Town of Knightdale North Carolina



Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

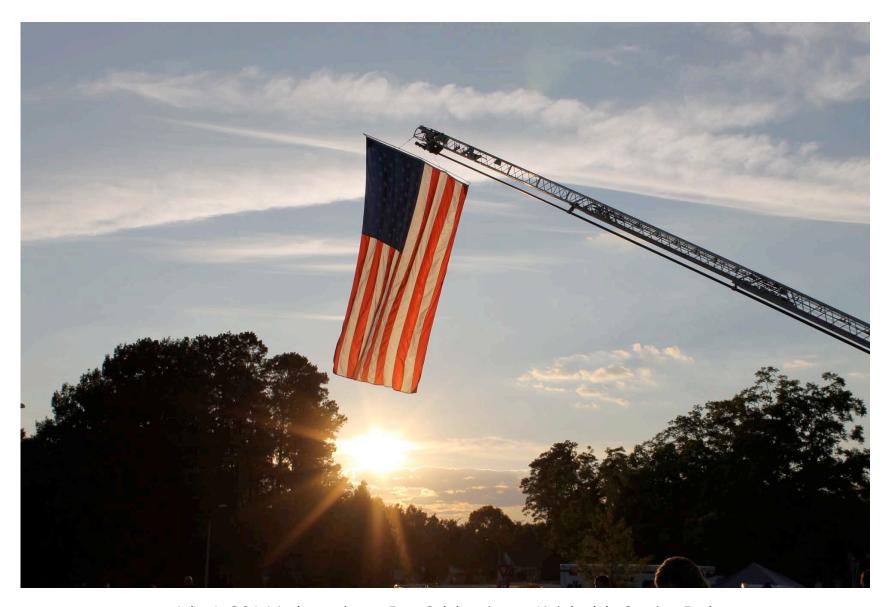


COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

PREPARED BY

KIMBERLY KENNY FINANCE DIRECTOR



July 4, 2014 Independence Day Celebration at Knightdale Station Park

MAYOR AND TOWN COUNCIL MEMBERS

As of June 30, 2017



Mayor James Roberson Term 2015-2019



Mayor Pro Tem Randy Young Term 2013-2017



Councilor Pete Mangum Term 2015-2019



Councilor Dustin Tripp Term 2015-2019



Councilor Mike Chalk Term 2013-2017



Councilor Mark Swan Term 2013-2017

Individual contact information is available at www.knightdalenc.gov



COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

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This section, which is unaudited, introduces the reader to the report and to the Town. It includes the letter of transmittal, descriptions of boards, a map of Knightdale and the State of North Carolina, as well as other information regarding the Town of Knightdale.

INTRODUCTORY SECTION



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Town of Knightdale | 950 Steeple Square Ct. | Knightdale, NC 27545 KnightdaleNC.gov | 919-217-2212

The Honorable Mayor James Roberson, Members of the Town Council and Citizens of the Town of Knightdale 950 Steeple Square Court Knightdale, North Carolina 27545

Town Council:

We are pleased to present the **Comprehensive Annual Financial Report** (CAFR) of the Town of Knightdale, North Carolina, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. The financial statements and supplemental schedules contained herein have been audited by the independent, certified public accounting firm of Joyce and Company, CPA, and that firm's unmodified opinion is included in the Financial Section of this report. The report, however, is presented by the Town of Knightdale, which is responsible for the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures. We believe the data as presented is accurate in all material aspects; that it is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and results of operations of the Town as measured by the financial activity of its various funds; and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain maximum understanding of the Town's financial affairs have been included.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the Town of Knightdale. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the Town of Knightdale has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the Town of Knightdale's financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the Town of Knightdale's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is divided into four sections: the Introductory, Financial, Statistical, and Compliance Sections. The Introductory Section, which is unaudited, contains this letter of transmittal and information about the Town's organization and principal officials. The Financial Section is composed of the independent auditors' report, management's discussion and analysis, the basic financial statements, and the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules required by the State of North Carolina. The basic financial statements are often issued separately for securities offerings or widespread distribution and are frequently referred to as "liftable" basic financial statements. The Statistical Section, which is unaudited, contains fiscal and economic data designed to provide a more complete understanding of the Town. Many tables in this section present financial data for the past ten years. Finally, the Compliance Section presents reports and schedules required by the Federal and State Single Audit Acts, which are discussed in a later paragraph.

Reporting Entity

The financial reporting entity includes all the funds of the primary government (Town of Knightdale), as well as all of its component units. Component units are legally separate entities for which the primary government is financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the primary government's operations and are included as part of the primary government. Discretely presented component units are reported in a separate column in the basic financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the primary government and to distinguish their financial positions, results of operations, and cash flows from those of the primary government. The Town of Knightdale is not financially accountable for any other entity. Therefore, these financial statements do not include any blended or discretely presented component units.

MAJOR INITIATIVES / CAPITAL PROJECTS IN FISCAL YEAR 2017

Street and Sidewalk Improvements

The Town of Knightdale expended Powell Bill funds of \$41,566 during fiscal year 2017 for street and sidewalk repairs and maintenance with no major resurfacing or construction during the fiscal year. Included in expenditures for the fiscal year were \$11,841 for equipment and \$21,875 for a pavement survey for the entire Town. The Town anticipates spending approximately \$800,000 of Powell Bill funds in fiscal year 2018 which will be directed to residential street resurfacing to be determined based on need and the results of the pavement survey. All street and sidewalk improvement projects including any related grants were completed and closed as of June 30, 2016, however, the Town has been approved for grant funding to extend the Mingo Creek Greenway beginning in fiscal year 2018 and is expected to be completed in fiscal year 2019.

Knightdale Station Park

On July 14, 2010, the Town of Knightdale acquired approximately 73 acres of land near downtown Knightdale for the construction of a new park. The park includes multi-purpose athletic fields, a plaza, walking trails, playground, and dog park. The land acquisition was financed with Build America Bonds of \$2,821,500, payable in ten annual installments of \$282,150, plus interest at 3.08% (net of Build America Bonds interest rebate), beginning on July 14, 2011. Construction of Phase I of the park was completed at a cost of \$5,595,554. This project was financed by an installment purchase agreement of \$5,000,000 with SunTrust Bank payable in 15 annual payments of \$333,333 plus interest at 2.33% beginning July 14, 2013. On November 6, 2012, Knightdale citizens approved a Parks and Recreation Facility Bond Referendum not to exceed \$3,000,000 to finance construction of Phase II. The bond referendum also approves an increase in the property tax rate not to exceed 2 cents per \$100 of assessed property value to cover debt service payments on the bonds. The bonds were sold in a private sale to SunTrust Bank on July 19, 2013 and are payable in 15 annual installments of \$200,000 plus interest at 1.97% per annum beginning July 19, 2014. Knightdale Station Park Grand Opening was held on September 19, 2013.

During fiscal year 2014 the Town of Knightdale received approval for a grant of \$400,000 from the State of North Carolina Parks and Recreation Trust Fund for further improvements to Knightdale Station Park. The second phase of the park project was substantially completed during fiscal year 2015 with total annual expenditures of \$1,080,940. Expenditures of \$97,806 were incurred during fiscal year 2016 for completion of Phase II including the purchase of a temporary stage. Phase III continues in fiscal year 2017 with expenditures of \$166,422 to include a water misting feature and additional design costs. Phase III will continue into fiscal year 2018 to include a stage/amphitheater and infrastructure improvements for the development of six lots.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

Local

The Town of Knightdale is located in Wake County just seven miles east of Raleigh, the State Capital of North Carolina. This area of the state is often referred to as the Triangle and is home to the Research Triangle Park, lands set aside for technological and research oriented companies. The Town of Knightdale's economy benefits from its proximity to the City of Raleigh and the Research Triangle Park. The Triangle area which includes Raleigh, Durham, Chapel Hill and surrounding communities is considered one of the best places to live and work in the United States. The Triangle is home to Duke University, North Carolina State University, the University of North Carolina and Wake Technical Community College.

The estimated population of Wake County was over 1,000,000 in 2016. The population has grown by 24% over the past decade. State demographic projections, published by the North Carolina Office of Budget and Management indicate that the Wake County population is expected to increase 10% over the next five years, to 1,163,066 residents in the year 2022. As of June 2017, this area of the state had an unemployment rate of 3.6% compared to the statewide rate of 4.2%. The median income for a family is \$64,399. Knightdale was recognized as the fastest growing town in North Carolina in 2009. The Town's population is 13,500, which represents a 38% growth rate over the last ten years. This is the population amount used by the State Office of Budget and Management for distribution of per capita revenues and other official benchmarks. Based on historical growth trends, Knightdale's population is projected to grow to almost 28,594 by 2035. Although rapid growth is not expected every year, the Town does anticipate population growth to continue for the foreseeable future.

In calendar year 2016, the Town Development Services Department issued 334 combined residential and commercial building permits; representing a total value of \$80.6 million in construction. The average sales price for homes in Knightdale has increased by 29% over the past five years with the 2016 average price reaching \$229,836. Knightdale Developers, LLC continues construction on one of the newest subdivisions in Knightdale which is adjacent to Knightdale Station Park. This community includes a YMCA and a private school, and will have approximately 800 new homes when completed. Construction on Knightdale's newest neighborhood, Glenmere, began during fiscal year 2015 and continues progress in phases. Hinton Oaks Business Park, a major new industrial park adjacent to I-540, began construction last fiscal year. The 48 acre park has approximately half of the first 500,000 square foot of total office space constructed and construction was almost complete on an adjacent 110 guest room hotel which will open in fiscal year 2018. Construction of the first 150,000 industrial offices at Eastgate Industrial Park is also expected to be completed in fiscal year 2018. Refer to the Commercial Activity table in the Statistical Section for further details. Knightdale's corporate limits consist of approximately 6.90 square miles, or 4,416 acres, 640 acres per square mile, while the extraterritorial jurisdiction covers 18.30 square miles, or 11,712 acres.

State

North Carolina's economy continues to improve. The unemployment rate statewide is 4.2% compared to 4.7% in 2016. The economic recovery in North Carolina has lagged behind the national economy due to the loss of manufacturing jobs during the past recession. The State Legislature repealed the local privilege license tax for fiscal years beginning after July 1, 2015. The Town of Knightdale received \$69,867 in privilege license revenue for fiscal year 2015 compared to only \$363 in fiscal year 2016 and \$210 in fiscal year 2017. The loss of this revenue was more than offset by growth in sales tax revenues both from expanding the tax base and improvements in the overall economy.

National

The national economy continues a long and often sluggish recovery from the recession of 2008 to 2010. Unemployment nationwide has dropped to 4.4%. Sales of home have continued to improve in 2017 as compared to 2017 and home prices are also showing an upward trend nationwide. Auto sales on the other

hand declined during fiscal year 2017 after peaking in 2016. The stock market has recovered from the recession of 2008, with the DOW Jones Industrial Average exceeding 21,000 during 2017.

A full summary of the State and national economy is far beyond the scope of this document.

COMPLIANCE AUDIT

As a recipient of federal, state and county assistance, the Town also is responsible for implementing and maintaining an adequate internal control structure in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. This internal control structure is subject to periodic evaluation by management and the Administrative Services Departmental staff of the Town. As a part of the Town's compliance audit, tests are made to determine the adequacy of the internal control structure, including that portion related to federal and state financial assistance programs, as well as to determine that the Town has complied with applicable laws and regulations. The auditor's procedures testing the Town's compliance with applicable financial laws and regulations and the Town's internal control system for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, resulted in no instances of material weaknesses in the internal control structure.

FUND BALANCE POLICY

The Town Council of the Town of Knightdale has determined that the Town should maintain an available fund balance of 40% of expenditures and interfund transfers in case of unforeseen needs or opportunities, in addition to meeting the cash flow needs of the Town. Available fund balance at year end less restricted cash in excess of 40% of expenditures and interfund transfers will be transferred to the General Capital Project - Capital Reserve Fund in the following fiscal year. In addition, the Town transfers the equivalent of \$0.02 of the total \$0.43 tax levy to the General Capital Project - Capital Reserve Fund each year to be set aside for future capital projects and starting in fiscal year 2017 an additional one-half cent to be used on park and recreation maintenance. For fiscal year 2017, the Town transferred \$983,586 from the General Fund to the General Capital Project - Capital Reserve Fund. Certain other revenues received from developers and motor vehicle licenses are also set aside in this fund for future capital improvements to streets, sidewalks and recreational facilities. The Town of Knightdale transferred \$240,000 from the Capital Reserve Fund to the General Fund and Capital Projects Funds during fiscal year 2017 the payment of debt service expenditures. Over the past several years, the Town has accumulated a reserve of \$4,667,220 in the General Capital Projects - Capital Reserve Fund. Of this amount, \$585,000 is appropriated for capital projects in the fiscal year 2018 budget ordinance.

AWARDS AND OTHER INFORMATION

Independent Audit. The General Statutes of North Carolina require an independent financial audit of all local government units and public authorities in the State. Joyce and Company, CPA, the Town's independent certified public accountants, have examined the financial records of the Town and their opinion has been included in this report. Their examination was made in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and, accordingly, included such tests of the accounting records and such other auditing procedures, as they considered necessary in the circumstances. The auditor's report on the basic financial statements and combining and individual fund statements and schedules is included in the financial section of this report. The auditor's reports related specifically to the audit requirements of Government Auditing Standards and Single Audit requirements are included in the compliance section.

Management's Discussion and Analysis. The Management's discussion and analysis, contained on pages 21-33, contain more detailed information regarding the Town of Knightdale's financial statements.

Awards. The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Town of Knightdale for the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. This is the twenty-fifth (25th) such certificate the Town has received. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a governmental unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, whose contents conform to program standards. Such reports must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is the highest form of recognition awarded in the field of governmental reporting. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for one year only. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement Program requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

A copy of the Fiscal Year 2018 budget should be considered a companion document to the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. The 2017-18 budget may be viewed through the town web site, listed below.

Acknowledgments. The preparation of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report was made possible by the dedicated service and cooperation of Joyce and Company, CPA and the Town of Knightdale's Administrative Services Department. We would like to extend a special thanks to Joyce and Company, CPA. All typesetting and page layout for this document was prepared using the Town's desktop publishing system.

Use Of the Report. The Government Finance Officers Association reports a growing awareness that the annual financial report should be management's report to its governing body, constituents, oversight bodies, resource providers, investors and creditors. We agree with this direction, and in keeping with our past practice, have made available a copy of this report to each of you, the various town departments, and bond rating agencies, the Local Government Commission, and such other financial institutions that have expressed an interest in the Town of Knightdale's financial affairs. A copy of this report is also being placed in the East Regional Library (Knightdale's branch of the Wake County public libraries) and the Knightdale Chamber of Commerce. The report may also be viewed from the Town's web site www.knightdalenc.gov.

Bill Summers
Bill Summers
Town Manager

Kimberly N. Kenny Kimberly N. Kenny Finance Officer



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Town of Knightdale North Carolina

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2016

Affly P. Snar

Executive Director/CEO

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA KEY ADMINISTRATIVE POSITIONS

as of June 30, 2017

Bill Summers *Town Manager*

Suzanne Yeatts

Administrative Services Director

Lawrence Capps *Police Chief*

Robbie Worrell
Parks & Recreation Director

Phillip Bunton
Public Works Director

Timothy Guffey *Fire Chief*

Chris Hills

Development Services Director

Kim Kenny *Finance Director*

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA BOARDS & COMMITTEES

Note the following boards are presented in summary only. For more information, please visit www.knightdalenc.gov

LAND USE REVIEW BOARD

- ❖ The Town Council appoints the Land Use Review Board members.
- The board develops plans for the orderly growth and development of Knightdale and its environs. Such plans set forth goals, objectives and policies designed to manage the quantity, type, cost, location, timing and quality of development and redevelopment in the Knightdale community. The board seeks to coordinate the activities of individuals and public or private agencies and organizations whose plans, activities and programs bear on the general development of the community, and formulates and recommends to the Town Council the adoption or amendment of ordinances that, in the opinion of the board will serve to promote the orderly development of the community in accordance with the comprehensive plan. The board reviews and makes recommendations to the Town Council on proposed plats of land subdivision, applications for special use permits, and proposed amendments to the zoning map, Unified Development Ordinance, Comprehensive Plan and Town Code of Ordinances; and conducts public hearings and hearings giving reasonable notice to the public thereof.
- The board initiates, promotes and assists in the implementation of programs for general community beautification within the town's planning jurisdiction; provides leadership and guidance in matters of community design and appearance to individuals and public or private agencies and organizations; and formulates and recommends to the Town Council the adoption or amendment of ordinances that will serve to enhance the appearance of the community.
- The board strives to conserve the town's natural beauty and visual character and charm by insuring that structures, signs and other improvements are properly related to their sites, and to surrounding sites and structures, with due regard to the aesthetic qualities of the natural terrain and landscaping, and that proper attention is given to the exterior appearance of structures, signs and other improvements.
- The board hears and decides appeals from any order, decision, requirement, or interpretation made by the land use administrator, applications for variances, questions involving interpretation of the zoning map and any other matters the board is required to act upon.

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA BOARDS & COMMITTEES (Continued)

PARKS AND RECREATION ADVISORY BOARD

- The Town Council appoints the Parks and Recreation Advisory Board members.
- The board serves in an advisory capacity to the Knightdale Parks and Recreation Department and the Knightdale Town Council regarding issues relating to the planning and coordination of recreational programs, parks and activities for the Knightdale community.

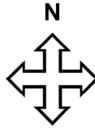
OLD TOWN ADVISORY COMMITTEE

- The Town Council appoints the Old Town Advisory Committee members.
- The committee serves in an advisory capacity to the Knightdale Development Services Department and Knightdale Town Council regarding issues affecting the downtown part of Knightdale.

It is important to note that at different times during the year, the Town Council may determine that a board or committee should be formed to study a specific project or issue. Such body would work on the specific item and once the recommendation has been made, the group would dissolve.

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE





NORTH CAROLINA

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HISTORY & DESCRIPTION OF THE TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE

As an incorporated town, Knightdale is a relative newcomer to Wake County and North Carolina history. However, the Knightdale community, which is an area that extends beyond the present day extraterritorial jurisdiction or ETJ, has a recorded heritage that dates back to the colonial era in American history. The following is intended to be general background information. Those seeking a more detailed history of Knightdale should contact the Knightdale Historical Society (www.knightdalehistoric.com).

In the year 1700, the Lords Proprietor of the Colony, wishing to know what lay in the interior of the land that was called Carolina, hired a young man named John Lawson to explore this vast unknown land. Starting in an area near present day Charleston, South Carolina, Lawson began a trek that covered roughly 1,000 miles through the heart of the Carolina Colony. According to his diary, which was published in England in 1709, Lawson passed through this area sometime in February of 1701. His diary records a meeting with fierce Tuscarora Indians on the banks of the Neuse River.

Somehow, an accord was reached with the Tuscarora which allowed Lawson to continue his exploration. Lawson is thought to be the first European to explore this part of North Carolina.

During the eighteenth century, people began to be interested in acquiring land in this new frontier. After receiving the report from Lawson, the King of England decided that the time had come to apportion these lands to willing settlers. Around 1730, John Hinton left his home and headed west, finally settling in what would one day be called Knightdale. This hardy woodsman erected the first dwelling built by a white man in the Knightdale area. Although the land that was granted to Hinton extended to what is now Clayton, North Carolina, Hinton settled in an area near the Neuse River, not far from where Hodge Road and Old Faison Road now intersect.

In time more settlers became attracted to this area. As more people moved here, the need for some sort of local government arose. The colonial government appointed Hinton to be the Justice of the Peace for Craven County--Hinton's land at this time was in Craven County. After forming Johnston County out of Craven County in the 1750's, the colonial government looked to Hinton to organize a militia. Given the rank of colonel, Hinton formed a small band of militiamen to serve at the wishes of the royal governor in New Bern, North Carolina. Aside from serving as the local police, this militia saw no action until after the County had been divided again. In 1771, Wake County was carved out of Johnston County.

When the American Revolution began, Hinton switched his allegiances to the patriot side. Hinton was called on again to serve as a military leader. Hinton played a key role in the first battle of the American Revolution fought on North Carolina soil. This battle of Moore's Creek Bridge was fought in February of 1776. Not long after the battle, Hinton was chosen as a delegate to the Fourth Provincial Congress. This Congress passed a resolution known as the Halifax Resolve. Thomas Jefferson used this document as part of the basis for the Declaration of Independence. Thus, the area that we plan for today played a role in the formation of our nation. Three of the seven Hinton plantations in the Knightdale area are still intact.

HISTORY & DESCRIPTION OF THE TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE (Continued)

These plantations were The Oaks, Midway, and Beaver Dam.

After independence, the people of this area went about making a living on the land. Local farmers successfully grew tobacco and cotton. Although not as prominent in this area as the Deep South, slavery nonetheless had a foothold in the Knightdale area. Many of these slaves are buried in unmarked grave plots throughout the Knightdale area. Although documentation of gravesites has been lost, the burials remain a significant part of the Knightdale landscape.

As the long and devastating Civil War ended in 1865, many armies traversed this area. The Clay Hill and Midway Plantations saw the greatest damage. According to family tradition, the Hinton's actually buried some of their family treasure to keep it out of the hands of the Union forces. After the Civil War, the residents of this area began to rebuild. During this time, the City of Raleigh saw a tremendous population boom. As a result, Wake County redrew the map of the county and divided it into Townships. The area that became Knightdale was located in St. Matthew's Township, where it still is today. More and more people also found their way to this area.

