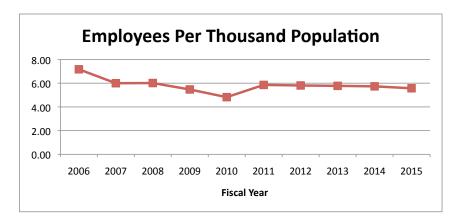
(3) Overlapping debt does not include the debt of the Special Airport District of Durham and Wake Counties as these bonds are payable by the Airport Authority out of airport revenues.

Employee Positions Authorized by Department

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 14

							Fiscal
	Fiscal	General	Public	Parks and	Development	Public	Year
_	Year	Government	Safety	Recreation	Services	Works	Total
	2006	7.5	27.0	5.0	5.25	5.0	49.75
	2007	8.75	29.0	5.0	5.50	5.0	53.25
	2008	8.0	31.0	5.0	8.00	7.0	59.00
	2009	8.0	31.0	5.0	8.00	8.0	60.00
	2010	8.75	31.0	5.0	7.00	8.0	59.75
	2011	8.75	38.0	5.0	7.00	8.0	66.75
	2012	8.75	38.0	5.0	7.00	8.0	66.75
	2013	9.75	38.0	5.0	7.00	9.0	68.75
	2014	9.75	39.0	5.0	7.00	10.0	70.75
	2015	10.00	39.0	6.0	5.00	13.0	73.00



Number of employees data provided by Town of Knightdale Human Resources Division.

Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 15

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Function										
Administrative Services Department (Legislative)										
Agendas prepared and delivered 3 working days before Council meetings	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Minutes prepared within 3 working days of Council meetings	100%	100%	89%	95%	80%	90%	90%	75%	100%	58%
Meeting minutes completed without error	95%	95%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Employees successfully completing probation period	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	93%	99%	100%
Employee turnover	NA	5%	7%	5%	0%	6%	6%	7%	3%	18%
Administrative Services Department (Finance)										
Bank statement reconciled within 7 days of receipt	58%	100%	83%	100%	75%	92%	92%	100%	100%	100%
Month is closed out within 20 days of month end	NA	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	92%	100%	100%
Accuracy of bank deposits submitted to the bank	96%	98%	98%	99%	99%	99%	99%	99%	98%	96%
Average accuracy rate in forecasting all major revenues	89%	94%	85%	88%	98%	98%	99%	95%	95%	95%
Accuracy rate in forecasting ad valorem revenue tax revenue.	92%	99%	97%	98%	97%	97%	99%	99%	97%	97%
Number of budget amendments requiring council approval	18	11	16	20	14	15	13	11	20	9
Development Services Department										
Permits issued: (1)										
Commercial	93	71	143	127	42	56	64	67	43	58
Residential	294	269	174	98	152	168	181	246	149	152
Police Department										
Reports submitted on time and accurately	84%	88%	85%	80%	76%	89%	96%	96%	92%	100%
Investigative report supplement compliance rates	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	98%	100%	100%
Follow-up investigations closed within 30 days.	92%	85%	97%	83%	92%	94%	94%	94%	95%	70%
Investigation clearance rates	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	53%	60%	48%
Average response time to calls for service (minutes : seconds)	NA	4:22	4:00	4:30	11:05	3:45	3:41	3:41	4:22	5:07

All data in this table provided by Town of Knightdale Department Directors.

Continued

Operating Indicators by Function

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 15

										<u>.</u>
	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Fire Department										<u>.</u>
Average response time to calls for service (minutes : seconds)	4:25	3:53	4:03	4:18	4:12	4:24	4:28	4:38	11:16	4:55
Average personnel responding to structure related calls	12.5	11.8	11.5	12.9	11	10	11.7	13.6	14.2	13.0
Training hours for all staff & volunteers	6,635	6,932	6,656	7543	8,041	8,188	8,813	9,141	8,399	9,818
Fire loss for the year	\$171,270	\$97,700	\$208,593	\$337,995	\$70,790	\$188,900	\$234,802	\$1,139,628	\$231,308	\$487,141
Value of property saved	\$2,548,377	\$6,888,223	\$23,104,086	\$10,319,470	\$9,628,944	\$6,942,755	\$5,667,695	\$22,228,757	\$8,490,218	\$7,843,396
Percentage of property loss	6.30%	1.40%	0.89%	3.17%	0.73%	2.65%	3.98%	5.13%	2.62%	5.85%
Total calls	782	921	928	959	1,002	1,067	1,252	1,294	1,217	1,348
Public Works (2)										
Residential tons collected yearly										
Solid Waste	1,985.57	2,382.32	2,357.00	2,437.21	NA	2,739.88	2,582.00	2,087.90	5,342.00	3,033.91
Recycling	328.81	379.90	434.00	486.93	NA	506.56	657.00	703.10	740.32	551.60
Mulching / compost	110.75	80.60	53.00	80.00	NA	NA	NA	782.70	1,600.00	1,368.00
Households served	2,595	2,546	3,180	3,180	3,525	3,615	3,736	4,042	4,302	3,455
Parks and Recreation (3)										
Participants in camps and recreation programs										
Baseball (Spring & Fall)	433	301	267	348	403	403	428	397	389	394
Softball (Spring & Fall)	60	52	92	69	103	99	104	103	60	38
Basketball	408	275	355	327	334	275	282	250	300	341
Swimming Pool	6,957	8,001	9,927	10,016	9,240	12,017	9,535	8,627	8,174	7,718
Swim Lessons	151	121	137	209	271	320	304	205	288	163
Track Out Camp (4) (5)	NA	NA	1,256	1,125	1,014	4,222	3,506	4,197	4,252	4,297
Summer Camp	NA	NA	NA	NA	902	928	1,095	1,108	1,005	979

Notes:

NA = Not Available at this time.

The Water and Sewer utility system was merged with the City of Raleigh in May 2006. Thus, past operational data is not presented.

- (1) The Development Services Department maintains this information on a calendar year basis.
- (2) Information provided from the Town of Knightdale Public Works Department and NC Dept. of Environment and Natural Resources.
- (3) The Parks & Recreation maintains the detailed information shown here on a calendar year basis.
- (4) The Track Out Program matches the Wake County Public School Year Round Calendar, which runs from July to June.
- (5) Track Out Camp registered by the week in fiscal years 2003 to 2010. Registered by the day in fiscal years 2011 and 2012. Did not register for Track 2 in fiscal year 2012. Did not register for Track 2 or 3 in fiscal year 2015

Capital Asset Statistics by Function

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 16

					Fiscal 7	Year				
	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Function										
Police										
Stations	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol Units	19	21	23	23	23	27	27	27	27	32
K-9 Units	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	2	2
Fire										
Stations	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Fire Trucks	1	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Ladder Trucks	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1
Public Works										
Streets (miles)	36.99	39.81	41.29	41.93	41.93	43.06	43.06	45.02	47.74	48.33
Streetlights	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1,381	1,401	1,429	1,429
Traffic signals (1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Parks and Recreation										
Parks (3)	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	4
Acreage	37.16	37.16	37.16	37.16	37.16	37.16	37.16	37.16	106.80	106.80
Playgrounds	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	4	4
Baseball / softball diamonds (2)	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	9	9
Soccer / football fields	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	4	4
Community Centers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Pool	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Tennis Courts	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Mingo Creek Greenway (miles)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.1	3.3	3.3
Bus	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Sources: Various Town Departments

Notes:

No capital indicators are available for general government function.

- 1 All traffic signals in Town Limits owned and operated by NC Department of Transportation
- 2 Baseball / softball fields are owned by Wake County, but maintained by Town of Knightdale.
- 3 Knightdale Station Park Land purchased in 2010. Park opened on July 19, 2013.

N/A Data not available.