RECENT HISTORY

The Town of Knightdale came about as people began to congregate in an area within the St. Matthew's Township of Wake County, North Carolina. For many years the area was a crossroads served only by a post office. Most of the people in the area were farmers who grew a variety of crops. Although many farmers grew corn and other vegetables, the gold leaf, tobacco, reigned supreme as the area's main cash crop. Tobacco helped to unite the little hamlet, bringing people together in a common bond.

Near the end of the nineteenth century, many citizens of this area saw the need to establish a town. One of these people was Mr. Henry Haywood Knight. Mr. Knight donated some of his vast land holdings in the area to the Norfolk and Southern Railroad Company in the hopes that a railroad would come to the area. The railroad would provide freight and passenger service, and would facilitate the incorporation of the community. Mr. Knight did not live to see the railroad in Knightdale. Not long after his death in 1904, the railroad finally came to the community that would bear his name.

After the coming of the railroad and the depot, life and commerce in this area began to move at a faster pace. The railroad moved timber and farm products to the market and moved people to Raleigh. As the need for more railroad workers increased, Norfolk and Southern moved many families into the community to take care of the railroad. Many of the older homes in Knightdale were built specifically for the use of railroad workers and their families. The railroad stationmaster's house still exists today along the tracks on Railroad Street.

HISTORY & DESCRIPTION OF THE TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE (Continued)

As the community grew so did the demand for services. Knightdale's first medical doctor, James Roberts Hester, moved to the community in 1910. The new town also had the need for dry goods and hardware. To fill this need, families, like the Robertson's who opened a store on First Avenue, built businesses along the primary streets in town. From these stores people bought and sold goods. Along this same time, a bank opened its doors. As a result of the increased activity, Knightdale received its articles of official incorporation from the North Carolina Legislature on March 9, 1927. The first Mayor was Bennett L. Wall. The aldermen were N.G. House, J.F. Keith, L.A. Doub, J.T. Ramsey, and C.L. Robertson.

After incorporation, many businesses moved into town, including a farmer's cooperative, a barbershop, and several small grills. Robertson's remained the anchor of the business community. Despite the growth, Knightdale continued to suffer from not having a municipal water system. This shortfall came to a head in 1940. In the early morning hours of February 7, 1940, a fire swept through downtown Knightdale.

Virtually the entire town turned out to fight the flames that engulfed Robertson's and threatened the entire downtown business district. The citizens formed bucket brigades to try to halt the fire, but to no avail. The fire was not brought under control until trained firefighters arrived from Raleigh with an adequate water supply. This effort arrived too late to save Robertson's and several other businesses and homes. Soon after the fire, the people of Knightdale went about rebuilding their once proud downtown business district.

Helped along by the baby boom following World War II, the population of Knightdale grew at a steady pace, but Knightdale retained its small town atmosphere. The corner drugstore, the bank, and the barbershop on First Avenue not only served as places of business, but places for social gatherings. Movies were often shown on the wall of the old bank building, which is located at the intersection of First Avenue and Main Street. In 1952 a municipal water system was installed. The Knightdale Volunteer Fire Department was established in 1953.

As the importance of the railroad diminished in the lives of the people of Knightdale, the importance of the car increased. Since the 1960's, new businesses in Knightdale have located along major roadways, primarily U.S. 64, which was widened to four lanes in 1970's. Between 1990 and 2000 Knightdale's population increased from 1,884 to more than 5,958 residents, making it the thirteenth fastest growing town in North Carolina in that time frame. Although Knightdale's current population has grown to an estimated 13,102, the people and events in Knightdale's history have left a lasting imprint in the cultural, architectural, and physical landscape of this area.

HISTORY & DESCRIPTION OF THE TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE (Continued)

OTHER INFORMATION

In May 2006, the Town of Knightdale and the City of Raleigh merged the two municipal water and wastewater systems in order to stabilize water and sewer rates for the citizens of Knightdale and to further ensure the supply of water to the Town. In exchange for taking title to the assets of Knightdale's utility system, the City of Raleigh agreed to fund an expansion of the Knightdale utility system. The estimated cost of the infrastructure expansion and upgrades is approximately \$25 million over a three year period. The utility funds presented in these financial statements exist to coordinate the collection of fees due to the City of Raleigh and the completion of a capital project. Other utilities provided throughout the Town are natural gas, electricity, telephone, television, and internet by investor owned utilities.

The Town, in conjunction with other civic organizations, offers the youth an opportunity to participate in basketball, baseball, football and soccer. Knightdale Community Park and Harper Park consists of lighted tennis courts and playground equipment. Five elementary schools, one middle school and two high schools are located in the community. The Parks & Recreation Department also hosts an annual Easter Egg Hunt, an Arbor Day Festival, Community Day, July 4th Celebration and the Christmas Parade. In July 2010, the Town purchased 73 acres of land adjacent to the historic downtown business district for the construction of a new park for the citizens of Knightdale. The grand opening of Knightdale Station Park was held on September 19, 2013. Phase II of the park has been completed during 2015 and Phase III is underway. The Mingo Creek Greenway was completed during 2014. This paved bicycle and walking trail connects Knightdale to trails in Raleigh and other communities in Wake County. The Knightdale Pool is also popular with the residents during the summer months. This location also contains a club house that may be rented for events.

The Town adopted the Council-Manager form of government in 1979. Legislative and policy making authority rests with a Mayor and a five member Town Council. The Mayor is elected every four years and the Council Members serve four year staggered terms. Elections are non-partisan and held during odd numbered years. The Town Council and Mayor appoint the Town Manager to carry out its policies, as well as to manage and direct the daily operation of the Town.

DEMOGRAPHICS

The Town of Knightdale is located in eastern Wake County. The Town's population is 13,102 per the latest State Office of Budget and Management estimate, while Wake County has an estimated population of 985,310. In 2015 the median family income in Knightdale was projected to be \$71,066. The Wake County unemployment rate as of June 2015 was 5.0%. The average temperature is 60 degrees and the annual rainfall is 45 inches. The Town's land area consists of 6.90 square miles. The Town of Knightdale maintains 48.33 miles of hard-surface streets in the city limits according to the Town Public Works Department.

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA RESPONSIBILITIES OF TOWN GOVERNMENT

TOWN MANAGER'S OFFICE

The Town Manager's Office, under the Council-Manager form of government, supports the role of the Town Manager in implementing the policy decisions of the Council. The Town Manager is appointed by the Town Council and is responsible for the performance of all Town departments. The function of the Town Manager is to carry out the policies of the Town Council, the day-to-day management of the Town, the preparation of the Annual Operating Budget, interacting with citizens and local businesses, and involvement with community groups, such as the East Wake Education Foundation, East Wake TV and the East Wake Business Alliance. This department includes the Town Manager and Legislative. The Legislative division includes the Town Clerk's office whose primary functions are custodian of records and clerk to the governing board. This division also houses the Mayor and five Council members.

ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES

The Administrative Services Department consists of two divisions: Human Resources and Communications. Within those two divisions, there are three employees: Administrative Services Director, Human Resources Manager, and Publice Information Officer. Human Resources is responsible for the recruitment and selection of Town employees, position classification and compensation, employee recognition, personnel policy management, benefits administration, and workers' compensation. Communication is responsible for disseminating information about the Town through various mediums.

FINANCE

The Finance Department consists of five employees: Finance Officer, Accountant, Purchasing Agent, Accounting Technician, and Customer Service Clerk. The Finance Department is responsible for administering all financial affairs of the Town including accounting, budgeting, purchasing, payroll, billing and collections.

DEVELOPMENT SERVICES

The Development Services Department is responsible for all planning and development for the Town by facilitating sustainable growth and promoting balance of the built and natural environment through professional guidance, community involvement and equitable enforcement. Staffing for Development Services includes the Development Services Director, Assistant Director, Senior Planner, a Code Enforcement Officer/Planner, and a Planning Technician.

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA RESPONSIBILITIES OF TOWN GOVERNMENT (Continued)

PUBLIC SAFETY

Public Safety consists of two separate departments: Fire and Police.

The Fire Department is made up of thirteen full-time employees including the Fire Chief, 3 Captains, 3 Lieutenants, and 6 Firefighters and is supplemented with limited service (part-time) firefighters as well as volunteers. The Fire Department's mission is to build partnership with the community in an effort to provide fire suppression and prevention in order to promote safety and security.

The Knightdale Police Department is guided by its mission, "To ensure the safety and security of all who live, work and visit the Town of Knightdale through professional policing and community partnerships." This mission is supplemented by the agency's core values of professionalism, respect, integrity, dedication, and ethical conduct. There are currently 30 sworn employees and 2 civilian members serving in the department. The agency's Command Staff is comprised of the Chief of Police, two Division Captains, and a civilian Administrative Division Manager. Four Lieutenants and 4 Sergeants are responsible for the department's frontline supervision. Two Detectives are tasked with investigating serious criminal offenses, and the department's day to day operations are anchored by 14 Officers, including 2 School Resource Officers, 4 Traffic Officers and 2 K-9 Officers. Records management and clerical functions are performed by a civilian Administrative Assistant.

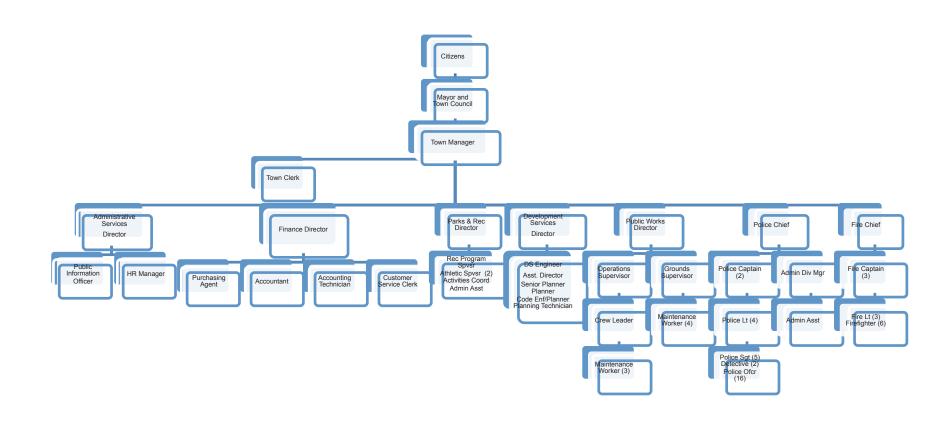
PUBLIC WORKS

The Public Works Department consists of three divisions: Operations, Grounds, and IT. There are 11 employees including the Public Works Director, Operations Supervisor, Grounds Maintenance Supervisor, Crew Leader, and 7 Maintenance Workers. Their responsibilities include administration of Town projects, storm water, street, vehicle, and building maintenance as well as landscaping and maintenance of all town property. The Information Technology division provides technology solutions, services and support to all departments and is currently being outsourced to a third party vendor.

PARKS AND RECREATION

The focus of the Parks and Recreation Department is enhancing the quality of life for citizens by providing a variety of passive and active leisure opportunities including a system of parks, greenways, recreation facilities, open space areas, adult and youth instructional and athletic programs, youth day camps, swimming programs. The department consists of a Parks and Recreation Director, Recreation Program Supervisor, 2 Athletic Supervisors, Recreation Activities Coordinator, and an Administrative Assistant.

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA ORGANIZATIONAL CHART FOR FISCAL YEAR 2017





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This section includes the independent auditor's report, the management discussion and analysis, the basic financial statements (government-wide and fund financial statements), notes to financial statements and required supplemental information other than management discussion and analysis (budget to actual comparison of major governmental funds and pension schedules).

FINANCIAL SECTION



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104 Brady Court, Cary, North Carolina 27511 Phone 919-466-0946 Fax 919-466-0947

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Knightdale, North Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Knightdale, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation of the financial statements.

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We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, based on our audit, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Knightdale, North Carolina as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where appropriate, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund and General Capital Reserve Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance Schedules of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll and Changes in Total Pension Liability, the Other Postemployment Benefits' Schedule of Funding Progress and Schedule of Employer Contributions and the Local Government Employees' Retirement System's Schedules of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a required part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the Town of Knightdale, North Carolina. The combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules, and accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying

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accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, the combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards, and other schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 9, 2017 on our consideration of the Town of Knightdale's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants agreements, and other matters. The purpose of the report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Town of Knightdale's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Joyce and Company, CPA
Cary, North Carolina

November 9, 2017



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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the Town of Knightdale, we offer readers of the Town of Knightdale's comprehensive annual financial report this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town of Knightdale for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. Readers are encouraged to read the information presented here in conjunction with the transmittal letter located on pages 1-5 of this report and additional information that we have furnished in the Town's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of the Town of Knightdale exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$62,681,432 (net position).
- The Town's total net position increased over the course of this year's operations by \$11,079,858 (21.48%). Net position for business-type activities increased \$1,342 (1.44%). The net position related to governmental activities increased \$11,078,516 (21.51%).
- Knightdale no longer owns nor operates the water and sewer utility system in the Town. Knightdale has chosen to maintain the water and sewer proprietary funds because of the internal controls inherent with these funds. Knightdale now collects water and sewer fees and charges on behalf of the City of Raleigh. Amounts collected on behalf of Raleigh are remitted to the City of Raleigh by the middle of the following month.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town of Knightdale's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$14,423,670 with a net change of \$1,812,296 in fund balance. Approximately 33.93% of this total amount, or \$4,893,461 is non spendable or restricted.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$5,015,838 or 34.78% of total general fund expenditures (including transfers to other funds) for the fiscal year. The Town Council's policy is that this ratio should be between 25% and 40%.
- Fund balance available for appropriation is specified in NC General Statute 159-8(a) and does include amounts which are limited in purpose. The fund balance available for appropriation in the General Fund as of June 30, 2017 was \$6,321,313 or 50.62 % of the General Fund's expenditures, transfers out and adjusted for debt financed expenditures.
- The Town of Knightdale's current debt due within one year for general obligation and installment notes (\$1,279,894) increased \$10,616 during the current fiscal year. Of this amount, the City of Raleigh will transfer \$154,000 to the Town to fund water and sewer debt which could not legally be transferred to Raleigh in the utility merger.
- The Town of Knightdale's total debt decreased by \$1,220,704 (10.89%) during the current fiscal year.
- The Town of Knightdale maintained its bond ratings of AA, A2, and 82 with Standard and Poor's, Moody's, and the North Carolina Municipal Council respectively.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the Town of Knightdale's basic financial statements. This annual report consists of four components: 1) management's discussion and analysis (this section), 2) government-wide financial statements, 3) fund financial statements, and 4) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the Town through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the Town of Knightdale.

Required Components of Annual Financial Report Required **Basic** Management's **Supplementary Financial** Discussion and Information **Statements Analysis** Government-wide Fund Notes to the **Financial** Financial **Financial Statements Statements Statements DETAIL SUMMARY**

Figure 1

Basic Financial Statements

- The first two statements (Exhibits 1 and 2) in the basic financial statements are **Government-wide Financial Statements.** They provide both long-term and short-term information about the Town's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements (Exhibit 3 through 8) are **Fund Financial Statements.** These statements focus on the activities of individual parts of the Town's government, reporting the Town's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements. There are three parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; 2) the budgetary comparison statements; and 3) the proprietary fund statements.
 - The *governmental funds* statements tell how *general government* services like public safety were financed in the *short term* as well as what remains for future spending.
 - > Proprietary fund statements offer short- and long-term financial information about the activities the government operates like businesses.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those financial statements. The statements are followed by a section of *required supplementary information* that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Supplemental information is provided to show details about the Town's individual funds. Budgetary information required by the North Carolina General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements. Figure 1 shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and relate to one another. Figure 2 summarizes the major features of the Town's financial statements, including the portion of the Town government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Figure 2

Major Features of the Town of Knightdale's Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

		Fund St	Fund Statements					
	Government-wide Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds					
Scope	Entire Town government	The activities of the Town that are not proprietary, such as public safety and parks.	Activities the Town operates similar to private businesses; the water and sewer system.					
Required financial statements	Statement of net positionStatement of activities	 Balance sheet Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance 	 Statement of net position Statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position Statement of cash flows 					
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus					
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short term and long term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter, no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short term and long term					
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid					

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report) are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Town's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the Town's financial status as a whole. The statement of net position includes *all* of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the Town's *net position* and how it has changed. Net position is the difference between the Town's total assets and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the Town's financial health, or condition.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the Town's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the Town, additional non financial factors such as changes in the Town's property tax rate and the condition of the Town's roads should be considered.

The government-wide financial statements of the Town are divided into two categories:

- Governmental activities Most of the Town's basic services are included here, such as the police, fire, public works, parks and recreation departments, and general administration. Property taxes, local option sales taxes, and state and federal grant funds finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities During fiscal year 2006, the Town's water and sewer system was merged with the City of Raleigh's utility system. More thorough information is included under "BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES" and "FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWN'S FUNDS" later in this document. These funds are maintained as internal controls for the fees and charges collected on behalf of Raleigh and debt payments which could not legally be assumed by the City of Raleigh.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements (Exhibits 3-8) provide more detailed information about the Town's most significant activities - not the Town as a whole. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that the Town uses to maintain control over specific sources of funding and spending that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Knightdale, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the Town's budget ordinance. All of the funds of the Town of Knightdale can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the Town's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on (1) how *cash and other* financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting which provides a short-term spending focus. Consequently, the governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed *short-term* view that helps you determine whether there are more or less financial resources available that can be spent in the near future to finance the Town's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is part of the fund financial statements.

The Town of Knightdale adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the Town, the management of the Town, and the decisions of the Council about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the Town to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the Town complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the Town succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the Council; 2) the final budget as amended by the Council; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges.

Proprietary Funds - Services for which the Town charges customers a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds, like the government-wide statements, provide both long- and short-term financial information. *Enterprise Funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Town of Knightdale uses an enterprise fund to account for its water and sewer activity. This fund is the same as those functions shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

Notes to the Financial Statements - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements are located on pages 55-88 of this report.

Other Information - In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain required supplementary information concerning the Town of Knightdale's progress in funding its obligations to provide pension and other postemployment benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found beginning on page 90 of this report.

Interdependence with Other Entities: The Town depends on financial resources flowing from, or associated with, both the Federal Government and the State of North Carolina. Because of this dependency, the Town is subject to changes in specific flows of intergovernmental revenues based on modifications to Federal and State laws and Federal and State appropriations. It is also subject to changes in investment earnings and asset values associated with U.S. Treasury Securities because of actions by foreign government and other holders of publicly held U.S. Treasury Securities.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Figure 3
Town of Knightdale's Net Position

	Govern	nmental	В	usiness	s-Type				
	Activ	/ities		Activit	ties	To	ital		
	2017	2016	201	7	2016	2017	2016		
Current and other assets	\$ 15,975,547	\$ 14,299,691	\$ 1,25	8,699	\$ 1,260,031	\$ 17,234,246	\$ 15,559,722		
Capital assets	61,791,931	52,441,845		-	-	61,791,931	52,441,845		
Deferred Outflows of resources	1,371,630	281,986				1,371,630	281,986		
Total assets and									
deferred outflows of resources	79,139,108	67,023,522	1,25	8,699	1,260,031	80,397,807	68,283,553		
Long-term liabilities outstanding	13,377,341	12,146,123	59:	2,421	746,421	13,969,762	12,892,544		
Other liabilities	2,744,830	2,954,291	57	1,900	420,574	3,316,730	3,374,865		
Deferred inflows of resources	429,883	414,570				429,883	414,570		
Total liabilities and									
deferred inflows of resources	16,552,054	15,514,984	1,16	4,321	1,166,995	17,716,375	16,681,979		
					_				
Net position:									
Invested in capital assets,									
net of related debt	52,553,720	42,147,141		-	_	52,553,720	42,147,141		
Restricted	4,888,416	3,429,113		-	_	4,888,416	3,401,121		
Unrestricted	5,144,918	5,932,284	9,	4,378	93,036	5,239,296	6,053,312		
Total net position	\$ 62,587,054	\$ 51,508,538	\$ 9	4,378	\$ 93,036	\$ 62,681,432	\$ 51,601,574		

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets and deferred outflows of the Town of Knightdale exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$62,681,432 as of June 30, 2017. The Town's net position increased by \$11,079,858 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. However, the largest portion (83.84%) reflects the Town's net investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, and equipment); less any related debt still outstanding that was issued to acquire those items. The Town of Knightdale uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town of Knightdale's net investment in its capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the Town of Knightdale's net position, \$4,888,416 (7.80%), represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$5,239,296 (8.36%) is unrestricted and may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. The following items also affected the financial position of the Town.

- Wake County bills and collects all property tax due to the Town of Knightdale. The percent of net levy collected for the year was 99.88%, decreasing slightly from 99.89% in the prior year. The statewide average tax collection percentage was 99.02% for FY 2015-2016.
- The Town's assessed value at year end (\$1,555,889,302) grew 5.04% as compared to fiscal year 2016 values. The Town continues to benefit from construction of new homes, apartments and retail establishments. Property tax collections were up 4.95%.
- The property tax rate remained the same in fiscal year 2017 at \$0.43 per \$100 of assessed property value.
- Local option sales tax revenues increased by \$171,789 (6.40%) mainly due to improvement in the local economy of Wake County and an increase in Knightdale's population which is used by the State of North Carolina Department of Revenue to distribute sales tax revenue among the various towns in Wake County. Knightdale's estimated population increased from 13,560 (.74134%) to 13,786 (.7455%).
- Total Governmental Fund expenditures increased by \$584,527 (5.10%) during fiscal year 2017 primarily due increased capital outlay expenditures and eight additional personnel positions throughout the Town's departments.
- Debt service expenditures in the General Fund decreased by \$160,770 in fiscal year 2017.