Demographic Statistics

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 17

1au	IC 1 /	(1)	(1)	W:	Walaa Caarata (2)	(2)	(4)	(3)
	Fiscal	(1) Knightdale	Wake County	Knightdale Personal Income	Wake County (2) Personal Income	(3) Per Capita	(4) Median Family	Unemployment Rate
	Year	Population	Population	(thousands of dollars)	(thousands of dollars)	Income	Income	Percentage
	2006	6,938	757,346	\$292,569	\$33,062,127	\$42,169	\$62,073	3.7
	2007	8,877	793,401	\$382,137	\$35,368,815	\$43,048	\$62,073	3.9
	2008	9,813	831,537	\$425,227	\$37,114,709	\$43,333	\$62,073	4.8
	2009	10,967	866,438	\$455,492	\$36,699,357	\$41,533	\$62,073	8.2
	2010	12,393	892,409	\$527,149	\$38,576,130	\$42,536	\$62,073	8.3
	2011	11,401	900,993	\$493,435	\$40,193,567	\$43,280	\$68,308	8.4
	2012	11,493	907,314	\$515,335	\$42,693,474	\$44,839	\$71,922	7.9
	2013	11,904	925,938	(6)	(6)	(6)	\$75,285	7.4
	2014	12,340	945,143	(6)	(6)	(6)	\$70,512	5.1
	2015	13,102	985,310	(6)	(6)	(6)	\$71,066	5.0

(5)

NOTES:

- (1) North Carolina Office of State Budget and Management
- (2) Bureau of Economic Analysis. Numbers are for Wake County. Separate figures for the Town are not available. Knightdale total personal income estimated as Wake County per capita income x Knightdale population.
- (3) Bureau of Economic Analysis, via North Carolina Employment Security Commission . Numbers are for Wake County. Separate figures for the Town are not available.
- (4) US Census Bureau American Community Survey 5-Year estimates 2011 to 2014 US Census Bureau 200 Census Data 2005 -2010.
- (5) North Carolina Employment Security Commission. Numbers are for Wake County. Separate figures for the Town are not available.
- (6) Information is Unavailable.

Principal Employers

Current Year and Prior Year

Table 18

			201:	5			2006	: 	
Employer		Employment Range					Employment Range		
Wake County Public School System, All Knightdale Locations.	1	500	_	550	9.60%	400	_	450	11.30%
Schneider Electric	2	450	-	500	8.69%	400	-	450	11.30%
Wal-Mart Store #1816	3 (tie)	150	-	200	3.20%	125	-	150	3.65%
Target	3 (tie)	150	-	200	3.20%				
Lowe's Home Improvement	5 (tie)	125	-	150	2.51%	100	-	125	2.99%
The Home Depot	5 (tie)	125	-	150	2.51%				
True Green Land Care, LLC	7 (tie)	100	-	125	2.06%				
Electronic Systems Protection	7 (tie)	100	-	125	2.06%				
Lowe's Foods	9 (tie)	75	-	100	1.60%				
Weathermaster Heating & Air	9 (tie)	75	-	100	1.60%	100	-	125	2.99%
Weather Master Heating & Air Conditioning Company Inc	9 (tie)	75	-	100	1.60%				
Total of Top Employers, in a range		1,925	to	2,300		1,125	to	1,300	
Total Estimated Employed in Town (2)		5,469				3,762			
Estimated Percentage of Total Employment		29 620/				22 220/			
Represented by Top Employers		38.63%				32.23%			

Notes:

Data obtained from the Town of Knightdale Develoment Services Department and the Raleigh Chamber of Commerce. New employers in the Town of Knightdale prefer presenting the employment information in ranges.

Percentages presented are based upon the median of the respective range.

- (1) Individual school employment numbers presented in the prior year have been restated for consistency with the current year presentation. Square D and Schneider Electric have been combined in this restatement for consistency with the current year presentation.
- (2) Employment data by employer for fiscal years prior to 2006 is not available.

Commercial Activity

Last Ten Calendar Years

Table 19

Building Permits (1)

Calendar	All Con	nmercial	New Res	idential	Tota	1
Year	Number	Value	Number	Value	Number	Value
2005	96	30,246,131	194	30,248,440	290	60,494,571
2006	93	17,687,288	295	44,499,865	388	62,187,153
2007	71	12,579,698	269	48,559,543	340	61,139,241
2008	143	89,109,842	174	22,401,561	317	111,511,403
2009	69	13,802,065	130	24,305,128	199	38,107,193
2010	56	6,449,164	126	22,242,753	182	28,691,917
2011	64	8,588,038	137	24,275,987	201	32,864,025
2012	63	9,879,743	200	36,728,786	263	46,608,529
2013	40	2,144,704	242	37,804,599	282	39,949,303
2014	51	3,054,938	135	25,878,037	186	28,932,975

NOTES:

⁽¹⁾ Compiled by the Town of Knightdale Development Services Department. Residential does not include alterations or additions. (Jan-Dec)