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

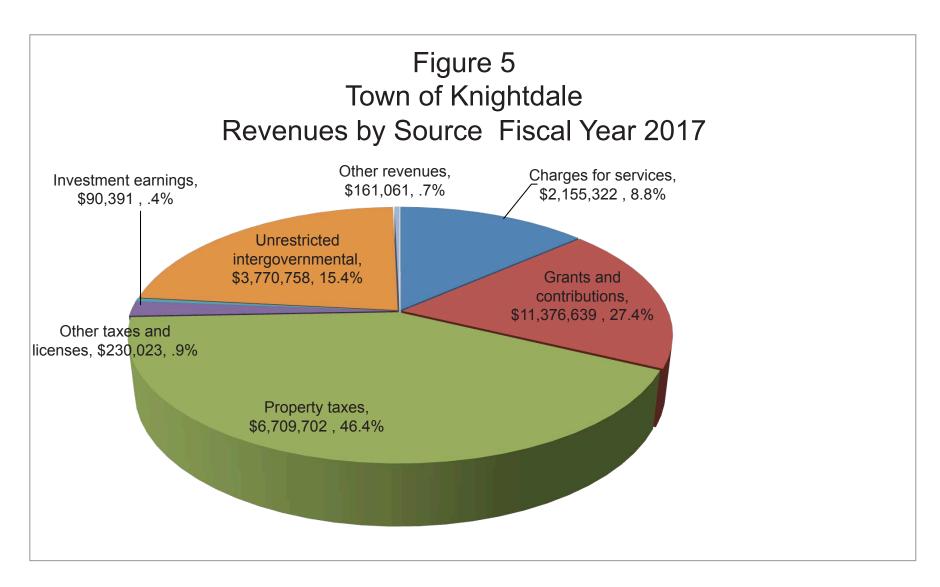
Governmental activities increased the Town's net position by \$11,713,395, thereby accounting for most of the total growth in net position of the Town of Knightdale. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

Revenues-Governmental Activities

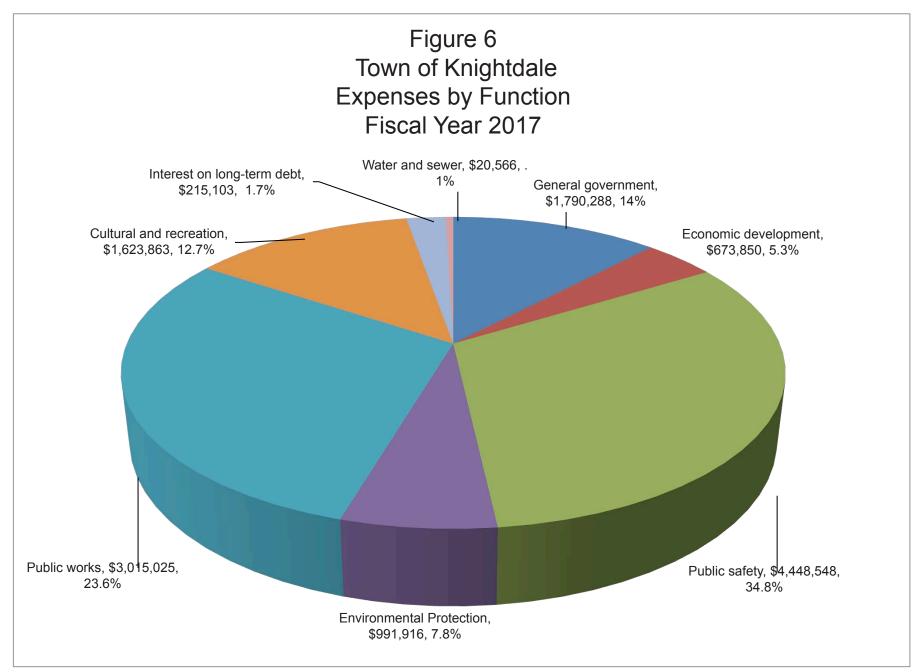
- Ad Valorem Taxes make up 27.4% of the governmental activity revenue and have traditionally been the single most important revenue source for funding local government operations. Property taxes are expected, over the long term, to remain one of the top two revenue sources for the Town. The Town's tax rate during fiscal year 2017 was 43 cents with an assessed value of \$1,555,889,302 (per Wake County tax report). Knightdale's tax base grew 5.04% from fiscal year 2016. The Town continues to experience commercial and residential growth. Wake County continues to act as a tax collector for the Town, with current year collections at 99.88%.
- Developers contributed \$10,674,009 of land, roads, and infrastructure improvements to the Town during the current fiscal year. While the infrastructure provided by the new development is a cost the Town avoids, the infrastructure is not a resource that can be used to retire financial obligations.
- Unrestricted intergovernmental revenue is also a large revenue source accounting for 15.4% of total governmental revenues. Local option sales tax accounts for a majority of this category. The sales tax is basically a tax on the retail sale or lease of tangible personal property. Although the Town does not levy these taxes, they share in the proceeds collected for Wake County, in which the Town is located. Intergovernmental revenues also include state collected reimbursements for franchise taxes, wine and beer tax and ABC profits.

Figure 4
Town of Knightdale Changes in Net Position

	Governm	ental	Business-T	ype		
	Activiti	es	Activitie	S	Total	
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 2,155,322 \$	2,233,337 \$	- \$	- \$	2,155,322 \$	2,233,337
Operating grants and contributions	632,335	771,677	-	-	632,335	771,677
Capital grants and contributions	10,744,304	39,613	-	-	10,744,304	39,613
General revenues:						
Property taxes	6,709,702	6,398,393	-	-	6,709,702	6,398,393
Other taxes	230,023	219,428	-	-	230,023	219,428
Grants and contributions not restricted						
to specific programs	3,770,758	3,616,196	-	-	3,770,758	3,616,196
Unrestricted investment earnings	68,483	57,502	21,908	32,437	90,391	89,939
Other revenues	161,061	(26,059)	<u> </u>	20,893	161,061	(5,166)
Total revenues	24,471,988	13,310,087	21,908	53,330	24,493,896	13,363,417
Expenses:						
General government	1,790,288	1,705,859	-	=	1,790,288	1,705,859
Public safety	4,448,548	4,216,783	-	-	4,448,548	4,216,783
Transportation	3,015,025	2,748,299	-	=	3,015,025	2,748,299
Environmental protection	991,916	864,818	-	=	991,916	864,818
Economic and physical development	673,850	668,332	-	-	673,850	668,332
Cultural and recreational	1,623,863	1,754,476	-	-	1,623,863	1,754,476
Interest on long-term debt	215,103	245,700	-	-	215,103	245,700
Water and sewer	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	20,566	30,594	20,566	30,594
Total expenses	12,758,593	12,204,267	20,566	30,594	12,779,159	12,234,861
Change in net position	11,713,395	1,105,820	1,342	22,736	11,714,737	1,128,556
Net position, July 1	51,508,538	50,402,718	93,036	70,300	51,601,574	50,473,018
Prior period adjustment	(634,879)	<u> </u>			(634,879)	<u> </u>
Net position, June 30	\$ 62,587,054 \$	51,508,538 \$	94,378 \$	93,036 \$	62,681,432 \$	51,601,574



The Town of Knightdale's total revenues were \$24,493,896 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.



The Town of Knightdale's total expenses were \$12,779,159 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

- Restricted intergovernmental revenues \$677,588 make up 5.03% of total governmental activities revenues. The Town received grants from the county and state for public safety staffing costs, as well as, smaller amounts from the Federal Emergency Management Agency for storm response costs and the US Department of Justice for public safety equipment.
- Powell Bill funds are generated from the State's Gasoline Tax. A certain percentage of this tax is returned to municipalities through a formula based on a Town's population and street mileage. These funds are limited to maintaining, repairing, construction, reconstruction, or widening of any street or public thoroughfare including bridges, drainage, curb and gutter, and other related needs. Powell Bill funding of \$348,925 increased .77% this year and is included in Operating Grants and Contributions.
- Charges for services, which include recreation, sanitation, storm water fees, permits and fees revenues, decreased by \$78,015 (3.49%) this year. Effective July 1, 2012 the Town implemented a new storm water fee of \$2.00 per residential unit which generated \$293,413 in revenue during the current year. Sanitation fees increased by 7.93% from increases in costs for service and growth. Development fees decreased despite increases in both single family permits and total permit issued of 17% and 9% respectively due to a significant decrease in commercial activity of \$21,535,600 or 90.0% relative to the prior fiscal year.

Expenses-Governmental Activities

• The primary expenses are divided into seven different categories: General Government, Public Safety, Transportation, Environmental Protection, Economic Development, Cultural and Recreational, and Debt Service.

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

Business-type activities increased the Town of Knightdale's net position by \$1,342.

On May 1, 2006, the Town of Knightdale and the City of Raleigh merged the water and sewer systems. The financial information presented in the basic financial statements shows the residual "wrap up" work from settling accounts and debt service payments. Following are the key points to the merger and current operations.

- The Town of Knightdale cannot legally transfer the debt associated with the Water and Sewer Fund. As part of the merger agreement, the City of Raleigh will make periodic payments to the Town of Knightdale as debt service payments come due. The City of Raleigh carries an AAA bond rating.
- Knightdale accepts certain water and sewer fees from developers and builders. Depending on the nature of the fees, the money is either transferred to Raleigh on a monthly basis, held in reserve to fund infrastructure reimbursements to developers, or fund water and sewer line extensions to annexed areas.
- The City of Raleigh reimbursed the Town of Knightdale \$185,100 for debt service payments made during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.
- The Town of Knightdale remitted to the City of Raleigh \$1,582,930 in development fees collected on behalf of the City of Raleigh during fiscal year 2017.
- The Town of Knightdale anticipates completing the payoff of the merger agreement with the City of Raleigh in fiscal year 2017-2018.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWN'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the Town of Knightdale uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the Town of Knightdale's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town of Knightdale's financing requirements. Specifically, unassigned fund balance can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Town of Knightdale. At the end of the current fiscal year, Town of Knightdale's fund balance available in the General Fund was \$6,322,681 while total fund balance for the General Fund reached \$8,850,378. The Town Council of the Town of Knightdale has determined that the Town should maintain an available fund balance of 40% of General Fund expenditures and interfund transfers in case of unforeseen needs or opportunities, in addition to meeting the cash flow needs of

the Town. The Town currently has an available fund balance of 50.62% of General Fund expenditures and transfers out adjusted for debt financed expenditures, while total fund balance represents 7.88% of the same amount. This ratio is used by the Town Council for internal management purposes. Available Fund balance less restricted funds at year end in excess of 40% of expenditures and interfund transfers will be transferred to the General Capital Project Capital Reserve Fund in the following fiscal year.

At June 30, 2017, the governmental funds of the Town of Knightdale reported a combined fund balance of \$14,423,670, with a net increase in fund balance of \$1,812,296 (14.37%) over last year. Included in this change in fund balance are increases in the General Fund and General Capital Reserve Fund with a slight decrease in Non-Major Funds.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights-Fiscal Year 2017

During the fiscal year, the Town revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: (1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; (2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as Federal and State grants; and (3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services.

Property tax revenues increased 5.17% over the previous year, while sales tax revenues increased by 6.40%. The growth in sales tax revenue is due to a general improvement in the economy and the population growth of Knightdale and Wake County. Expenditures were held in check to comply with its budgetary requirements and lower than anticipated due do position vacancies uncompleted capital projects and purchases.

General Capital Projects - Capital Reserve Fund- Fiscal Year 2017

As of June 30, 2017, the General Capital Projects – Capital Reserve Fund had a fund balance of \$4,667,220. Of this amount \$1,048,162 is restricted for street improvement projects. The remaining balance is assigned or designated for future capital projects. During the current fiscal year, the fund balance increased by \$1,146,507 due primarily to interfund transfers totaling \$983,586, motor vehicle revenues of \$126,294, and permits and fees of \$260,401. The General Fund transferred \$983,576 (representing \$0.025 of the current tax levy and available fund balance in excess of 40%) to the General Capital Projects - Capital Reserve Fund during fiscal year 2017. During fiscal year 2017 \$240,000 was transferred to the General Fund for debt service costs for Knightdale Station Park.

Proprietary Fund Highlights-Fiscal Year 2017

As discussed above, the Utility Fund shown in these financial statements is a shell of its former self. The Town of Knightdale does not maintain any water and sewer operations. The various funds are maintained for the internal controls they provide in collecting fees to be either remitted to Raleigh on a monthly basis, used to reimburse developers under previous developer agreements, or to fund water and sewer additions to newly annexed areas. In the final scenario, Knightdale is responsible for providing the infrastructure to newly annexed areas, but the City of Raleigh will take title to the lines once the project is complete. The budgeted amounts are presented on the modified accrual basis. Because Knightdale has no ownership of any of the revenues, they are eliminated in the conversion to full accrual.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The Town of Knightdale's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2016, totals \$61,791,931 net of accumulated depreciation and including construction in progress. These assets include land, buildings, machinery, equipment, roads and infrastructure, vehicles and park facilities. The Town does not retain any business-type capital assets. As discussed previously, all business-type capital assets were transferred to the City of Raleigh per merger agreement. Major capital asset transactions during the year include the following.

- The Town of Knightdale expended \$166,422 on capital projects at Knightdale Station Park.
- The Town received \$10,674,009 in land, roads, and infrastructure from developers.
- The Town expended \$783,720 for the purchase of new vehicles, equipment, financial software, and building and other improvements.

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in Note 2.A.3 of the Basic Financial Statements.

Figure 7
Town of Knightdale's Capital Assets
(net of depreciation)

	Governmental						
	Activ	'iti	es				
	2017 2016						
			_				
Land and improvements	\$ 14,723,782	\$	13,408,610				
Construction in progress	\$ 413,651	\$	274,735				
Streets and infrastructure	\$ 32,857,950	\$	24,660,820				
Building	\$ 2,676,287	\$	2,832,606				
Other improvements	\$ 10,379,230	\$	10,625,824				
Intangibles	\$ 52,727	\$	23,266				
Equipment	\$ 202,042	\$	199,370				
Vehicles and motorized equipment	\$ 486,262	\$	416,614				
Total	\$ 61,791,931	\$	52,441,845				

Long-term Debt

As of June 30, 2017, the Town of Knightdale had total bonded debt outstanding of \$3,413,000. This outstanding debt is backed by the full faith and credit of the Town. Of that total, \$746,421 is debt related to the utility system. The merger agreement with the City of Raleigh requires the City to make periodic transfers to Knightdale to fund these debt service payments. The remaining Town debt relates to installment purchase agreements for land, buildings, equipment and vehicles. The Town of Knightdale's total debt decreased by \$1,220,704 (10.89%), during the past fiscal year, due to its ability to repay outstanding debt and new issuance of \$48,575 in vendor-financed debt for financial software.

As mentioned in the financial highlights section of this document, the Town of Knightdale maintained its bonds ratings of AA, A2 and 82 with Standard and Poor's, Moody's, and the North Carolina Municipal Council, respectively. This bond rating is a clear indication of the sound financial condition of the Town of Knightdale. This is a primary factor in keeping interest costs low on the Town's outstanding debt.

North Carolina general statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue to 8% of the total assessed value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries. The legal debt margin for the Town of Knightdale is \$115,232,933, which is well above the Town's current total debt outstanding.

Additional information regarding the Town of Knightdale's long-term debt can be found in the Note 2.B.5 of this report.

Figure 8
Town of Knightdale's Long-Term Debt

		nmental vities		ss-Type vities	Total			
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016		
General obligation bonds Installment purchase agreements Eastern Wake Volunteer Fire Dept.	\$ 2,666,579 6,571,632	\$ 2,922,369 7,372,335	\$ 746,421 	\$ 910,632 - -	\$ 3,413,000 6,571,632	\$ 3,833,001 7,372,335 		
Total outstanding debt	\$ 9,238,211	\$ 10,294,704	\$ 746,421	\$ 910,632	\$ 9,984,632	\$ 11,205,336		

RESTRICTED FUNDS

The Police Department received zero funding in restricted revenue and controlled substance taxes this year as the Town's share of drug money seized during police activity. As of June 30, 2017, the Town has \$7,710 reserved for drug enforcement and police purposes. The money will be used to purchase necessary equipment and support anti-drug activity. The Fire Department received \$8,668 distribution for the Firemen's Relief Fund from the NC Dept of Insurance. The accumulated funds totaling \$38,773 are available to provide immediate relief to firemen or their families in the event of a firefighting injury. These restricted funds totaling \$46,483 are shown as fund balance reserved for public safety in the General Fund.

NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET'S HIGHLIGHTS & ECONOMIC FACTORS

- Tax Rate for fiscal year 2018 remains the same at \$0.43 per \$100 of assessed value.
- No cost of living adjustment for Town employees was included in fiscal year 2018 budget.
- Sanitation fees for residential customers increased slightly from \$13.81 to \$14.83 per month to match the cost of providing the services and increase frequency of recycling from biweekly to weekly.
- Water and sewer rates billed by the City of Raleigh were increased by 3%.
- Storm water fees remained the same at \$2.00 per month for each residential equivalent unit (ERU = 2,200 square feet).
- Fiscal year 2018 capital improvement budget includes funding for improvements at the community pool clubhouse and police substation, gateway signage, update of the unified development ordinance, splash pad at Knightdale Station Park, as well as continued work on the future phase of Knightdale Station Park.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This report is designated to provide an overview of the Town's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Finance Director, Town of Knightdale, 950 Steeple Square Court, Knightdale, N.C. 27545.



July 4th Fireworks at Knightdale Station Park



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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2017

EXHIBIT 1 Page 1 of 2

	Governmental Activities			iness Type ctivities		Total
ASSETS						
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	11,917,190	\$	512,278	\$	12,429,468
Restricted cash		2,546,831		-		2,546,831
Receivables:						
Taxes		63,173		-		63,173
Accounts		123,478		-		123,478
Notes-current		-		154,000		154,000
Due from other governments		1,319,830		-		1,319,830
Prepaid expenses		5,045		-		5,045
Total current assets		15,975,547		666,278		16,641,825
Non-current assets:						
Note receivable-noncurrent		-		592,421		592,421
Capital assets:				•		•
Land, improvements and construction in progress		15,137,433		-		15,137,433
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		46,654,498		_		46,654,498
Total capital assets		61,791,931	-	-	-	61,791,931
Total assets		77,767,478		1,258,699		79,026,177
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Contributions to pension plan in current fiscal year		321,960		_		321,960
Pension deferrals		1,049,670		_		1,049,670
Total deferred outflows of resources		1,371,630		-		1,371,630

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2017

EXHIBIT 1 Page 2 of 2

	Governmental Activities			iness-type ctivities		Total
LIABILITIES		_			-	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	1,177,854	\$	416,504	\$	1,594,358
Accrued interest		202,849		1,396		204,245
Due within one year:						
Compensated absences		238,233		-		238,233
Bonds and notes payable		1,125,894		154,000		1,279,894
Due in more than one year:						
Compensated absences		82,030		-		82,030
Net pension obligation		1,124,497		-		1,124,497
Net pension liability		1,639,716		-		1,639,716
Net other postemployment benefits obligation		2,418,781		-		2,418,781
Bonds and notes payable		8,112,317		592,421		8,704,738
Total liabilities		16,122,171		1,164,321		17,286,492
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Prepaid taxes and grant proceeds		222,804		-		222,804
Pension deferrals		207,079		-		207,079
Total deferred inflows of resources		429,883		_		429,883
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets		52,553,720		-		52,553,720
Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute		2,522,652		-		2,522,652
Restricted for Powell Bill		901,001		-		901,001
Restricted for public safety		46,483		-		46,483
Restricted for loan covenant		174,769		-		174,769
Restricted for streets		1,048,162		-		1,048,162
Restricted for Storm Water		195,349		-		195,349
Unrestricted		5,144,918		94,378		5,239,296
Total net position	\$	62,587,054	\$	94,378	\$	62,681,432

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For The Year Ended June 30, 2017

EXHIBIT 2

EXHIBIT 2			Program	Revenues		N	let (Expense) Re	venue ar	nd Changes in N	let Pos	sition
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Ope Gran	erating nts and ibutions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		.0010	Total
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS											
Governmental activities											
General government	\$ 1,790,288	\$ 291,440	\$	76,016	-	\$	(1,422,832)	\$	-	\$	(1,422,832)
Public safety	4,448,548	-		141,023	-		(4,307,525)		-		(4,307,525)
Transportation	3,015,025	252,588		337,084	10,685,849		8,260,496		-		8,260,496
Environmental protection	991,916	1,157,202		14,966	-		180,252		-		180,252
Economic and physical development	673,850	-		56,658	-		(617,192)		-		(617,192)
Cultural and recreational	1,623,863	454,092		6,588	58,455		(1,104,728)		-		(1,104,728)
Interest on long-term debt	215,103			-			(215,103)				(215,103)
Total governmental activities	12,758,593	2,155,322		632,335	10,744,304		773,368		-		773,368
Business-type activities											
Water and sewer	20,566								(20,566)		(20,566)
TOTAL	\$ 12,779,159	\$ 2,155,322	\$	632,335	\$ 10,744,304		773,368		(20,566)		752,802
	General revenues										
	Taxes:										
	Property taxes,	levied for general pur	poses				6,709,702		-		6,709,702
	Other taxes and	llicenses					230,023		-		230,023
	Grants and contrib	outions not restricted to	o specific p	rograms			3,770,758		-		3,770,758
	Unrestricted inves	tment earnings					68,483		21,908		90,391
	Miscellaneous						161,061		-		161,061
	Total general revenue	es					10,940,027		21,908		10,961,935
	Change in Net	Position					11,713,395		1,342		11,714,737
	Net Position-beginning	ng (as previously state	d)				51,508,538		93,036		51,601,574
	Adjustment to begins	ning net position					(634,879)		-		(634,879)
	Net Position-beginning	ng (as restated)					50,873,659		93,036		50,966,695
	Net Position-ending					\$	62,587,054	\$	94,378	\$	62,681,432

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2017

EXHIBIT 3	G		ajor	General Capital Project Capital Reserve		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
Page 1 of 2								
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	7,533,772	\$	3,619,058	\$	764,360	\$	11,917,190
Restricted cash		1,303,319		1,048,162		195,350		2,546,831
Receivables:								
Taxes		63,173		-		-		63,173
Accounts		117,322		-		6,156		123,478
Due from other governments		1,270,855		-		48,975		1,319,830
Prepaid expenditures TOTAL ASSETS	ф.	5,045	d.	4 ((7 220	Ф.	1.014.041	e	5,045
TOTAL ASSETS	•	10,293,486	\$	4,667,220	\$	1,014,841	\$	15,975,547
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	893,156	\$	-	\$	100,395	\$	993,551
Accrued salaries		182,085		-		2,218		184,303
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,075,241		-		102,613		1,177,854
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Property taxes receivable		63,173		-		-		63,173
Prepaid taxes and licenses		28,238		-		-		28,238
Accounts receivable		81,890		-		6,156		88,046
Prepaid grants and sponsorships		194,566		-		-		194,566
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		367,867		-		6,156		374,023

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2017

EXHIBIT 3	Majo	or	Total	
	Commit	General Capital Project	Nonmajor Governmental	Total Governmental
	General	Capital Reserve	Funds	Funds
Page 2 of 2				
FUND BALANCES				
Nonspendable				
Prepaid expenditures	5,045	-	-	5,045
Storm Water	<u>-</u>	-	190,068	190,068
Restricted				
Stabilization by State Statute	2,522,652	-	=	2,522,652
Streets - Powell Bill funds	901,001	-	=	901,001
Public safety	46,483	-	-	46,483
Streets - payment in lieu of street improvements	-	1,048,162	=	1,048,162
Storm Water	-	-	5,281	5,281
Debt service	174,769	-	=	174,769
Assigned				
Subsequent year's expenditures	184,590	-	-	184,590
Recreation	-	37,337	=	37,337
Storm Water	-	-	244,459	244,459
Capital Projects Fund	-	3,581,721	466,264	4,047,985
Unassigned	5,015,838	<u> </u>	-	5,015,838
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	8,850,378	4,667,220	906,072	14,423,670
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF	d 10.202.406	Φ 4.667.000	ф 1.014.041 d	15.055.545
RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 10,293,486	\$ 4,667,220	\$ 1,014,841 \$	15,975,547

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2017

EXHIBIT 3

Fund balances-total governmental funds	\$	14,423,670
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement		
of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not		
financial resources and therefore are not reported in		
the governmental funds.		
Governmental capital assets	\$ 80,219,719	
Less accumulated depreciation	 (18,427,788)	61,791,931
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year		
are deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position		321,960
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable are not due		
and payable in the current period and therefore are		
not reported in the governmental funds.		
Government bonds and notes payable	(9,238,211)	
Compensated absences	(320,263)	
Net pension liability	(1,639,716)	
Net pension obligation	(1,124,497)	
Net other postemployment benefits (OPEB) obligation	 (2,418,781)	(14,741,468)
Earned revenues considered deferred inflows of resources in fund statements		151,219
Other liabilities are not due and payable in the current period		
and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Accrued interest payable		(202,849)
Pension deferrals		842,591
Net position of governmental activities	\$	62,587,054

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2017

EXHIBIT 4

Page 1 of 2		Ma	jor					
		General General Capital Project Fund Capital Reserve		tal Project	Total Nonmajor Governmental <u>Funds</u>		Go	Total overnmental Funds
REVENUES								
Ad valorem taxes	\$	6,717,305	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,717,305
Other taxes and licenses		106,086		126,294		-		232,380
Unrestricted intergovernmental		3,770,758		-		-		3,770,758
Restricted intergovernmental		637,588		-		40,000		677,588
Permits and fees		291,440		260,401		369,487		921,328
Sales and services		1,254,476		-		-		1,254,476
Investment earnings		48,461		16,226		3,796		68,483
Miscellaneous		107,085						107,085
TOTAL REVENUES		12,933,199		402,921		413,283		13,749,403
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
General government		1,640,039		-		-		1,640,039
Public safety		3,925,080		-		-		3,925,080
Transportation		1,520,383		-		-		1,520,383
Environmental protection		811,483		-		140,247		951,730
Economic and physical development		635,288		-		-		635,288
Cultural and recreational		1,069,680		-		-		1,069,680
Capital outlay		602,455		_		347,687		950,142
Debt service								
Bond and note principal		1,105,068		_		-		1,105,068
Bond and note interest and fees		242,248		-		-		242,248
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		11,551,724		-		487,934		12,039,658
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		1,381,475		402,921		(74,651)		1,709,745

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2017

EXHIBIT 4

Page 2 of 2 (continued)	Ma	jor					
					Total		
			General	No	onmajor		Total
	General	Cap	oital Project	Gov	ernmental	Go	overnmental
	 Fund	Cap	ital Reserve		Funds		Funds
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			_		.		_
Transfers from other funds	\$ 240,000	\$	983,586	\$	-	\$	1,223,586
Transfers to other funds	(983,586)		(240,000)		-		(1,223,586)
Sale of capital assets	53,976		-		-		53,976
Installment proceeds	 48,575		<u>-</u>				48,575
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(641,035)		743,586		-		102,551
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	740,440		1,146,507		(74,651)		1,812,296
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year	8,109,938		3,520,713		980,723		12,611,374
FUND BALANCE - End of Year	\$ 8,850,378	\$	4,667,220	\$	906,072	\$	14,423,670

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

EXHIBIT 4

Page 1 of 2

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ 1,812,296

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit 2) are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.

Expenditures for capital assets	\$ 950,142	
Less current year depreciation	 (2,274,064)	(1,323,922)

Some revenues reported in the statement of activities do not provide current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues in governmental funds

Developer's contributed capital - infrastructure streets and sidewalks 10,674,008

Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities 292,647

Some revenues reported in the statement of activities do not provide current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues in governmental funds

Change in deferred revenues $\underline{$}$ (5,399) $\underline{$}$ (5,399)

(continued)

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Change in net position of governmental activities

EXHIBIT 4

Page 2 of 2

Installment note proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of bond and installment note principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. This is the amount by which proceeds exceeded repayments.

Installment note proceeds	(48,575)	
Principal payments	1,105,068	
Decrease in accrued interest payable	27,145	1,083,638
Some expenses recorded in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds		
Change in compensated absences	6,256	
Pension expense	(464,796)	
Change in net pension obligation	(319)	
Change in het pension obligation		(819,873)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

\$ 11,713,395

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017 EXHIBIT 5

Page 1 of 2

Tage 1 01 2	p., 4		Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget - Positive
REVENUES	Bud Original	Final	Dasis)	(Negative)
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 6,674,298	\$ 6,674,298	\$ 6,717,305	\$ 43,007
Other taxes and licenses	90,465	90,465	106.086	15,621
Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues	3,542,000	3,542,000	3,770,758	228,758
Restricted intergovernmental revenues	1,295,299	735,813	637,588	(98,225)
Permits and fees	216,000	240,000	291,440	51,440
Sales and services	1,197,089	1,386,240	1,254,476	(131,764)
Investment earnings	17,200	17,200	48,461	31,261
Miscellaneous	43,036	79,036	107,085	28,049
Miscendieous	45,030	79,030	107,003	20,049
TOTAL REVENUES	13,075,387	12,765,052	12,933,199	168,147
EXPENDITURES				
General government	1,681,874	1,834,434	1,706,033	128,401
Public safety	5,249,882	5,060,853	4,255,262	805,591
Transportation	2,251,874	2,414,425	1,565,099	849,326
Environmental protection	807,142	814,908	811,483	3,425
Economic and physical development	878,092	1,114,862	766,406	348,456
Cultural & recreation	1,405,799	1,397,676	1,100,125	297,551
Debt service	•			,
Bond and note principal	1,205,766	1,105,068	1,105,068	-
Bond and note interest	263,370	241,558	242,248	(690)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	13,743,799	13,983,784	11,551,724	2,432,060
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(668,412)	(1,218,732)	1,381,475	2,600,207

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017 EXHIBIT 5

Page 2 of 2

1 age 2 of 2	Budget <u>Original</u> F	inal .	Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers from other funds		240,000	\$ 240,000	\$ -
Transfers to other funds Sale of capital assets Installment proceeds	10,000	(999,075) 53,000 336,874	(983,586) 53,976 48,575	15,489 976 (288,299)
Appropriated Fund Balance TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		,587,933	(641 025)	(1,587,933)
Net change in fund balance	\$ - \$	-	(641,035) 740,440	(1,859,767) \$ 740,440
FUND BALANCE - beginning of year			8,109,938	,
FUND BALANCE - end of year		:	\$ 8,850,378	

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND

June 30, 2017

EXHIBIT 6	Water & S	Water & Sewer	
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	512,278	
Note receivable-current portion		154,000	
Total current assets		666,278	
Noncurrent assets:			
Note receivable-noncurrent portion		592,421	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,258,699	
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	416,504	
Accrued interest		1,396	
Bonds payable-current		154,000	
Total current liabilities		571,900	
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Bonds payable-noncurrent		592,421	
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,164,321	
NET POSITION			
Unrestricted		94,378	
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	94,378	

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND

For The Year Ended June 30, 2017 EXHIBIT 7

OPERATING REVENUES	\$ -
OPERATING EXPENSES	 <u>-</u> .
Operating income	 <u>-</u> _
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Interest earnings	21,908
Interest expense	 (20,566)
Net non-operating revenues	 1,342
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	1,342
NET POSITION - Beginning of Year	 93,036
NET POSITION - End of Year	\$ 94,378

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS-PROPRIETARY FUND

For The Year Ended June 30, 2017

EXHIBIT 8

CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Cash received from developers	\$ 1,744,791
Cash paid to City of Raleigh for fees collected	 (1,582,930)
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	 161,861
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Debt service reimbursement from City of Raleigh, pursuant to merger agreement	164,210
Principal paid on debt	(164,210)
Interest paid on debt	 (20,890)
Net cash used for capital and related financing activities	 (20,890)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Investment earnings	 21,908
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	162,879
Cash and cash equivalents - Beginning of the year	349,399
Cash and cash equivalents - End of the year	\$ 512,278

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Town of Knightdale conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A. REPORTING ENTITY

The Town of Knightdale (the Town) is a municipal corporation that is governed by an elected mayor and a five member Town Council. The Town's financial statements include all funds, agencies, boards, commissions and authorities for which the Town is financially accountable. There are no component units, which are required to be included in these financial statements.

B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information on all of the financial activities of the Town. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the Town. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the water and sewer fund and for each function of the Town's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods and services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the Town's funds. Separate statements for each fund category-governmental and proprietary - are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. The remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as investment earnings, result from ancillary activities.

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes, Federal and State grants, state-shared revenues and various other taxes and licenses. The primary expenditures are for public safety, streets, sanitation, parks and recreation, and general governmental services.

<u>General Capital Project - Capital Reserve Fund</u> – The General Capital Reserve Fund is used to account for financial resources to be held for capital projects prior to construction. The budgetary comparison for the General Capital Project - Capital Reserve Fund has been included in the supplemental information.

The Town reports the following non-major governmental funds:

General Capital Projects Fund – The General Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

<u>Storm Water Special Revenue Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for storm water fees collected by the Town from residents and commercial businesses. Storm water fees will be used to map and maintain the storm drainage system and to provide street sweeping services to decrease or prevent pollution from storm water runoff into local streams and rivers.

The Town reports the following major proprietary fund:

Water and Sewer Fund – The Water and Sewer Fund is used to account for water and sewer operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods and services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The Town of Knightdale has one Proprietary Fund, the Water and Sewer Fund. The Water and Sewer Utility System of the Town was transferred to the City of Raleigh effective May 1, 2006; however these funds remain open to collect certain utility development fees and to pay long term debt. This merger is discussed more fully in Note 6. The Town conducts no day-to-day water and sewer operations.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the Town are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Government-wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the Town gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The Town considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem property taxes receivable are not accrued as revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. Also, as of September 1, 2013, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on all registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. Property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013 and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows or resources.

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the utilities franchise tax, collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the Town are recognized as revenue. Sales taxes are considered a shared revenue for the Town of Knightdale because the tax is levied by Wake County and then remitted to and distributed by the State. Most intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

received in cash. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. Grant revenues, which are unearned at year-end, are recorded as unearned revenues. Under the terms of grant agreements, the Town funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the Town's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. BUDGETARY DATA

The Town's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget ordinance is adopted for the General, Capital Reserve, Special Revenue and Proprietary Funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. A project ordinance is adopted for the General Capital Projects Fund. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the departmental level for all annually budgeted funds and at the project level for the multi-year funds. Interfund or interdepartmental transfer of moneys may be made only with specific advanced approval of the Town Council. Supplemental appropriations that amend the total expenditures of any fund require a resolution of the Town Council. The Budget Officer is authorized to reallocate any appropriations within departments. Budgets are reported as originally adopted or as amended by executive action or Council resolution. During the year several amendments to the original budget were necessary, the effects of which were not material. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

E. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION OR FUND EQUITY

1. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

All deposits of the Town are made in Council designated official depositories and are secured as required by State law (G.S. 159-31). The Town may designate as an official depository, any bank or savings and loan association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. The Town may also establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and Super NOW accounts, money market accounts and certificates of deposit. The Town has no policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

State law [G.S. 159-30 (c)] authorizes the Town to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances; and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

(NCCMT). The Town's investments are reported at fair value as determined by quoted market prices. The NCCMT- Government Portfolio, a SEC-registered (2a-7) external investment pool, is measured at amortized cost, which is the NCCMT's share price. The NCCMT Term Portfolio's securities are valued at fair value.

2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The Town pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents.

3. RESTRICTED CASH

The Town has restricted cash in an amount sufficient to comply with a loan covenant. Powell bills funds are also classified as restricted cash because they can be expended only for the purposes of maintaining, repairing, constructing or widening of local streets per G.S. 136-41.1 through 136-41.4. Restricted cash also includes Federal equitable sharing funds and firemen's relief funds restricted to law enforcement and public safety expenditures. The General Capital Project - Capital Reserve Fund includes payment in lieu of street improvements received from developers which are restricted for the paving of certain streets. Storm water surety fees received from developers are restricted to the repairs and maintenance of storm water drainage improvements installed by the various developers.

Town of Knightdale Restricted Cash			
Governmental Activities			
General Fund	Streets – Powell Bill Funds	\$	901,001
	Public Safety		46,483
	Loan Covenant – KS Bank		174,769
	Unearned Grant Revenue	. <u>-</u>	181,066
			1,303,319
General Capital Reserve Fund	Payments in Lieu of Street Improvements		1,048,162
Storm Water Special Revenue Fund	Storm Water Surety Fees		195,350
Total Restricted Cash	•	\$ 2	2,546,831

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

4. AD VALOREM TAXES RECEIVABLE

In accordance with State law [G.S. 105-347- and G. S. 159-13(a)], the Town levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1st, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1st, (lien date); however, interest does not accrue until the following January 6th. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2016.

5. ALLOWANCE FOR DOUBTFUL ACCOUNTS

No allowance for doubtful accounts is maintained because historically the uncollectible amounts have been insignificant. The direct write-off method is used by the Town on all receivables. Under this method, all accounts considered uncollectible at June 30, 2017 including inactive accounts for garbage collection services and storm water fees have been charged against operations.

6. PREPAID ITEMS

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements and expensed as items are used. The Town utilizes the purchase method of accounting for prepaid expenses where purchases are recorded as expenditures when acquired.

7. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$10,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets received prior to June 15, 2015 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets received after June 15, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value. All other purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. General infrastructure assets acquired prior to July 1, 2002, consist of the road network assets that were acquired or that received substantial improvements subsequent to July 1, 1980, and are reported at estimated historical cost using deflated replacement cost. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Life</u> <u>Life</u> 30 years

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Equipment and Vehicles5 yearsBuildings and Improvements25 yearsIntangible Assets5 years

8. DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Outflows of Resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The Town has one item that meet this criterion, contributions made to pension plan in the 2017 fiscal year. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Inflows of Resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The Town has two items that meet the criterion for this category – prepaid taxes and grant proceeds and deferrals of pension expense that result from the implementation of GASB Statement 68.

9. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method that approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs, except for prepaid insurance costs, are expensed in the reporting period in which they are incurred. Prepaid insurance costs are expensed over the life of the debt.

In fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

10. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The vacation policy of the Town provides for the accumulation of up to thirty (30) days earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. The Town also allows employees to accrue compensatory time for hours worked in excess of a regular workweek. Non-exempt employees may accumulate this time and then use it at a later date in lieu of using vacation time or they will be paid for these hours when leaving the Town's employment. Exempt employees may accumulate compensatory time up to a maximum of 24 hours and use this in lieu of vacation. Exempt employees lose any time accumulated over 24 hours

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

and are not paid for accumulated compensatory time upon leaving service.

For the Town's government-wide funds, an expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded as the leave is earned. The Town has assumed a first-in, first-out method of using accumulated compensated time. The portion of that time that is estimated to be used in the next fiscal year has been designated as a current liability in the government-wide financial statements.

The Town's sick leave policy provides for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the Town does not have any obligation for the accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

11. NET POSITION/FUND BALANCES

Net Position

Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. Restricted net position represent constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through state statute.

Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of four classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Prepaid expenditures - portions of fund balance segregated for prepaid expenditures, which are not available spendable resources.

Storm Water – Storm Water resources that are required to be retained in perpetuity for maintenance of the storm water control facilities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Restricted Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization by State statute - portion of fund balance that is restricted by State Statute [G.S. 159-8(a)].

Restricted for Streets - Powell Bill portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for street construction and maintenance expenditures. This amount represents the balance of the total unexpended Powell Bill funds.

Restricted for Public Safety – portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source, which represents funds accumulated for (1) DARE (Drug Abuse Resistance Education) and other anti-drug operations in the Town and funds that are collected from drug seizures, and (2) funds collected for relief of injured firemen or surviving family members.

Restricted for Debt Service – portion of fund balance required to be reserved by loan covenants. This represents one year's debt service payments on the Public Safety Building loan.

Restricted for Streets – Payments in Lieu of Street Improvements – portion of fund balance that is restricted by grantor for the construction of various street improvement projects.

Restricted for Storm Water – portion of fund balance, which represents fees received from developers and homeowner associations that are restricted to the repairs and maintenance of storm water drainage improvements installed by the various developers.

Assigned fund balance – This classification includes amounts of fund balance that reflect a government's intended use of resources for specific purposes. Assignments are created, amended, or eliminated by the Town Council through budget ordinances or amendments to previously approved budget ordinances.

Assigned for Capital Projects Fund – portion of fund balance that has been budgeted by the Town Council for construction of various capital projects including street improvements, greenways and public parks.

Assigned for Recreation – portion of fund balance set aside by the Town Council for future improvements to Knightdale Community Park and Knightdale Station Park. This represents unexpended revenues received from tournament fees and sponsorships for the two parks.

Assigned for Storm Water – portion of fund balance that has been budgeted by the Town Council for storm water repairs and maintenance.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Subsequent year's expenditures – portion of fund balance that is appropriated in the next year's budget that is not already classified in restricted or committed. The governing body approves the appropriation; however the budget ordinance authorizes the manager to modify the appropriations within departments or to transfer appropriations between departments not to exceed 10% of a department's budget.

Unassigned fund balance – the portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds. The General Fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance.

The Town of Knightdale has a revenue spending policy that provides guidance for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Finance Officer will use resources in the following hierarchy: bond proceeds, federal funds, State funds, local non-Town funds, Town funds. For purposes of fund balance classification expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in-order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and lastly unassigned fund balance. The Finance Officer has the authority to deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the Town.

The Town of Knightdale has also adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the general fund which instructs management to conduct the business of the Town in such a manner that available fund balance is at least equal to or greater than 25% of budgeted expenditures and transfers to other funds. Any portion of the available general fund balance in excess of 40% of budgeted expenditures and interfund transfers will be transferred to the General Capital Projects – Capital Reserve Fund to be appropriated for future capital needs of the Town.

12. PENSIONS

For purposes of measuring the net pension asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) and additions to/deductions from LGERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LGERS. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The Town's employer contributions are recognized when due and the Town has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of LGERS. Investments are reported at fair value.

13. COMPARATIVE DATA/RECLASSIFICATIONS

Comparative total data for the prior year have been presented in selected sections of the accompanying financial statements in order to provide an understanding of the changes in the Town's financial position and operations. Comparative totals have not been included on the statements where their inclusion would not provide enhanced understanding of the Town's financial position and operations or would cause the statements to be unduly complex or difficult to understand. Also, certain amounts presented in the prior year's data have been reclassified to be consistent with the current year's presentation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

NOTE 2 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. ASSETS

1. DEPOSITS

All the Town's deposits are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits exceeding the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the Town's agent in the Town's name. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the Town, these deposits are considered to be held by the Town's agent in the Town's name. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits.