Mingo Creek Greenway Trail



This section includes information relating to federal and state financial assistance, in conformity with the provisions of Government Auditing Standards, published by the General Accounting Office. Included are a schedule of federal and state financial assistance, and the auditor's report on compliance with requirements applicable to each major Federal program and on the internal control structure and compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

COMPLIANCE SECTION



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104 Brady Court, Cary, North Carolina 27511 Phone 919-466-0946 Fax 919-466-0947

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and On Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Knightdale, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Knightdale, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprises the Town of Knightdale's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 16, 2015.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town of Knightdale's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Knightdale's internal control.

Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be a material weakness.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs to be a material weakness: 2015-1.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Knightdale's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Town of Knightdale's Response to Findings

The Town of Knightdale's response to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. The Town's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Carv. North Carolina

November 16, 2015

Joyce and Company, CPA

Certified Public Accountants

104 Brady Court, Cary, North Carolina 27511 Phone 919-466-0946 Fax 919-466-0947

Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable To Each Major Federal Program And Internal Control Over Compliance In Accordance With OMB Circular A-133 and the State Single Audit Implementation Act

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Knightdale, North Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Town of Knightdale, North Carolina, compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement and the Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina, issued by the Local Government Commission, that could have a direct and material effect on the Town of Knightdale's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2015. The Town of Knightdale's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for the Town of Knightdale's major federal program based on our audit of the type of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A 133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Those standards, OMB Circular A-133, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Town of Knightdale's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures, as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for its major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Town of Knightdale's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Town of Knightdale complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Town of Knightdale is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Town of Knightdale's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine the auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over compliance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as discussed below, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control over compliance that we consider to be a material weakness.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2015-2 to be a material weakness.

A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

The Town of Knightdale's response to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The Town of Knightdale's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

November 16, 2015

Joyce and Company, CPA
Cary, North Carolina

104 Brady Court, Cary, North Carolina 27511 Phone 919-466-0946 Fax 919-466-0947

Report on Compliance for the Major State Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133 and the State Single Audit Implementation Act

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Knightdale, North Carolina

Report on Compliance for the Major State Program

We have audited the Town of Knightdale, North Carolina, compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, issued by the Local Government Commission, that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Town of Knightdale's major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2015. The Town of Knightdale's major state programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its state program.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Town of Knightdale's major state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and applicable sections of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, as described in the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Those standards, OMB Circular A-133, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major state program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Town of Knightdale's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures, as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for the major state program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Town of Knightdale's compliance.

Opinion on the Major State Program

In our opinion, the Town of Knightdale complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major state program for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Town of Knightdale is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Town of Knightdale's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major state program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for each major state program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over compliance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as discussed below, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control over compliance that we consider to be a material weakness.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2015-3 to be a material weakness.

A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

The Town of Knightdale's response to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The Town of Knightdale's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

November 16, 2015

Cary, North Carolina

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the year ended June 30, 2015

Section I. Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's	report issued:		Uı	nmodified	
 Material wea 	ver financial reporting: kness(es) identified? eficiencies identified that are not	X	_ Yes		_ No
_	be material weaknesses?		Yes	X	None reported
	ice material to financial statement noted		Yes	X	No
Federal Awards					
 Material weaks 	er the major federal program: ness(es) identified?	X	Yes		No
	iciencies identified that are not be material weaknesses?		Yes	Х	None reported
Type of auditor's a	report issued on compliance for the major fe	deral progr	- ram: Ur	nmodified	_ •
	ngs disclosed that are required to be reporte				
•	with Section 510 (a) of Circular A-133	u 	Yes	X	None reported
Identification of the major t	ederal program:				
CFDA Numbers 20-205.1	Names of Federal Program or Clust Highway Planning and Construction				
Dollar threshold used to dis	tinguish between Type A and Type B progra	ams: <u>\$300</u>	,000		
Auditee qualifi	ed as low-risk auditee?		Yes	X	No
State Awards					
Internal control over the ma • Material weakr	jor state program: ess(es) identified?	X	Yes		No
•	ciencies identified that are not e material weaknesses?		Yes	X	_ None reported
Type of auditor's report issu	ned on compliance for the major state progra	nm: U	nmodified	l	
Identification of the major s	tate programs: Powell Bill and Parks and R	ecreation 7	rust Fund		

Section II. Financial Statement Findings

Material Weakness

Item 2015 – 1 Grant reimbursement requests, recording of grant activity and accounts receivable and preparation of Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards

<u>Criteria</u>: Grant reimbursement requests should be consistently and timely filed. All grant activity should be recorded on the books and records and accurately identified by grant funding source and grant related accounts receivable should be correctly recorded. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards should be prepared by Town staff to determine if a single audit will be required.