The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the Town or the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amount of collateral pledged for the Town under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for undercollateralization. This risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The Town has no formal policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits, but relies on the State Treasurer to enforce standards of minimum capitalization for all pooling method financial institutions and to monitor them for compliance. The Town complies with the provisions of General Statute 159-31 when designating official depositories and verifying that deposits are properly secured.

At June 30, 2017, the Town's deposits had a carrying value of \$6,390,933 and a bank balance of \$6,621,806. Of the bank balance, \$750,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and the remainder was covered by collateral held under the pooling method. At June 30, 2017, the Town's petty cash fund totaled \$1,150.

2. INVESTMENTS

At June 30, 2017, the Town's investment balances were as follows:

Investments by Type	Valuation Measurement Method	Book Value at 6/30/17	Maturity	Rating
NC Capital Management Trust – Government Portfolio	Amortized Cost	4,944,268	N/A	AAAm
NC Capital Management Trust – Term Portfolio	Fair Value Level 1	2,050,355	.09 Years	Unrated

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Commercial Paper Fair Value Level 2 197,769 9 months P1

US Government Agencies Fair Value Level 2 1,391,824 Various AAA

Total investments $\underline{8,584,216}$

All investments are measured using the market approach: using prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable assets or a group of assets. Level of fair value hierarchy: Level 1: Debt securities valued using directly observable, quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets. Level 2 debt securities are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities'

benchmark quoted prices.

Interest Rate Risk. The Town has no formal investment policy regarding interest rate risk. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the Town's internal investment policy limits the Town's investment portfolio to maturities of less than 15 months. Also, the Town's internal management policy requires purchases of securities to be laddered with staggered maturity dates and limits all securities to a final maturity of no more than 15 months.

Credit risk. The Town has no formal policy regarding credit risk, but has internal management procedures that limits the Town's investments to the provisions of G.S. 159-30 and restricts the purchase of securities to the highest possible ratings whenever particular types of securities are rated. The Town's investment in the NC Capital Management Trust Government Portfolio carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard & Poor's as of June 30, 2016. The Town's investment in the NC Capital Management Trust Term Portfolio is unrated. The Term Portfolio is authorized to invest in obligations of the U.S. government and agencies, and in high grade money market instruments as permitted under North Carolina General Statutes 159-30 as amended.

Custodial credit risk. For an investment, the custodial risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Town will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Town has no formal policy on custodial credit risk, but management procedures are that the Town shall utilize a third party custodial agent for book entry transactions, all of which shall be held in the Town's name.

Concentration of Credit Risk. The Town Council places no limit on the amount that the Town may invest in any one issuer. More than 5 percent of the Town's investments are in US Government Agency securities and represents 16% of total investments. The Town has no policy regarding concentration of credit risk.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

3. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2017, was as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Additions	Retirements	Transfers	Ending Balances
Governmental activities:					
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 13,408,610	\$ 1,315,172	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 14,723,782
Construction in progress	274,735	384,148	-	(245,232)	413,651
Total capital assets not being depreciated	13,683,345	1,699,320	-	(245,232)	15,137,433
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings	5,042,932	44,996	_	-	5,087,928
Other improvements	11,959,250	181,265	-	53,677	12,194,192
Roads and infrastructure	33,778,744	9,358,837	-	191,555	43,329,136
Intangibles	101,325	48,575	-	-	149,900
Equipment	1,342,347	61,327	53,983	-	1,349,691
Vehicles and motorized equipment	2,963,345	229,830	221,736	-	2,971,439
Total capital assets being depreciated	55,187,943	9,924,830	275,719	245,232	65,082,286
Less accumulated depreciation for:		· · ·	·	·	
Buildings	2,210,326	201,315	-	-	2,411,641
Other improvements	1,333,426	481,536	-	-	1,814,962
Roads and infrastructure	9,117,924	1,353,262	-	-	10,471,186
Intangibles	78,059	19,114	-	-	97,173
Equipment	1,115,986	85,646	53,983	-	1,147,649
Vehicles and motorized equipment	2,573,722	133,191	221,736	-	2,485,177
Total accumulated depreciation	16,429,443	2,274,064	275,719	-	18,427,788
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$ 38,758,500	\$ 7,650,766	\$ -	\$ 245,232	\$ 46,654,498

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Governmental activity capital assets, net	\$ 52,441,845	\$ 9,350,087	\$ - \$	-	\$ 61,791,931

Depreciation expense was charged to functions / programs of the primary government as follows:

General government	\$ 73,840
Public safety	211,998
Transportation	1,445,558
Environmental protection	34,435
Cultural and recreational	508,233
Total depreciation expense	\$ 2,274,064

The Town has an active construction project as of June 30, 2017. At year-end, the Town's commitment with a contractor is as follows:

		Remaining	Total
Project	Spent-to-Date	Commitment	Contract
			_
CLH Design-Knightdale Station Village	92,799	104,280	197,079

B. LIABILITIES

1. PENSION PLAN AND POSTEMPLOYMENT OBLIGATIONS

a. <u>Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System</u>

Plan Description. The Town of Knightdale is a participating employer in the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local law enforcement officers (LEOs) of participating local governmental entities. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Benefits Provided. LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. Plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service (age 55 for firefighters). Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age (15 years of creditable service for firefighters and rescue squad members who are killed in the line of duty) or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

LGERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached

age 50, or have completed five years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

Contributions. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. Town of Knightdale employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees. The Town's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2017, was 8.00% of compensation for law enforcement officers and 7.30% for general employees and firefighters, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the Town were \$292,647 for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Refunds of Contributions – Town employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of LGERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60 day waiting period after

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2017, the Town reported a liability of \$1,639,716 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2015. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2016 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The Town's proportion of the net pension asset was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2016, the Town's proportion was 0.077%, which was a decrease of 0.004% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2015.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the Town recognized pension expense of \$411,239. At June 30, 2017, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Differences between expected and actual experience
Changes of assumptions
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on
pension plan investments
Changes in proportion and differences between Town
contributions and proportionate share of contributions
Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date
Total

Deferred Outflows of Resources	 rred Inflows of Resources
\$ 30,807	\$ 57,457
112,306	-
906,557	-
-	124,026
292,647	-
\$ 1,342,317	\$ 181,483

\$292,647 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Voav	ended.	Tuno	30.
rear	enueu .	June	20.

2018 \$ (108,927)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

2019	(109,166)
2020	(402,803)
2021	247,291

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.0 percent

Salary increases 3.50 to 7.75 percent, including inflation and productivity factor

Investment rate of return 7.25 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014. Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2016 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Fixed Income	29.0%	1.4%
Global Equity	42.0%	5.3%
Real Estate	8.0%	4.3%
Alternatives	8.0%	8.9%
		00

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Credit	7.0%	6.0%
Inflation Protection	6.0%	4.0%
Total	100%	

The information above is based on 30 year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2016 asset, liability and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.00%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.25 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

	1	% Decrease (6.25%)	Discount Rate (7.25%)	1% Increase (8.25%)
Town's proportionate share of the net pension				
liability (asset)	\$	3,891,811	\$ 1,639,716	\$ (241,401)

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina.

b. <u>Law Enforcement Officers Special Separation Allowance</u>

Plan Description.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

The Town of Knightdale administers a public employee retirement system (the "Separation Allowance"), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the Town's qualified sworn law enforcement officersunder the age of 62 who have completed at least 30 years of creditable service or have attained 55 years of age and have completed five or more years of creditable service. The Separation Allowance is equal to .85 percent of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

All full-time law enforcement officers of the Town are covered by the Separation Allowance. At December 31, 2015 the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

Retirees receiving benefits	3
Terminated plan members entitled	
to but not yet receiving benefits	-
Active plan members	<u>30</u>
Total	<u>33</u>

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

Basis of Accounting. The Town has chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay as you go basis. Pension expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

The Separation Allowance has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the following criteria which are outlined in GASB Statement 73.

Actuarial Assumptions

The entry age actuarial cost method was used in the December 31, 2015 valuation. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.0 percent

Salary increases 3.50 to 7.35 percent, including inflation and productivity factor

Discount rate 3.86 percent

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

The discount rate is based on the weekly average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index determined at the end of each month.

Mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Mortality tables with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale AA. *Contributions*

The Town is required by Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the benefit payments on a pay as you go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operating budget. There were no contributions made by employees. The Town's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. The Town paid \$57,278 as benefits came due for the reporting period.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2017, the Town reported a total pension liability of \$1,124,497. The total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2016 based on a December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2016 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. For the year ended June 30, 2017, the Town recognized pension expense of \$83,193.

	eferred tflows of	 eferred lows of
Changes of assumptions Town benefit payments and plan administrative	\$ -	\$ 25,596
expense made subsequent to the measurement date	 29,313	
Total	\$ 29,313	\$ 25,596

\$29,313 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from benefit payments made and administrative expenses incurred subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the total pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Year ended June 30:

2018	\$ (4,538)
2019	(4,538)
2020	(4,538)
2021	(4,538)
2022	(4,538)
Thereafter	(2,906)

\$29,313 paid as benefits came due subsequent to the measurement date are reported as deferred outflows of resources.

Sensitivity of the Town's total pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Town's total pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.86 percent, as well as what the Town's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.86 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.86 percent) than the current rate:

	1%		
	Decrease	Discount	1% Increase
	(2.86%)	Rate (3.86%)	(4.86%)
Total pension liability	\$ 1,231,967	\$ 1,124,497	\$ 1,026,844

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

	2017
Beginning balance	\$ 1,124,178
Service Cost	48,620
Interest on the total pension liability	39,111
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	(30,134)
Benefit payments	(57,278)
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$ 1,124,497

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

c. <u>Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers</u>

Plan Description. The Town contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers employed by the Town. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes the pension trust fund financial statements for the Internal Revenue Code Section 401 (k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy. Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the Town to contribute each month an amount equal to five percent of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, the law enforcement officers may make voluntary contributions to the plan. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2017 were \$104,934, which consisted of \$81,406 from the Town and \$23,528 from law enforcement officers.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

d. Supplemental Retirement Income Plan For Employees Other Than Law Enforcement Officers

Plan Description. All other permanent full-time employees of the Town (excluding law enforcement officers) also participate in the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan; a defined contribution pension plan as described above.

Funding Policy. The Town contributes each month an amount equal to five percent of each employee's (excluding law enforcement officers) salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, these employees may make voluntary contributions to the plan. Total contributions for the year ended June 30, 2017 were \$176,098, which consisted of \$111,654 from the Town and \$64,444 from employees.

e. Other Post Employment Benefits

Healthcare Benefits

Plan Description. Under the terms of a Town resolution, the Town administers a single-employer defined benefit Healthcare Benefits Plan (the HCB Plan). As of April 20, 2005, this plan provides postemployment healthcare benefits to retirees of the Town, provided they participate in the North Carolina Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (System) under the following terms and conditions:

- 1. The Town pays 100% of retiree's health insurance for employees hired before April 20, 2005, when:
 - a. They have at least ten (10) years of service with the Town, and
 - b. They retire under the Local Government Employees Retirement System, and
 - c. Their age and creditable service in LGERS equals at least 72.
 - d. At age 65, the Town will pay 100% of a Medicare Supplemental Insurance Policy.
- 2. The Towns pays retiree health insurance for employees hired on or after April 20, 2005 as follows:
 - a. 100% with 25 or more years of service
 - b. 75% with 22 to 24 years of service
 - c. 50% with 18 to 21 years of service
 - d. 25% with 15 to 17 years of service
 - e. At age 65, the Town will pay \$50 per month toward a Medicare Supplemental Insurance Policy.
- 3. Employees with at least ten years of service with the Town and are qualified to retire in LGERS may purchase health insurance through the Town with the employee paying the premium.
- 4. Retiring Town employees that have Town health insurance may purchase health insurance for their dependents at the Town's group rates with the employee paying the premium.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

The Town Council may amend the benefit provisions. A separate report was not issued for the plan.

Retired Employees' Years of Creditable Service	Hired Prior to April 20, 2005	Hired On or After April 20, 2005
Less than 10 years	Not eligible for coverage	Not eligible for coverage
11 – 15 years	100% coverage paid by Town	Not eligible for coverage
15 – 17 years	100% coverage paid by Town	25% coverage paid by Town
18 – 21 years	100% coverage paid by Town	50% coverage paid by Town
22 – 24 years	100% coverage paid by Town	75% coverage paid by Town
25 + years	100% coverage paid by Town	100% coverage paid by Town

Membership of the HCB Plan consisted of the following at December 31, 2015, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

		Law
	General	Enforcement
	Employees:	Officers:
Retirees and dependents receiving benefits	5	5
Active plan members	44	27
Total	49	32

Funding Policy. The Town pays the cost of coverage for the healthcare benefits paid to qualified retirees under a Town resolution that can be amended by Town Council. The Town's members pay premiums for dependent coverage. The Town has chosen to fund the healthcare benefits on a pay as you go basis

The current annual required contribution (ARC) rate is 11.6% of annual covered payroll. For the current year, the Town contributed \$87,667 or 2.3% of annual covered payroll. The Town obtains healthcare coverage through private insurers. The Town's required contributions, under a Town resolution, for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers represented .73% and .97% of covered payroll, respectively. The Town's contributions totaled \$87,667 in fiscal year 2017. There were no contributions made by employees. The Town's obligation to contribute to HCB Plan is established and may be amended by the Town Council.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies. Postemployment expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. No funds are set aside to pay benefits and administration costs. These expenditures are paid as they come due.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation. The Town's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the Town's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the Town's net OPEB obligation for the healthcare benefits:

Annual required contribution	\$	445,002
Interest on net OPEB obligation		82,311
Adjustment to annual required contribution		(78,632)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)		448,681
Less contributions made		(87,667)
Increase in net OPEB obligation		361,014
Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year	2	2,057,767
Net OPEB obligation, end of year	\$ 2	2,418,781

The Town's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation as of June 30, 2017 were as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	Annual	Percentage of Annual	Net OPEB
June 30	OPEB Cost	OPEB Cost contributed	Obligation
2015	\$377,485	12.5%	\$1,687,337
2016	\$448,018	17.3%	\$2,057,767
2017	\$448,681	19.5%	\$2,418,781

Funded Status and Funding Progress. As of December 31, 2015, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was not funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits and, thus, the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) was \$4,644,897. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$3,820,436, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 121.6 percent. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and healthcare trends. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members at that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.00 percent investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), which is the expected long-term investment returns on the employer's own investments calculated based on the funded level of the plan at the valuation date, and an annual medical cost trend increase of 7.75 to 5.00 percent annually. The investment rate included a 3.00 percent inflation assumption. The actuarial value of assets, if any, was determined using techniques that spread the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a 5 year period. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at December 31, 2015, was 30 years.

Other Employment Benefits

The Town has elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for members of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Death Benefit Plan), a multiple-employer, State-administered, cost sharing plan funded on a one year-term cost basis. The beneficiaries of those employees who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the System, or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the System at the time of death are eligible for death benefits. Lump sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's 12 highest months salary in a row during the 24 months prior to the employee's death, but the benefit may not exceed \$50,000 or be less than \$25,000. Because all death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan and not by the Town, the Town does not determine the number of eligible participants. The Town has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. The contributions to the Death Benefit Plan cannot be separated between the post-employment benefit amount and the other benefit amount. Contributions are determined as a percentage of monthly payroll based upon rates established annually by the State. Separate rates are set for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers. The Town considers these contributions to be immaterial.

The Town also provides group term life insurance to all full time employees through a private insurance company. Premiums are paid by the Town for life insurance equal to 2 times the employee's annual salary, but the benefit may not exceed \$200,000. The Town has no liability beyond the payment of monthly premiums.

2. DEFERRED OUTFLOWS AND INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Deferred outflows of resources at year-end are composed of the following:

Contributions to pension plan in current fiscal	
year	\$ 292,647
Benefit payments made and administrative	
expenses for LEOSSA	29,313
Differences between expected and actual	,
experience	30,807
Changes of assumptions	112,306
Net difference between projected and actual	 906,557
Total	\$ 1,371,630

Deferred inflows of resources at year-end are composed of the following:

	Statement of Net			
_		Position]	Balance Sheet
General Fund:				
Prepaid taxes not yet earned	\$	28,083	\$	28,083
Prepaid privilege licenses		155		155
Grant proceeds		181,066		181,066
Sponsorships		13,500		13,500
Taxes receivable (Net)		-		63,173
Decal receivable		-		54,959
Sanitation receivables		-		26,931
Pension deferrals		207,079		-
Storm Water Fund				
Storm water fees receivable		<u>-</u>		6,156
Total	\$	429,883	\$	374,023

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

3. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town is a participant in one self-funded risk-financing insurance pool administered by the North Carolina League of Municipalities, which provides workers' compensation with coverage up to statutory limits. The pool is reinsured through commercial companies for claims up to the statutory limits for workers' compensation. Stop loss insurance is purchased by the Board of Trustees to protect against large medical claims that exceed certain dollar cost levels. Specific information on the limits of the reinsurance, excess and stop loss policies purchased by the Board of Trustees can be obtained by contacting the Risk Management Services Department of the NC League of Municipalities. The pools are audited annually by certified public accountants, and the audited financial statements are available to the Town upon request.

The Town purchases commercial insurance to provide the following types of major coverage: general liability (\$3,000,000), property (\$9,460,518), inland marine (\$1,207,747), auto liability (\$1,000,000), public officials' liability (\$1,000,000), employment practices liability (\$1,000,000), law enforcement liability (\$1,000,000), cyber liability (\$100,000) and an umbrella policy (\$2,000,000). The coverage has deductibles up to \$5,000. The Town does not carry flood insurance because flood plain maps show insignificant property values within flood plains.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, the Town's employees that have access to \$100 or more at any given time of the Town's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The Finance Officer is individually bonded for \$150,000. The remaining employees that have access to funds are bonded under a blanket bond for \$10,000.

There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year, and settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

4. CLAIMS, JUDGEMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

At June 30, 2017, the Town was a defendant to various lawsuits. In the opinion of the Town's management and the legal counsel, the ultimate effect of these legal matters will not have a material adverse effect on the Town's financial position.

5. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. GENERAL OBLIGATION INDEBTEDNESS

The Town's general obligation bonds serviced by the governmental funds were issued for the acquisition and construction of public improvements including parks and recreation facilities. The general obligation bonds issued to finance the construction of facilities utilized in the operations of the water and sewer system and

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

which are being retired by contributions from the City of Raleigh, per the merger agreement, are reported as long-term debt in the Water and Sewer Utility Fund. All general obligation bonds are collateralized by the full faith, credit and taxing power of the Town. Principal and interest requirements are appropriated when due. Bonds payable at June 30, 2017 are composed of the following individual issues:

Serviced by the General Fund:

\$557,632, 2011 Public Improvement Refunding bonds due in annual installments of \$58,947 plus interest through 2022; interest is at 2.27%.

\$ 266,579

\$3,000,000, 2013 Parks and Recreation Facility Bonds due in annual installments of \$200,000 plus interest through 2028, interest is at 1.97%.

2,400,000

Serviced by the Water and Sewer Fund:

\$1,561,368, 2011 Water and Sewer Refunding bonds due in annual installments of \$165,053 plus interest through 2022; interest is at 2.27%.

746,421

Total

\$ 3,413,000

At June 30, 2017, The Town of Knightdale a legal debt margin of \$115,232,933.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for bonds payable are as follows:

Year ending	<u>Governmental</u>	<u>Activities</u>	Business Type Activities			
June 30	<u>Principa</u> l	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>		
2018	255,000	53,331	154,000	16,944		
2019	254,211	48,143	151,789	13,448		
2020	253,421	42,972	149,579	10,002		
2021	252,368	37,820	146,632	6,607		
2022	251,579	32,691	144,421	3,278		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

2023-2027	1,000,000	98,500	-	-
2028-2030	 400,000	 11,820	 <u>-</u>	 <u> </u>
Total	\$ 2,666,579	\$ 325,277	\$ 746,421	\$ 50,279

B. INSTALLMENT NOTE INDEBTEDNESS

The Town also has various installment notes for land, buildings, equipment and vehicles. Installment notes payable at June 30, 2017 are composed of the following individual notes:

Tonowing murviqual notes.	Serviced by the General Fund		ced by the d Sewer Fund
\$2,115,099 installment debt to the KS Bank for the Public Safety Building issued 11-30-12; annual payments of \$168,341 which includes interest at 2.30%; secured by land and building	\$ 1,619,660	\$	-
\$350,000 installment obligation to BB&T for a fire truck issued 05-16-08; semi-annual payments of \$20,709 which includes interest at 3.32%; secured by a fire truck	40,409		-
\$5,000,000 installment debt to SunTrust Bank for construction of Knightdale Park and renovations to Town Hall issued 07-14-12; annual payments of \$333,333 plus interest at 2.33%; secured by Knightdale Municipal Building	3,666,667		-
\$48,575 installment debt to MCSJ Software for software and equipment issued 3-28-17 with 0% interest; annual payments of \$16,192; secured by the equipment	48,575 4,000,000		- -
\$2,821,500 installment debt to PNC Bank for purchase of park land issued 07-14-10; Annual principal payments of \$282,150 plus interest at 4.74% (3.08% net of Build America Bond refund of 35% of interest paid); secured by 73 acres of land	1,128,600		-
\$200,000 installment debt to BB&T Bank for purchase of police vehicles, truck and mower issued 8-26-14; annual payments of \$68,798 which includes interest at 1.59%; secured by vehicles	67,721	_	_
Total	\$ 6,571,632	<u>\$</u>	<u> </u>

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for installment notes payable are as follows:

	Governmental	Activities	Business-Type Activities			
Year Ending						
June 30:	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest		
2018	870,894	178,267	-	_		
2019	765,779	152,026	-	-		
2020	768,864	127,801	-	_		
2021	755,751	103,581	-	-		
2022	476,903	79,138	-	_		
2023-2027	2,435,551	228,155	-	-		
2028-2029	497,890	11,551	-	_		
Total	\$ 6,571,632	\$ 880,519	\$ -	\$ -		

C. CHANGES IN LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

	Balance July 1, 2016	Increases	Decreases	J	Balance June 30, 2017	nounts Due hin One Year
Governmental activities:	 -					
General obligation bonds	\$ 2,922,369	\$ -	\$ 255,790	\$	2,666,579	\$ 255,000
Installment notes	7,372,335	48,575	849,278		6,571,632	870,894
Compensated absences	326,519	341,420	347,676		320,263	238,233
Other postemployment benefits	2,057,767	448,681	87,667		2,418,781	-
Net pension liability (LGERS)	362,536	1,569,827	292,647		1,639,716	-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Net pension liability (LEO) Governmental activity long-term liabilities	1,124,178 \$ 14,165,704	57,597 \$ 2,466,100	\$ 1,890,336	1,124,497 \$ 14,741,468	\$ 1,364,127
Business-type activities: General obligation bonds	\$ 910,632	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 164,211</u>	<u>\$ 746,421</u>	<u>\$ 154,000</u>

Compensated absences, other postemployment benefits and net pension obligation for governmental activities typically have been liquidated in the General Fund.

6. INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITY

Transfers are used to move unrestricted revenues to finance various programs that the government must account for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, including amounts providing matching funds for various grant programs.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, transfers to/from other funds consist of the following:

From Fund	To Fund	Amount	Purpose
General Fund	General Capital Project Reserve	\$ 983,586	To fund future capital projects
General Capital Project Reserve	General Fund	240,000	For payment of debt service Knightdale Station Park
	Total	\$ 1,223,586	

7. NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS

	<u>Governmental</u>
Capital assets	\$ 80,219,719
Less accumulated depreciation	(18,427,788)
Net capital assets	61,791,931
Less long-term debt	(9,238,211)
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 52,553,720

8. FUND BALANCE

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General fund balance that is available for appropriation:

Total fund balance-General Fund	\$8,850,378
Less:	
Prepaid expenditures	5,045
Stabilization by State Statute	2,522,652
Streets-Powell Bill	901,001
Public Safety	46,483
Debt Service	174,769
Appropriated Fund Balance in 2018 budget	184,590
Working Capital / Fund Balance Policy	<u>3,626,965</u>
Remaining Fund Balance	1,378,873

The Town of Knightdale has adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the General Fund which instructs management to conduct the business of the Town in such a manner that available fund balance is at least equal to or greater than 25% of budgeted expenditures plus transfers out less proceeds of long-term debt. Fund balance in excess of 40% of this same total is transferred to the General Capital Projects – General Capital Reserve Fund to be used for future capital projects.

The outstanding encumbrances are amounts needed to pay any commitments related to purchase orders and contracts that remain unperformed at year-end.

Encumbrances	General Fund	Non-Major Funds
\$1,217,733	\$1,216,365	\$12,368

NOTE 3 – JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Triangle J Regional Council of Governments

The Town, in conjunction with five counties and fourteen other municipalities, established the Triangle J Regional Council of Governments (Council). The participating governments established the Council to coordinate various funding received from federal and state agencies. Each participating government appoints one member to the Council's governing board. The Town paid membership fees of \$5,110 to the Council during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

NOTE 4 – JOINT VENTURES

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

East Wake Television (PEG Media Partners)

The Town, in conjunction with the Towns of Archer Lodge, Clayton, Garner, Rolesville, Wendell and Zebulon, operates two local public, educational and government (PEG) cable TV channels. East Wake TV is funded by state shared video programming franchise taxes collected by the State of North Carolina and remitted to the 7 participating Towns. These funds are restricted for the operation of local PEG channels. Prior to June 30, 2010, East Wake TV was recorded as a special revenue fund of the Town of Knightdale. As of July 1, 2010, East Wake TV was incorporated as a legally separate non-profit organization. The organization is governed by a Board of Directors consisting of the Town Managers of Archer Lodge, Clayton, Garner, Knightdale, Rolesville, Wendell and Zebulon. Each Town contributes its share of restricted PEG channel funds received from the State of North Carolina to East Wake TV. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, each town, including Knightdale, contributed \$55,365 to East Wake TV. The participating governments do not have any equity interest in the joint venture, so no equity interest has been reflected in the financial statements at June 30, 2017. East Wake TV operates from a studio built by the Town of Knightdale. East Wake Television operates under the name PEG Media Partners. Complete financial statements or a copy of Form 990 Return of Organization Exempt from Income Tax can be obtained from East Wake Television's office at 954 Steeple Square Court, Knightdale, NC 27545-7655.

During the current fiscal year, the Town of Knightdale contributed \$55,365 of restricted PEG channel funds received from State of North Carolina to East Wake Television.

Firemen's Relief Fund

The Town and the members of the Town's fire department each appoint two members to the five-member local board of trustees for the Firemen's Relief Fund. The State Insurance Commissioner appoints one additional member to the local board of trustees. The Firemen's Relief Fund is funded by a portion of the fire and lightning insurance premiums which insurers remit to the state. The state passes these moneys to the local board of the Firemen's Relief Fund. The funds are used to assist fire fighters in various ways. The Town obtains an ongoing financial benefit from the Fund for the on-behalf of payments for salaries and fringe benefits made to members of the Town's fire department by the board of trustees. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, the Town reported revenues and expenditures for the payments of \$8,668 made through the Firemen's Relief Fund. The participating governments do not have any equity interest in the joint venture, so no equity has been reflected in the financial statements at June 30, 2017. The Firemen's Relief Fund does not issue separate audited financial statements. Instead, the local board of trustees files an annual financial report with the State Firemen's Association. This report can be obtained from the Association at 323 West Jones Street, Suite 401, Raleigh, North Carolina 27603.

NOTE 5 – SUMMARY DISCLOSURE OF SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENCIES

Federal and State Assisted Programs

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

The Town has received proceeds from several federal and state grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant moneys to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant moneys for fiscal year 2017.

Developer Agreements

The Town has entered into several agreements with local developers related to development costs of public infrastructure and water and sewer improvements. The terms of these agreements require the developer to pay all costs of the public infrastructure including design, engineering and construction of road improvements and water and sewer improvements. The Town has agreed to reimburse or issue credits towards water and sewer acreage fees and sewer development fees to the developer, limited to the total cost, when users connect to these developer specific improvements. Development fees will be allotted to various agreements until costs are fully reimbursed or agreements expire (generally 12 years). As of June 30, 2017, there were four developers eligible for reimbursements. The Town is also contingently liable for legal fees billable to developers related to development agreements between the Town and various developers in the event such fees are not paid by the developers. As of June 30, 2017, the Town has contingent liabilities related to these developer agreements as shown below:

	Legal
Developer	Fees
Various Developers	\$14,422

NOTE 6 – MERGER OF WATER AND SEWER UTILITY SYSTEM WITH THE CITY OF RALEIGH

The Water and Sewer Utility System of the Town was transferred to the City of Raleigh effective May 1, 2006. Under the terms of the agreement, Raleigh assumed full responsibility for the provision of water and sewer services in Knightdale, including responsibility for Knightdale's water and sewer utility systems and related equipment and property rights. Upon the transfer, Raleigh assumed immediate and sole duty and responsibility for financing, operating, maintaining, improving and expanding the water and sewer systems serving Knightdale's existing and future corporate limits and Urban Services Area. The Town transferred ownership of all facilities, property, land, equipment, financial assets, information and data subject to the agreement with Raleigh. Pursuant to the agreement, the Town transferred the remaining balance in the Utility Capital Projects Fund upon completion of construction in fiscal year 2012.

The accompanying statement of net position shows total notes receivable of \$746,421 due from the City of Raleigh related to this merger. The amount due from the City of Raleigh is shown as \$154,000 due within one year and \$592,421 due in more than one year. The City of Raleigh will also pay interest on this balance

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

based on the Town of Knightdale's interest rates on the associated long term debt. During the current fiscal year, the City of Raleigh reimbursed the Town of Knightdale \$185,100 (\$164,210 principal plus \$20,890 interest) for debt service payments related to proprietary fund long term debt. As of June 30, 2017, the financial statements include current accounts payable to the City of Raleigh in the amount of \$416,504 related to water and sewer fees and assessments collected by Knightdale for the City of Raleigh.

NOTE 7 – CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES AND RESTATEMENT

The Town implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) No. Statement 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68, in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2017. The implementation of the statement required the Town to record beginning total pension liability and the effects on net position of benefit payments and administrative expenses paid by the Town to the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance during the measurement period (fiscal year ending December 31, 2016). As a result, net position for the governmental activities decreased \$634,879.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL **INFORMATION**

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

Seven Years Ended December 31, 2015

Actuarial		Act	uarial Accrued				
Valuation	Actuarial	Lia	bility (AAL)	Unfunded			UAAL as a
Date	Value of		Projected	AAL	Funded	Covered	% of Covered
December	Assets	1	Jnit Credit	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
31st	(a)		(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	((b-c)/c)
2015	\$	- \$	4,644,897 \$	4,644,897	0%	\$ 3,820,436	121.58%
2013		-	3,361,199	3,361,199	0%	3,691,352	91.06%
2011		-	3,142,095	3,142,095	0%	3,802,422	82.63%
2009		-	2,419,933	2,419,933	0%	3,399,751	71.18%

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

Six Years Ended June 30, 2017

Year Ended June 30	Annual Required Contributions		Percentage Contributed	
2017	\$	445,002	19.70%	
2016		445,002	17.44%	
2015		323,201	14.62%	
2014		323,201	15.88%	
2013		336,428	10.73%	
2012		336,428	7.32%	
2011		237,605	8.11%	

Notes to the Required Schedules:

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at December 31, 2015.

Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

December 31, 2015	
Projected unit credit	
Level percentage of pay, open	
30 years	
Market value	
4.00%	
7.75% - 5.00%	
5.75% - 5.00%	
2022	
3.00%	

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA
TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET)
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS*

LOCAL GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Knightdale's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (%)	 2017 0.77260%	 2016 0.08078%	 2015 0.08259%		2014 8280%
Knightdale's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (\$)	\$ 1,639,716	\$ 362,536	\$ (487,072)	\$	998,058
Knightdale's covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,937,807	\$ 3,808,190	\$ 3,793,488	\$ 3,	,745,230
Knightdale's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	41.64%	9.52%	-12.84%		26.65%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability**	91.47%	98.09%	102.64%		94.35%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

^{**} This will be the same percentage for all participant employers in the LGERS plan.

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE'S CONTRIBUTIONS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS

LOCAL GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

	2017	2016	2015	2014
Contractually required contribution	\$ 292,647	\$ 281,986	\$ 274,191	\$ 271,432
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions	 292,647	 281,986	 274,191	 271,432
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ -
Town of Knightdale's covered-employee payroll	\$ 4,003,239	\$ 3,937,807	\$ 3,808,190	\$ 3,793,488
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	7.31%	7.16%	7.20%	7.16%

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' SPECIAL SEPARATION ALLOWANCE JUNE 30, 2017

		2017
Beginning balance	_	\$ 1,124,178
Service cost		48,620
Interest on total pension liability		39,111
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		(30,134)
Benefit payments		(57,278)
Ending balance of the total pension liability	_	\$ 1,124,497

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending December 31.

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY AS A PERCENTAGE OF COVERED PAYROLL LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' SPECIAL SEPARATION ALLOWANCE JUNE 30, 2017

	 2017
Total pension liability	\$ 1,124,497
Covered payroll	1,585,019
Total pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	70.95%

Notes to the schedules

The Town of Knightdale has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 73 to pay related benefits.

INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

This section contains additional information on the Governmental and Proprietary Funds (budget to actual comparison) and other schedules (ad valorem taxes receivable and current tax levy).

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

		2016		
			Variance with	
		Actual Amounts	Final Budget -	
	 Budget	(Budgetary Basis)	Positive (Negative)	 Actual
REVENUES				
Ad valorem taxes				
Current year	\$ 6,649,298	\$ 6,698,716	\$ 49,418	\$ 6,243,840
Prior years	10,000	3,722	(6,278)	146,674
Penalties and interest	 15,000	14,867	(133)	 16,312
Total	 6,674,298	6,717,305	43,007	 6,406,826
Other taxes and licenses				
Motor vehicle licenses	60,000	63,147	3,147	59,835
Gross receipts on rental vehicles	30,000	42,729	12,729	42,540
Privilege licenses	465	210	(255)	363
Total	90,465	106,086	15,621	102,738
Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues				
Local option sales tax	2,625,000	2,854,008	229,008	2,682,219
Utility franchise tax	805,000	796,893	(8,107)	821,342
Wine and beer tax	62,000	61,103	(897)	57,635
ABC profits	50,000	58,754	8,754	55,000
Total	 3,542,000	3,770,758	228,758	 3,616,196
Restricted intergovernmental revenues				
State street aid - Powell Bill	340,000	348,925	8,925	346,267
Federal grants	278,531	170,533	(107,998)	234,696
Drug seizures	5,000	-	(5,000)	-
NC Department of Revenue PEG Channel Support	55,944	56,658	714	56,142
Solid waste disposal tax	12,000	14,966	2,966	12,082
Wake County Public Schools - Resource officer	37,838	37,838	-	37,838
Firemen's relief fund	 6,500	8,668	2,168	 6,912
Total	 735,813	637,588	(98,225)	693,937

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

			2016		
				Variance with	
			Actual Amounts	Final Budget -	
		Budget	(Budgetary Basis)	Positive (Negative)	 Actual
Permits and fees					
Building permits and inspection fees	\$	193,500	\$ 242,935	\$ 49,435	\$ 295,188
Certificate of occupancy fees		16,000	22,337	6,337	19,411
Miscellaneous fees		8,500	1,229	(7,271)	4,755
Fines and penalties		16,000	21,375	5,375	30,175
Officer fees		6,000	3,564	(2,436)	4,233
Total		240,000	291,440	51,440	 353,762
Sales and services					
Sanitation					
Sanitation fees		616,185	621,168	4,983	573,835
Recycle fees		161,015	161,986	971	151,808
Subtotal		777,200	783,154	5,954	725,643
Recreation					
Program fees		206,490	266,653	60,163	295,692
Pool fees		46,750	40,612	(6,138)	42,645
Recreation center fees		35,300	34,492	(808)	36,581
Track out fees		93,100	89,524	(3,576)	96,869
Knightdale Station Park fees		13,000	14,998	1,998	12,619
Grant proceeds		214,400	25,043	(189,357)	7,769
Subtotal		609,040	471,322	(137,718)	492,175
Total		1,386,240	1,254,476	(131,764)	 1,217,818
Investment earnings		17,200	48,461	31,261	 45,369
Other revenues					
Miscellaneous		29,900	49,919	20,019	74,299
Insurance proceeds		26,136	26,361	225	21,421
Reimbursement for off duty police officers		21,000	30,069	9,069	27,335
Fines and forfeitures		2,000	736	(1,264)	720
Total	_	79,036	107,085	28,049	123,775
TOTAL REVENUES		12,765,052	12,933,199	168,147	12,560,421
		, ,	<i>y</i> y	,	 ,, -

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	2017					
			Variance with			
		Actual Amounts	Final Budget -			
	 Budget	(Budgetary Basis)	Positive (Negative)		Actual	
EXPENDITURES						
General government						
Town Council						
Current						
Personnel services	\$ 105,450	\$ 101,260	\$ 4,190	\$	97,165	
Operations & maintenance	128,854	114,164	14,690		156,784	
Total	 234,304	215,424	18,880		253,949	
Administration						
Current						
Personnel services	379,184	374,404	4,780		379,372	
Operations & maintenance	559,603	500,903	58,700		87,880	
Capital outlay	69,758	65,994	3,764		-	
Total	 1,008,545	941,301	67,244		467,252	
Finance						
Current						
Personnel services	463,584	433,896	29,688		645,607	
Operations & maintenance	128,001	115,412	12,589		259,123	
Total	 591,585	549,308	42,277		904,730	
Total general government	 1,834,434	1,706,033	128,401		1,625,931	
Public safety						
Police						
Current						
Personnel services	2,492,306	2,369,813	122,493		2,230,117	
Operations & maintenance	447,204	426,128	21,076		458,936	
Capital outlay	292,146	282,740	9,406		151,142	
Total	 3,231,656	3,078,681	152,975		2,840,195	

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

		2017		2016
	Budget	Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis		Actual
Fire				
Current				
Personnel services	\$ 917,18		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$ 825,020
Operations & maintenance	354,05			295,569
Capital outlay	557,95	8 47,44	2 510,516	<u> </u>
Total	1,829,19	7 1,176,58	1 652,616	1,120,589
Total public safety	5,060,85	3 4,255,26	2 805,591	3,960,784
Transportation				
Public Works				
Current				
Personnel services	377,57	2 375,10	0 2,472	350,995
Operations & maintenance	467,62	1 389,32	2 78,299	274,917
Capital Outlay	12,16	4 11,00	0 1,164	44,100
Total	857,35	7 775,42	2 81,935	670,012
Public Buildings and Grounds				
Current				
Personnel services	280,86	7 228,22	6 52,641	261,884
Operations & maintenance	349,22	1 286,44	3 62,778	228,047
Capital Outlay		-		31,003
Total	630,08	8 514,66	9 115,419	520,934
Streets and Highways				
Current				
Operations & maintenance	359,48	0 241,29	2 118,188	269,173
Capital Outlay	567,50	0 33,71	6 533,784	<u> </u>
Total	926,98	0 275,00	8 651,972	269,173
Total transportation	2,414,42	5 1,565,09	9 849,326	1,460,119

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

		2017					
	Budget	Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	Actual			
Environmental Protection							
Sanitation							
Current							
Operations & maintenance	\$ 814,908	\$ 811,483	\$ 3,425	\$ 686,275			
Economic and Physical Development							
Planning and Zoning							
Current							
Personnel services	507,088	496,997	10,091	480,448			
Operations & maintenance	161,253	108,541	52,712	68,711			
Capital Outlay	416,771	131,118	285,653	-			
Total	1,085,112	736,656	348,456	549,159			
Special Appropriations							
Current							
Special appropriations	29,750	29,750	<u> </u>	41,399			
Total economic and physical development	1,114,862	766,406	348,456	590,558			
Cultural & Recreational							
Parks and Recreation							
Current							
Personnel services	544,892	497,158	47,734	587,996			
Operations & maintenance	833,177	572,522	260,655	600,258			
Capital outlay	19,607	30,445	(10,838)	9,600			
Total cultural and recreational	1,397,676	1,100,125	297,551	1,197,854			
Debt service							
Note principal	849,278	849,279	(1)	978,247			
Note interest	204,832	183,710	21,122	209,229			
Bond principal	255,790	255,789	1	256,842			
Bond interest	36,726	58,538	(21,812)	63,768			
Total debt service	1,346,626	1,347,316	(690)	1,508,086			
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	13,983,784	11,551,724	2,432,060	11,029,607			
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,218,732)	1,381,475	2,600,207	1,530,814			

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

			2017			2016	
				Va	riance with		
		Actı	ual Amounts	Fin	al Budget -		
	 Budget	(Bud	getary Basis)	Positi	ve (Negative)		Actual
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers from:							
General Capital Reserve	\$ 240,000	\$	240,000	\$	-	\$	240,000
Street and Sidewalk Capital Project Fund	-		-		-		6,401
Transfers to:							
General Capital Reserve Fund	(999,075)		(983,586)		15,489		(1,376,675)
Sale of capital assets	53,000		53,976		976		20,426
Installment purchase obligations issued	336,874		48,575		(288,299)		-
Appropriated fund balance	 1,587,933		-		(1,587,933)		<u>-</u>
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	1,218,732		(641,035)		(1,859,767)		(1,109,848)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 		740,440	\$	740,440		420,966
FUND BALANCE - beginning of year	-		8,109,938				7,688,972
FUND BALANCE - end of year	=	\$	8,850,378			\$	8,109,938

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL CAPITAL PROJECT - CAPITAL RESERVE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For The Year Ended June 30, 2017

		2017		2016
			Variance	_
			Favorable	
REVENUES	 Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)	 Actual
Other taxes and licenses:				
Motor vehicle licenses	\$ 120,000 \$	126,294 \$	6,294	\$ 119,669
Permits and fees:				
Streets-in-lieu fees	-	65,372	65,372	138,575
Transportation fees	90,000	180,447	90,447	199,351
Sidewalks-in-lieu fees	-	6,768	6,768	7,963
Recreation-in-lieu fees	-	7,814	7,814	5,340
Sales and services:				
Recreation program fees	6,500	-	(6,500)	7,475
Investment earnings	 3,500	16,226	12,726	 9,364
TOTAL REVENUES	 220,000	402,921	182,921	 487,737
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers from:				
General Fund	999,075	983,586	(15,489)	1,376,675
Transfers to:				
General Fund	(240,000)	(240,000)	-	(240,000)
General Capital Projects Fund	(453,000)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	453,000	(215,453)
Street and Sidewalk Capital Project Fund	-	-	-	(109,393)
Fund Balance:				
Appropriated Fund Balance	(526,075)	-	526,075	-
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	 (220,000)	743,586	963,586	811,829
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 	1,146,507\$	1,146,507	1,299,566
FUND BALANCE - beginning of year		3,520,713		 2,221,147
FUND BALANCE - end of year	\$	4,667,220		\$ 3,520,713