Condition: Grant reimbursement requests were not timely and consistently filed. Significant grant activity was not recorded in the financial statements.

Effect: The effect of such a long lag period between work completed and reimbursement requests could result in errors in financial reporting and increase the possibility of errors in reimbursement requests which could have an adverse impact on amounts received under the grant or potentially result in decreased investment earnings on monies that the Town is owed. In addition, interim financial statements do not accurately reflect grant related activity of the Town. The Town's cash is less than it would be during the period between expenditure of a grant qualified expenditure and grant reimbursement and net assets Restricted - Stabilization by State Statute at year end is more because of liabilities that must be paid from grant accounts receivable.

<u>Cause</u>: The Town received numerous grants during the audit period and staff was not prepared to handle the volume of transactions. The Town does not have a grant specialist to monitor grant activities and to analyze grant funding of the Town.

Recommendation: Grant reimbursement requests should be consistently and timely filed (monthly for large grants and quarterly for smaller grants) so that the Town does not have material grant accounts receivable. Grants should be analyzed that are being handled through another governmental agency and recorded by the Town according to when the expenditures occur and then the Town should recognize grant revenue and expenditures accordingly. All grant reimbursement requests should be reviewed to detect errors. It is the responsibility of the Town to have available for auditors a complete and accurate Schedule of Federal and State Awards at the start of audit fieldwork.

Views of responsible officials and planned corrective actions: The Town agrees with this finding.

Section III. Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

Material Weakness

Item 2015 – 2 Grant reimbursement requests, recording of grant activity and accounts receivable and preparation of Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards

See detailed reporting of this finding in Section II above.

Section IV. State Award Findings and Questioned Costs

Material Weakness

Item 2015 - 3 Grant reimbursement requests, recording of grant activity and accounts receivable and preparation of Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards

See detailed reporting of this finding in Section II above.

Town of Knightdale, North Carolina Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA <u>Number</u>	State Pass-Through Grantor's <u>Number</u>	Federal Direct and Pass-Through Expenditures	State Expenditures	Local Expenditures	Total Expenditures
Federal Grants: Cash Programs:						
United States Department of Transportation						
Federal Highway Administration Passed Through North Carolina Department of Transportation Highway Planning and Construction (STP-DA) Highway Planning and Construction (CMAQ)	20.205.1 20.205.1	EL-5100 CD C-5167	\$ 275,380 323,111	\$ -	\$ 177,323 80,778	\$ 452,703 403,889
Total Highway Planning and Construction	20.205.1		598,491	-	258,101	856,592
United States Department of Homeland Security Direct Program Federal Emergency Management Agency Staffing for Adequate Fire and Emergency Response	97.044	EMW-2010-FF-00478	27,850	-	-	27,850
United States Department of Justice Bulletproof Vest Partnership	16.607	2015BUBX15075829	2,696	-	2,696	5,392
Total assistance-federal programs			629,037		260,797	889,834
State Grants: Cash Programs:						
North Carolina Department of Transportation Non-State System Street-Aid Allocation Powell Bill	N/A	N/A		350,988	-	350,988
North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources North Carolina Parks and Receation Trust Fund	N/A	N/A		227,985	227,985	455,970
Total state assistance				578,973	227,985	806,958
Total federal and state assistance			\$ 629,037	\$ 578,973	\$ 488,782	\$ 1,696,792

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Financial Awards:

Basis of Presentation-The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards (SEFSA) includes the federal and state grant activity of the Town of Knightdale under the programs of the federal government and the State of North Carolina for the year ended June 30, 2015. The information in this SEFSA is presented in accordance with the requirements of Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Because the SEFSA presents only a select portion of the operations of the Town of Knightdale, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets or cash flows of the Town of Knightdale.



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