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Page 1 of 2		Storm Water Special Revenue Fund		General Capital Projects Fund		l Non-Major vernmental Funds
1 age 1 01 2						
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	205,297	\$	559,063	\$	764,360
Restricted cash		195,350		-		195,350
Receivables, net:		6,156		-		6,156
Due from other governments		48,975		-		48,975
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	455,778	\$	559,063	\$	1,014,841
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued salaries	FUND BALAN	7,596 2,218	\$	92,799	\$	100,395 2,218
TOTAL LIABILITIES		9,814		92,799		102,613
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Accounts receivable		6,156		-		6,156

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

		orm Water ial Revenue Fund	General ital Projects Fund	ll Non-Major vernmental Funds
Page 2 of 2				
FUND BALANCES				
Nonspendable				
Storm Water	\$	190,068	\$ -	\$ 190,068
Restricted				
Storm Water Surety		5,281	-	5,281
Assigned				
Storm Water		244,459	-	244,459
Capital Projects Fund		-	466,264	466,264
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		439,808	466,264	906,072
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS				
OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	455,778	\$ 559,063	\$ 1,014,841

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Speci	al Revenue	Capit	al Projects		
	Stor	m Water		eneral al Projects	Gov	Non-Major ernmental Funds
REVENUES						
Restricted intergovernmental revenues	\$	-	\$	40,000	\$	40,000
Permits and fees		369,487		-		369,487
Investment earnings		1,673		2,123		3,796
TOTAL REVENUES		371,160		42,123		413,283
EXPENDITURES						
Environmental protection		140,247		-		140,247
Capital outlay		181,265		166,422		347,687
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		321,512		166,422		487,934
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		49,648		(124,299)		(74,651)
FUND BALANCE - beginning of year		390,160		590,563		980,723
FUND BALANCE - end of year	\$	439,808	\$	466,264	\$	906,072

From Inception To June 30, 2017

	Project Authoriza		rior	Current Year	Total To Date
REVENUES					_
Investment earnings	\$	-	\$ 1,824 \$	2,123 \$	3,947
PARTF Grant		-	-	40,000	40,000
TOTAL REVENUES		-	 1,824	42,123	43,947
EXPENDITURES					
Knightdale Park					
Professional services		-	16,528	4,800	21,328
Construction		934,973	 =	161,622	161,622
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		934,973	 16,528	166,422	182,950
Revenues under expenditures before					
other financing sources		(934,973)	 (14,704)	(124,299)	(139,003)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES					
Transfers from:					
General Capital Reserve Fund		563,944	215,453	-	215,453
Utility Capital Project Fund		371,029	 389,814	-	389,814
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES		934,973	 605,267	-	605,267
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 590,563 \$	(124,299) \$	466,264

Actual

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - STORM WATER FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

			2017			2016
				Varia	nce with	
			al Amounts		Budget -	
	 Budget	(Budg	etary Basis)	Positive	(Negative)	 Actual
Page 1 of 2						
REVENUES						
Permits and fees						
Storm Water fees	\$ 278,047	\$	293,413	\$	15,366	\$ 286,137
Sinking fund revenue	 -		76,074		76,074	 27,150
Total	278,047		369,487		91,440	313,287
Investment earnings	 166		1,673		1,507	 947
TOTAL REVENUES	 278,213		371,160		92,947	 314,234
EXPENDITURES						
Environmental Protection						
Storm Water Administration						
Current						
Personnel services	-		-		-	23,196
Operations & maintenance	 -		-		<u>-</u>	 6,534
Total	 -		-		-	 29,730
Storm Water Maintenance						
Current						
Personnel services	87,679		79,147		8,532	52,791
Operations & maintenance	85,534		61,100		24,434	62,098
Capital outlay	 252,184		181,265		70,919	 21,626
Total	425,397		321,512		103,885	 136,515
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	 425,397		321,512		103,885	 166,245
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(147,184)		49,648		196,832	147,989

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - STORM WATER FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

			2017		 2016	
				V	ariance with	
		Actual Amounts		Final Budget -		
	 Budget	(Budg	getary Basis)	Posi	tive (Negative)	 Actual
Page 2 of 2						
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Appropriated fund balance	\$ 147,184	\$	-	\$	(147,184)	\$
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 		49,648	\$	49,648	147,989
FUND BALANCE - beginning of year	-		390,160			 242,171
FUND BALANCE - end of year	=	\$	439,808	:		\$ 390,160

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA WATER AND SEWER OPERATIONS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017 With Comparative Actual Amounts for Year Ended June 30, 2016 Page 1 of 2

ϵ			2017			
				Variance Favorable		
	E	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)	Actual	
REVENUES				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Water operating revenues						
Meter installation fees	\$	35,000 \$	-	\$ (35,000)	\$	-
Inspection fees		37,000	-	(37,000)		-
Total operating revenues		72,000	-	(72,000)		-
Water non-operating revenues						
Interest earnings		-	1,018	1,018		1,133
Capacity fees		227,000	-	(227,000)		-
Capital facility fees		475,000	-	(475,000)		-
Nutrient reduction charge		5,000	-	(5,000)		-
Fee in lieu of water improvements		5,000	-	(5,000)		11,868
Total		712,000	1,018	(710,982)		13,001
Sewer non-operating revenues						
Capacity fees		230,000	-	(230,000)		-
Capital facility fees		498,000	-	(498,000)		-
Fee in lieu of sewer improvements		3,000	-	(3,000)		9,025
Total		731,000	-	(731,000)		9,025
TOTAL REVENUES		1,515,000	1,018	(1,513,982)		22,026
	-		,	() / /		

2017

2016

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA WATER AND SEWER OPERATIONS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	\sim		_
Page	2	ot	2

Page 2 of 2		2017		2016
	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	Actual
EXPENDITURES	Budger	1100001	(emayoraere)	
Water & Sewer				
City of Raleigh fees	\$ 1,515,000	\$ -	\$ 1,515,000	\$ -
Total revenues over expenditures	-	1,018	1,018	22,026
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Debt Service				
City of Raleigh - reimbursement of debt service I	185,101	185,100	(1)	380,434
Interest	(20,890)	(20,890)	-	(31,304)
Debt principal	(164,211)	(164,210)	1	(349,130)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		-		
Total revenues and other financing sources	S			
over expenditures and other financing us		1,018	\$ 1,018	22,026
Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full acc				
Principal paid on debt		164,210		349,130
Payments received on notes receivable		(164,210)		(349,130)
Decrease in accrued interest		324	-	710
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		\$ 1,342	=	\$ 22,736

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF AD VALOREM TAXES RECEIVABLE

June 30, 2017

Fiscal Year	Uncollected Balance June 30, 2016	Current Levy	Collections and Credits	Uncollected Balance June 30, 201		
2017	\$ -	\$ 6,706	433 \$	6,698,716	\$	7,717
2016	6,825		-	3,076		3,749
2015	3,579		-	1,264		2,315
2014	11,286		-	1,160		10,126
2013	10,175		-	1,485		8,690
2012	8,393		-	826		7,567
2011	5,692		-	502		5,190
2010	6,213		-	336		5,877
2009	4,618		-	268		4,350
2008	7,864		-	272		7,592
2007	6,131		-	6,131		-
Total	\$ 70,776	\$ 6,706	433 \$	6,714,036	\$	63,173

RECONCILIATION WITH REVENUES	
Taxes - Ad Valorem - General Fund	\$ 6,717,305
Add (deduct):	
Penalties and interest	(14,867)
Taxes written off	6,131
Releases, rebates and adjustments	 5,467
Total Collections and Credits	\$ 6,714,036

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA ANALYSIS OF CURRENT TAX LEVY

June 30, 2017

		Total Levy						
	Property Valuation	Tax Rate				erty Excluding istered Motor Vehicles	-	red Motor
Original levy: Property taxed at current year's rate Penalties Total	\$ 1,579,964,186 - - 1,579,964,186	0.43	\$	6,793,846 6,133 6,799,979	\$	6,195,655 6,133 6,201,788	\$	598,191 - 598,191
Discoveries: Prior year taxes Total	1,579,964,186	0.43		9,976 6,809,955		9,963 6,211,751		13 598,204
Abatements	(24,074,884)	0.43		(103,522)		(103,774)		252
Total property valuation	\$ 1,555,889,302							
Net levy				6,706,433		6,107,977		598,456
Uncollected taxes at June 30, 2017				7,717		5,346		2,371
Current year's taxes collected			\$	6,698,716	\$	6,102,631	\$	596,085
Current levy collection percentage				99.88%		99.91%		99.60%



Knightdale Caboose



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This section, unaudited, presents comparative statistical data, graphs, and other pertinent information of the Town which may be further divided into the following:

Financial Trends (Tables 1-4) containing trend information to help the reader understand how the Town's financial performance and standing have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity (Tables 5-9) containing information to help the reader assess the Town's tax base and revenue from property taxes.

Debt Capacity (Tables 10-13) containing schedules to help the reader assess the affordability of the Town's current levels of outstanding debt and the Town's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Operating Information (Tables 14 - 16) containing information about the Town's operation and resources to help the reader understand how the Town's financial information relates to the services the Town provides and the activities it performs.

Demographic and Economic Information (Tables 17 - 19) containing demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment with which the Town's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time, and with other governments.

STATISTICAL SECTION

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

Table 1

	 2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Governmental Activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 25,886,116	\$ 25,878,475	\$ 26,004,718	\$ 28,955,166	\$ 28,803,069	\$ 33,353,729	\$ 41,680,758	\$ 42,796,062	\$ 42,147,141	\$ 52,553,720
Restricted	374,673	362,226	434,244	1,943,693	1,895,412	2,299,485	4,253,275	3,020,044	3,401,121	4,888,416
Unrestricted	3,795,806	4,279,809	4,180,012	3,295,965	4,953,181	5,089,424	2,645,764	4,586,612	5,960,276	5,144,918
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 30,056,595	\$ 30,520,510	\$ 30,618,974	\$ 34,194,824	\$ 35,651,662	\$ 40,742,638	\$ 48,579,797	\$ 50,402,718	\$ 51,508,538	\$ 62,587,054
Business-type Activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 138,513	\$ 98,510	\$ 628,502	\$ -						
Restricted	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unrestricted	2,573,622	2,529,872	2,018,216	1,044,574	46,062	61,500	70,767	70,300	93,036	94,378
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 2,712,135	\$ 2,628,382	\$ 2,646,718	\$ 1,044,574	\$ 46,062	\$ 61,500	\$ 70,767	\$ 70,300	\$ 93,036	\$ 94,378
Primary Government										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 26,024,629	\$ 25,976,985	\$ 26,633,220	\$ 28,955,166	\$ 28,803,069	\$ 33,353,729	\$ 41,680,758	\$ 42,796,062	\$ 42,147,141	\$ 52,553,720
Restricted	374,673	362,226	434,244	1,943,693	1,895,412	2,299,485	4,253,275	3,020,044	3,401,121	4,888,416
Unrestricted	6,369,428	6,809,681	6,198,228	4,340,539	4,999,243	5,150,924	2,716,531	4,656,912	6,053,312	5,239,296
Total primary government net position	\$ 32,768,730	\$ 33,148,892	\$ 33,265,692	\$ 35,239,398	\$ 35,697,724	\$ 40,804,138	\$ 48,650,564	\$ 50,473,018	\$ 51,601,574	\$ 62,681,432

Notes:

1. During Fiscal Year 2006, the Town of Knightdale merged its business-type activity with the City of Raleigh.

Changes in Net Position

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

Table 2

		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Expenses											
Governmental activities:											
General government	\$	1,678,580 \$	1,237,945 \$	1,490,500 \$	1,454,654 \$	2,155,837 \$	1,716,310 \$	1,706,307 \$	1,462,856 \$	1,705,859 \$	1,790,288
Public safety		3,189,681	3,378,339	3,647,406	4,087,816	4,202,231	4,025,428	3,964,847	3,850,081	4,216,783	4,448,548
Transportation		3,717,007	2,296,984	2,366,730	2,442,706	2,401,269	2,297,740	2,481,115	3,593,265	2,748,299	3,015,025
Environmental protection		-	520,985	535,182	532,250	571,764	745,462	708,691	769,509	864,818	991,916
Economic development Cultural and recreational		- 000 056	571,441	418,950	449,226	579,390	550,333	536,780	509,072	668,332	673,850
Interest on long-term debt		999,956 213.735	916,189 217,628	898,375 168.894	918,928 299,747	976,780 251,805	955,930 318,556	1,238,780 331,372	1,567,881 277.097	1,754,476 245,700	1,623,863 215,103
Total governmental activities expenses	•	9.798.959 \$	9,139,511 \$	9.526.037 \$	10,185,327 \$	11,139,076 \$	10,609,759 \$	10,967,892 \$	12,029,761 \$	12,204,267 \$	12,758,593
·		7,170,737 \$	7,137,311 \$	7,520,057 \$	10,103,527 \$	11,132,070 3	10,002,732 \$	10,707,072 9	12,027,701 \$	12,204,207 3	12,750,575
Business-type activities:		200 120	140.215	122.740	120 422	176.625	75.525	54.002	52.402	20.504	20.566
Water and sewer Total business-type activities expenses		308,128 308.128	149,315 149,315	133,748 133,748	130,422 130,422	176,625 176,625	75,525 75,525	54,903 54,903	52,482 52,482	30,594 30,594	20,566
· · ·	-										
Total primary government expenses	2	10,107,087 \$	9,288,826 \$	9,659,785 \$	10,315,749 \$	11,315,701 \$	10,685,284 \$	11,022,795 \$	12,082,243 \$	12,234,861 \$	12,779,159
Program Revenues											
Governmental activities:											
Charges for service:											
General government	\$	245,921 \$	304,908 \$	1,250 \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	300,127 \$	353,762 \$	291,440
Public safety		19,068	16,687	35,431	41,616	28,363	22,974	44,262	-	-	-
Public works		466,284	776,099	8,080	396,177	143,531	200,389	26,884	97,420	345,889	252,588
Environmental protection		-	-	590,782	642,781	620,313	938,852	934,875	1,043,007	1,036,465	1,157,202
Economic development		-	-	102,752	139,569	158,937	197,998	103,694	-	-	-
Cultural and recreational		389,067	517,406	371,833	423,361	427,063	483,567	494,514	540,237	497,221	454,092
Operating grants and contributions		392,971	400,597	518,147	864,939	830,434	684,002	595,622	1,277,124	771,677	632,335
Capital grants and contributions		2,054,202	460,355	509,192	2,961,423	884,887	4,714,539	7,239,152	1,445,891	39,613	10,744,304
Total governmental activities program revenue	\$	3,567,513 \$	2,476,052 \$	2,137,467 \$	5,469,866 \$	3,093,528 \$	7,242,321 \$	9,439,003 \$	4,703,806 \$	3,044,627 \$	13,531,961
Business-type activities:											
Operating grants and contributions											
, 55		-	-	-	-	- 07.604	-	-	-	-	-
Capital grants and contributions		-	-	-	-	87,684	-	-	-	-	
Total business-type activities program revenues		-	-	-	-	87,684	-	-	-	-	
Total primary government program revenues	\$	3,567,513 \$	2,476,052 \$	2,137,467 \$	5,469,866 \$	3,181,212 \$	7,242,321 \$	9,439,003 \$	4,703,806 \$	3,044,627 \$	13,531,961

Changes in Net Position

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

Table 2 (continued)

Tuble 2 (continued)											
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	<u>2015</u>	2016	2017
Net (Expense) / Revenue											
Governmental activities	\$	(6,231,446) \$	(6,663,459) \$	(7,388,570) \$	(4,715,461) \$	(8,045,548) \$	(3,367,438) \$	(1,528,889) \$	(7,325,955) \$	(9,159,640) \$	773,368
Business-type activities	<u></u>	(308,128)	(149,315)	(133,748)	(130,422)	(88,941)	(75,525)	(54,903)	(52,482)	(30,594)	(20,566)
Total primary government net revenue /(expense)	\$	(6,539,574) \$	(6,812,774) \$	(7,522,318) \$	(4,845,883) \$	(8,134,489) \$	(3,442,963) \$	(1,583,792) \$	(7,378,437) \$	(9,190,234) \$	752,802
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position											
Governmental activities:											
Taxes:											
Property taxes, levied for general purpose	\$	3,764,366 \$	4,456,795 \$	4,796,505 \$	5,125,475 \$	5,249,709 \$	5,421,563 \$	6,042,731 \$	6,179,543 \$	6,398,393 \$	6,709,702
Other taxes and licenses		111,506	206,738	220,629	232,843	246,403	284,406	326,641	277,822	219,428	230,023
Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues		2,399,221	2,253,064	2,314,882	2,662,238	2,545,808	2,697,954	2,926,002	3,360,348	3,616,196	3,770,758
Unrestricted investment earnings		223,244	74,465	22,027	33,351	34,957	37,194	25,213	13,960	57,502	68,483
Miscellaneous		228,540	136,315	132,991	237,404	774,350	17,297	45,461	43,830	(26,059)	161,061
Transfers		216,529	(3)	-	-	651,159	-	-	-	-	-
Total governmental activities		6,943,406	7,127,374	7,487,034	8,291,311	9,502,386	8,458,414	9,366,048	9,875,503	10,265,460	10,940,027
Business-type activities:											
Unrestricted investment earnings		278,875	192,393	146,081	130,917	125,126	67,162	55,551	43,584	32,437	21,908
Gain /(Loss) on abandoned capital project		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous		-	-	6,003	6,017	17,711	23,801	8,619	8,431	20,893	-
Transfers		(216,529)	3	-	-	(651,159)	-	-	-	-	-
Special item (loss on transfer of assets to Raleigh)		(1,478,295)	(126,834)	-	(1,608,656)	(401,249)	-	-	-	-	-
Total business-type activities		(1,415,949)	65,562	152,084	(1,471,722)	(909,571)	90,963	64,170	52,015	53,330	21,908
Total primary government	\$	5,527,457 \$	7,192,936 \$	7,639,118 \$	6,819,589 \$	8,592,815 \$	8,549,377 \$	9,430,218 \$	9,927,518 \$	10,318,790 \$	10,961,935
Change in Net Position											
Governmental activities	\$	711,960 \$	463,915 \$	98,464 \$	3,575,850 \$	1,456,838 \$	5,090,976 \$	7,837,159 \$	2,549,548 \$	1,105,820 \$	11,713,395
Business-type activities		(1,724,077)	(83,753)	18,336	(1,602,144)	(998,512)	15,438	9,267	(467)	22,736	1,342
Total primary government	\$	(1,012,117) \$	380,162 \$	116,800 \$	1,973,706 \$	458,326 \$	5,106,414 \$	7,846,426 \$	2,549,081 \$	1,128,556 \$	11,714,737

Fund Balance of Governmental Funds

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

Table 3

	2008	2009	2010	2011		2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
General Fund											
Reserved	\$ -,,,	\$ 1,120,396	\$ 1,309,298	\$ - \$	3	- 5	\$ - \$	-	\$ -	\$ - :	\$ -
Unreserved	1,981,389	2,104,441	1,930,259	-		-	-	-	-	-	-
Nonspendable	-	-	-	23,476		36,008	11,423	9,072	9,526	10,002	5,045
Restricted	-	-	-	1,605,841		1,527,084	2,005,357	2,152,862	2,170,548	2,413,050	3,644,905
Assigned	-	-	-	212,000		100,800	187,220	171,600	70,500	125,000	184,590
Unassigned	 -	-	-	2,536,605		2,984,408	3,430,429	4,029,715	5,438,398	5,561,886	5,015,838
Total General Fund	\$ 3,566,246	\$ 3,224,837	\$ 3,239,557	\$ 4,377,922	\$	4,648,300	\$ 5,634,429 \$	6,363,249	\$ 7,688,972	\$ 8,109,938	\$ 8,850,378
All other governmental funds											
Reserved	\$ 55,586	\$ -	\$ 34,070	\$ -	\$	-	\$ - \$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Unreserved, reported in:											
Special revenue funds	877,484	1,758,431	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital project funds	56,693	19,266	1,945,388	-		-	-	-	-	-	-
Nonspendable	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	86,844	113,994	190,068
Restricted	-	-	-	337,852		368,328	294,128	2,100,413	849,496	988,071	1,053,443
Assigned, reported in:											
Special revenue funds	-	-	-	-		15,937	58,631	120,544	150,046	270,885	244,459
Capital project funds	-	-	-	1,568,121		3,227,646	3,173,436	1,689,218	1,870,097	3,128,486	4,085,322
Unassigned	 -	-	-	-		-	(17,672)	-	(80,943)	-	
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 989,763	\$ 1,777,697	\$ 1,979,458	\$ 1,905,973	\$	3,611,911	\$ 3,508,523 \$	3,910,175	\$ 2,875,540	\$ 4,501,436	\$ 5,573,292

Note:

Fund balance designated for subsequent years has been classified as Unreserved, for consistency.

Fiscal year 2011 and forward is presented in conformity with GASB Statement No. 54 which was implemented in fiscal year 2011.

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

Table 4

	_	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Revenues											
Ad valorem taxes	\$	3,697,892 \$	4,428,988 \$	4,787,815 \$	5,154,363 \$	5,277,887 \$	5,394,455 \$	6,093,511 \$	6,223,115 \$	6,406,826 \$	6,717,305
Other taxes and licenses		94,528	119,763	212,371	223,835	238,439	272,639	337,443	290,675	222,407	232,380
Unrestricted intergovernmental		2,399,221	2,253,064	2,314,882	2,662,238	2,545,808	2,697,954	2,926,002	3,360,348	3,616,196	3,770,758
Restricted intergovernmental		434,893	400,597	1,002,839	949,247	1,715,321	2,926,663	1,995,222	1,872,765	811,290	677,588
Permits and fees		264,989	321,595	147,330	608,630	386,600	729,312	454,903	793,094	1,018,278	921,328
Sales and services		851,642	1,344,991	967,385	1,043,408	1,028,223	1,109,917	1,149,456	1,185,254	1,217,524	1,254,476
Investment earnings		223,244	74,465	22,027	33,351	34,957	37,194	25,213	13,960	57,502	68,483
Miscellaneous		228,540	160,876	117,836	140,924	86,369	68,895	118,746	39,593	131,544	107,085
Total revenues		8,194,949	9,104,339	9,572,485	10,815,996	11,313,604	13,237,029	13,100,496	13,778,804	13,481,567	13,749,403
Expenditures											
General government		1,591,893	1,686,944	1,322,247	1,106,568	1,159,777	1,294,788	1,344,395	1,347,135	1,569,789	1,640,039
Public safety		2,839,365	3,021,260	3,281,322	3,912,098	3,831,884	3,708,123	3,754,607	3,518,674	3,809,642	3,925,080
Public works		3,019,257	1,614,249	1,586,331	1,666,795	1,628,223	1,491,381	2,107,105	2,419,090	1,491,206	1,520,383
Environmental protection		-	-	535,182	532,250	628,604	772,683	700,456	736,714	830,894	951,730
Economic development		-	-	430,008	451,522	577,318	547,941	539,428	504,730	646,700	635,288
Cultural and recreation		950,595	868,644	844,184	908,416	912,635	897,127	989,115	1,298,594	1,188,254	1,069,680
Capital outlay		757,229	787,870	666,180	3,716,800	1,139,842	7,773,588	4,305,483	2,403,729	410,560	950,142
Debt service :											
Principal		537,192	597,471	597,558	420,955	1,211,715	2,750,843	965,027	1,164,167	1,235,089	1,105,068
Interest		216,114	209,415	188,746	172,692	269,001	247,015	271,823	299,120	272,997	242,248
Total expenditures		9,911,645	8,785,853	9,451,758	12,888,096	11,358,999	19,483,489	14,977,439	13,691,953	11,455,131	12,039,658
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		(1,716,696)	318,486	120,727	(2,072,100)	(45,395)	(6,246,460)	(1,876,943)	86,851	2,026,436	1,709,745
Other financing sources (uses)											
Transfers in		1,017,419	1,230,921	443,909	1,199,206	1,142,917	1,112,924	1,230,688	981,280	1,947,922	1,223,586
Transfers out		(800,890)	(1,230,924)	(443,909)	(1,199,206)	(491,758)	(1,112,924)	(1,230,688)	(981,280)	(1,947,922)	(1,223,586)
Sale of capital assets		=	=	35,695	16,480	812,920	14,102	7,415	4,237	20,426	53,976
Installment debt issued		592,000	175,000	60,059	3,040,500	557,632	7,115,099	3,000,000	200,000	-	48,575
Contribution from East Wake Television		-	-	-	80,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
Assumption of debt in annexations		9,708	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	818,237	174,997	95,754	3,136,980	2,021,711	7,129,201	3,007,415	204,237	20,426	102,551
Net change in fund balance	\$	(898,459) \$	493,483 \$	216,481 \$	1,064,880 \$	1,976,316 \$	882,741 \$	1,130,472 \$	291,088 \$	2,046,862 \$	1,812,296
Debt service as a percentage of											
noncapital expenditures		8.2%	10.1%	8.9%	6.5%	14.5%	25.6%	11.6%	13.0%	13.7%	12.1%

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA Governmental Activities, Property Tax Revenue Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

Table 5

			Property Tax Adjusted to
Fiscal Year	Tax Rate	Property Tax	Current Rate
2008	0.50	3,764,366	3,237,355
2009	0.40	4,456,795	4,791,055
2010	0.40	4,796,505	5,156,243
2011	0.41	5,125,475	5,375,498
2012	0.41	5,249,709	5,505,792
2013	0.41	5,421,563	5,686,029
2014	0.43	6,042,731	6,042,731
2015	0.43	6,179,543	6,179,543
2016	0.43	6,398,393	6,398,393
2017	0.43	6,709,702	6,709,702

Property Tax Adjusted to Current Rate is a prediction of the tax revenue that might have been received if the tax rate were uniform over the entire period.

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA Assessed Value of Taxable Property

Last Ten Fiscal Years

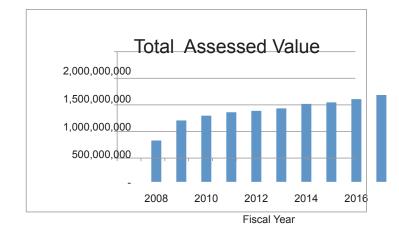
Table 6

						Property		
						Tax Rate		
Fiscal		Real	Personal	Public Service	Total	(Per \$100	Estimated	Ratio of Assessed
Year		Property	Property	Property	Assessed Value (1)	Assessed Value)	Actual Value	Value to Actual Value
2008		628,348,790	105,643,962	6,507,904	740,500,656	0.50	740,500,656	100%
2009	(2)	980,409,614	110,037,755	9,022,081	1,099,469,450	0.40	1,088,583,614	101%
2010		1,068,919,623	106,944,430	9,050,383	1,184,914,436	0.40	1,150,402,365	103%
2011		1,114,360,955	122,598,502	9,148,276	1,246,107,733	0.41	1,175,573,333	106%
2012		1,133,994,181	128,739,400	8,931,806	1,271,665,387	0.41	1,166,665,493	109%
2013		1,167,750,585	138,980,390	8,839,036	1,315,570,011	0.41	1,185,198,208	111%
2014		1,207,176,381	179,648,001	9,252,266	1,396,076,648	0.43	1,292,663,563	108%
2015		1,251,348,719	162,473,352	9,275,836	1,423,097,907	0.43	1,435,611,732	99%
2016		1,310,258,180	160,031,798	10,914,208	1,481,204,186	0.43	1,458,945,389	102%
2017	(2)	1,356,873,863	188,302,815	10,712,624	1,555,889,302	0.43	1,554,125,464	100%

NOTES:

- (1) Assessed Value is established by Wake County Tax Department.
- (2) A revaluation of all property is required every eight years by state statute.

 The most recent revaluation occurred in fiscal year 2017 (tax year 2016).



Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping (1)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 7				Combined Tax Rate Per
	Fiscal	Town of	Wake	\$100 of
	Year	Knightdale	County	Assessed Value
	2008	0.50	0.678	1.1780
	2009 (2)	0.40	0.534	0.9340
	2010	0.40	0.534	0.9340
	2011	0.41	0.534	0.9440
	2012	0.41	0.534	0.9440
	2013	0.41	0.534	0.9440
	2014	0.43	0.534	0.9640
	2015	0.43	0.578	1.0080
	2016	0.43	0.6145	1.0445
	2017 (2)	0.43	0.6005	1.0305

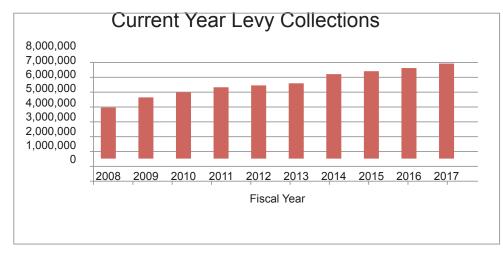
Notes:

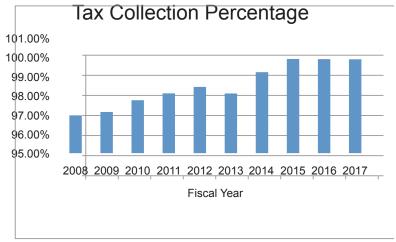
- (1) Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the Town of Knightdale.
- (2) A revaluation of all property is required every eight years by state statute. The most recent revaluation occurred in fiscal year 2017 (tax year 2016).
- (3) There are no special tax districts within the Town of Knightdale. The tax rates listed above are Town wide property tax rates.

Property Tax Levies and Collections

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 8		C W	D	G 11 +:		Percent of	A 1371	Percent
	3.7	Current Year's	Percent	Collections-	m . 1	Total Tax	Ad Valorem	Delinquent
Fiscal	Net	Taxes	of Net Levy	Prior	Total	Collections	Taxes Receivable	Taxes To
Year	Levy	Collected	Collected	Years	Collections	To Net Levy	Balance-June 30	Net Levy
2008	3,708,082	3,595,606	96.97%	104,377	3,699,983	99.78%	167,022	4.50%
2009	4,441,324	4,314,443	97.14%	122,250	4,436,693	99.90%	194,828	4.39%
2010	4,779,605	4,672,322	97.76%	101,127	4,773,449	99.87%	203,519	4.26%
2011	5,124,740	5,027,969	98.11%	91,419	5,119,388	99.90%	174,631	3.41%
2012	5,242,074	5,160,708	98.45%	72,944	5,233,652	99.84%	146,453	2.79%
2013	5,408,394	5,305,974	98.11%	92,533	5,398,507	99.82%	173,561	3.21%
2014	6,001,549	5,954,407	99.21%	36,050	5,990,457	99.82%	122,781	2.05%
2015	6,166,908	6,160,848	99.90%	1,265	6,162,113	99.92%	79,209	1.28%
2016	6,389,729	6,382,904	99.89%	(1,941)	6,380,963	99.86%	70,776	1.11%
2017	6,706,433	6,698,716	99.88%	-	6,698,716	99.88%	63,173	0.94%





Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		 20		2008				
Table 9 Taxpayer (1)	Type of Enterprise	Assessed Valuation	Percentage Of Total Assessed Valuation	Rank		Assessed Valuation	Percentage Of Total Assessed Valuation	Rank
Knightdale Centers LLC	Retail	\$ 56,836,632	3.65%	1	\$	-	0.00%	-
Legacy Oaks Apartments LP	Real Estate/Apartments	35,631,114	2.29%	2		-	0.00%	-
Greystone WW Co. LLC	Real Estate/Apartments	34,837,966	2.24%	3		11,794,111	1.59%	4
BRC Knightdale LLC	Real Estate/Apartments	30,504,921	1.96%	4		-	0.00%	-
Laurens Way Co LTD Partnership	Real Estate/Apartments	22,313,866	1.43%	5		11,685,798	1.58%	5
Rex Hospital	Medical Facility	18,993,638	1.22%	6		-	0.00%	-
WW Knightdale Property LLC	Real Estate/Apartments	14,157,519	0.91%	7			0.00%	
Lowes Home Center	Retail	13,060,247	0.84%	8		10,987,629	1.48%	6
Widewaters Knightdale Co. LLC	Retail	12,834,804	0.82%	9		12,741,914	1.72%	2
CWR Ptnr West LLC	Undeveloped Land	11,502,096	0.74%	10			0.00%	
Wal-Mart	Retail	-	-	-		6,191,654	0.84%	9
Kimco Wakefield Knightdale, LP	Retail	-	-	-		14,459,143	1.95%	1
Home Depot USA, Inc	Retail	-	-	-		7,398,561	1.00%	8
Time Warner Entertainment	Cable TV	-	-	-		4,719,080	0.64%	10
Target	Retail	-	-	-		8,351,483	1.13%	7
Eastpoint LLC	Manufacturer					11,898,671	1.61%	3
Totals		\$ 250,672,803	16.10%		\$	100,228,044	13.54%	<u>-</u>
Total Assessed Value		\$ 1,555,889,302			\$	740,500,656		•

⁽¹⁾ Data obtained from the Wake County Revenue Department

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA Legal Debt Margin Information

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 10

	-	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Assessed value	\$	740,500,656 \$	1,099,469,450 \$	1,184,914,436 \$	1,246,107,733 \$	1,271,665,387 \$	1,315,570,011 \$	1,396,076,648 \$	1,423,097,907 \$	1,481,204,186 \$	1,555,889,302
Debt limit (8% of assessed value)		59,240,052	87,957,556	94,793,155	99,688,619	101,733,231	105,245,601	111,686,132	113,847,833	118,496,335	124,471,144
Debt applicable to limit: Total outstanding debt		8,730,740	7,903,573	7,010,197	9,259,537	8,369,100	12,401,246	14,098,159	12,789,389	11,205,336	9,984,632
Debt authorized but unissued		-		2,821,500		5,000,000	3,000,000				
Less debt applicable to business-type activities Enterprise Fund debt		-	-	(2,882,155)	(2,511,950)	(2,274,595)	(1,942,425)	(1,604,365)	(1,259,762)	(910,632)	(746,421)
Total net debt applicable to limit		8,730,740	7,903,573	6,949,542	6,747,587	11,094,505	13,458,821	12,493,794	11,529,627	10,294,704	9,238,211
Legal debt margin	\$	50,509,312 \$	80,053,983 \$	87,843,613 \$	92,941,032 \$	90,638,726 \$	91,786,780 \$	99,192,338 \$	102,318,206 \$	108,201,631 \$	115,232,933
Total net debt applicable to the limit, as a percentage of the total debt limit		14.74%	8.99%	7.33%	6.77%	10.91%	12.79%	11.19%	10.13%	8.69%	7.42%
Total net debt applicable to the limit, as a percentage of assessed value		1.18%	0.72%	0.59%	0.54%	0.87%	1.02%	0.89%	0.81%	0.70%	0.59%

Note:

Under North Carolina general statutes, the legal debt limit should not exceed 8% of total assessed property value.

Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type
To Assessed Value, Personal Income and Bonded Debt per Capita
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 11

_	Governmental	Activities	Business-Type	Activities			Debt as a %	Debt as a %		
Fiscal		Installment		Installment	Total Primary	Assessed	of Assessed	of Personal		Debt Per
Year	GO Bonds	Purchases	GO Bonds	Purchases	Government	Value	Valuation	Income	Population	Capita
2008	736,842	4,345,441	2,186,158	1,462,299	8,730,740	740,500,656	1.18%	2.13%	9,813	890
2009	684,211	3,976,755	2,020,789	1,221,818	7,903,573	1,099,469,450	0.72%	1.81%	10,967	721
2010	631,579	3,496,463	1,855,421	1,026,734	7,010,197	1,184,914,436	0.59%	1.37%	12,393	566
2011	578,947	6,168,640	1,689,053	822,897	9,259,537	1,246,107,733	0.74%	1.88%	11,401	812
2012	554,210	5,540,355	1,601,790	672,805	8,369,160	1,271,665,387	0.66%	1.62%	11,493	728
2013	495,263	9,963,558	1,426,737	515,688	12,401,246	1,315,570,011	0.94%	2.26%	11,904	1,042
2014	3,436,842	9,056,952	1,253,158	351,207	14,098,159	1,396,076,648	1.01%	1.79%	12,340	1,142
2015	3,179,211	8,350,416	1,080,790	178,972	12,789,389	1,423,097,907	0.90%	1.50%	13,102	976
2016	2,922,369	7,372,335	910,632	-	11,205,336	1,481,204,186	0.76%	1.24%	13,560	826
2017	2,666,579	6,571,632	746,421	-	9,984,632	1,555,889,302	0.64%	N/A	13,786	724

NOTES:

(1) See Table 17 for personal income data

(2) N/A indicates data is "not available"

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA Ratio of Net General Obligation Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 12 Net General Net General Total Debt as a % **Bonded Debt** GO Bonds Business-Type Obligation as a % of (3) Governmental Personal of Personal Debt Per Fiscal Activities Activities Debt Property Value Population Year Income Income Capita 736,842 0.69% 0.39% 9,813 2008 2,186,158 2,923,000 \$425,226,729 298 2009 684,211 2,020,789 2,705,000 \$455,492,411 0.59% 0.25% 10,967 247 2010 631,579 1,855,421 2,487,000 \$527,148,648 0.47% 0.22% 12,393 201 2011 578,947 1,689,053 0.19% 2,268,000 \$493,435,280 11,401 0.46% 199 554,210 1,601,790 2,156,000 \$515,334,627 N/A 0.18% 11,493 188 2012 2013 495,263 1,426,737 \$548,738,688 N/A 0.16% 11,904 1,922,000 161 2014 3,436,842 1,253,158 4,690,000 \$787,180,940 12,340 380 N/A 0.36% 2015 3,179,211 1,080,790 4,260,001 N/A 0.29% 13,102 325 \$853,726,320 2016 2,922,369 910,632 3,833,001 \$902,811,240 N/A 0.26% 13,560 283 N/A N/A 0.22% 2017 2,666,579 746,421 3,413,000 13,786 248

NOTES:

- (1) See Table 17 for personal income data
- (2) N/A indicates data is "not available"
- (3) Net general bonded debt as a percentage of estimated actual value of taxable property. See Table 6 for estimated actual value of taxable property.

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt

As of June 30, 2017

Table 13

Governmental Unit	neral Obligation t Outstanding (1)	Estimated Percentage Applicable to Town (2)	timated Share of erlapping Debt (3)
Debt repaid with property taxes - Wake County	\$ 1,727,865,000	1.1003%	\$ 19,011,014
Subtotal, overlapping debt			19,011,014
Town of Knightdale direct debt			9,238,211
Total direct and overlapping debt			\$ 28,249,225
NOTES:			
(1) Supplied by Wake County Finance Department Portion of this debt that is outstanding Wake County school bonds, \$1,401,404,544			
(2) The percentage of overlapping debt applicable to the town is estimated using assessed prepared percentage represents the town's total assessed value divided by Wake County's total assessed.		able	
Town of Knightdale Assessed Value Wake County Assessed Value (1)			\$ 1,555,889,302 141,411,010,294
Percentage applicable to Knightdale			1.1003%

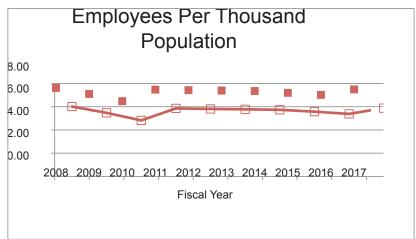
⁽³⁾ Overlapping debt does not include the debt of the Special Airport District of Durham and Wake Counties as these bonds are payable by the Airport Authority out of airport revenues.

Employee Positions Authorized by Department

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 14

						Fiscal
Fiscal	General	Public	Parks and	Development	Public	Year
Year	Government	Safety	Recreation	Services	Works	Total
2008	8.0	31.0	5.0	8.00	7.0	59.00
2009	8.0	31.0	5.0	8.00	8.0	60.00
2010	8.75	31.0	5.0	7.00	8.0	59.75
2011	8.75	38.0	5.0	7.00	8.0	66.75
2012	8.75	38.0	5.0	7.00	8.0	66.75
2013	9.75	38.0	5.0	7.00	9.0	68.75
2014	9.75	39.0	5.0	7.00	10.0	70.75
2015	10.00	39.0	6.0	5.00	13.0	73.00
2016	11.00	39.0	6.0	6.00	11.0	73.00
2017	10.00	45.0	6.0	7.00	13.0	81.00
	Year 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016	Year Government 2008 8.0 2009 8.0 2010 8.75 2011 8.75 2012 8.75 2013 9.75 2014 9.75 2015 10.00 2016 11.00	Year Government Safety 2008 8.0 31.0 2009 8.0 31.0 2010 8.75 31.0 2011 8.75 38.0 2012 8.75 38.0 2013 9.75 38.0 2014 9.75 39.0 2015 10.00 39.0 2016 11.00 39.0	Year Government Safety Recreation 2008 8.0 31.0 5.0 2009 8.0 31.0 5.0 2010 8.75 31.0 5.0 2011 8.75 38.0 5.0 2012 8.75 38.0 5.0 2013 9.75 38.0 5.0 2014 9.75 39.0 5.0 2015 10.00 39.0 6.0 2016 11.00 39.0 6.0	Year Government Safety Recreation Services 2008 8.0 31.0 5.0 8.00 2009 8.0 31.0 5.0 8.00 2010 8.75 31.0 5.0 7.00 2011 8.75 38.0 5.0 7.00 2012 8.75 38.0 5.0 7.00 2013 9.75 38.0 5.0 7.00 2014 9.75 39.0 5.0 7.00 2015 10.00 39.0 6.0 5.00 2016 11.00 39.0 6.0 6.00	Year Government Safety Recreation Services Works 2008 8.0 31.0 5.0 8.00 7.0 2009 8.0 31.0 5.0 8.00 8.0 2010 8.75 31.0 5.0 7.00 8.0 2011 8.75 38.0 5.0 7.00 8.0 2012 8.75 38.0 5.0 7.00 8.0 2013 9.75 38.0 5.0 7.00 9.0 2014 9.75 39.0 5.0 7.00 10.0 2015 10.00 39.0 6.0 5.00 13.0 2016 11.00 39.0 6.0 6.0 6.00 11.0



Number of employees data provided by Town of Knightdale Human Resources Division.

TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 15

_	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Function										
Administrative Services Department (Legislative)										
Agendas prepared and delivered 3 days before Council meeings	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Minutes prepared within 3 working days of Council meetings	89%	95%	80%	90%	90%	75%	100%	58%	100%	100%
Meeting minutes completed without error	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Employees successfully completing probation period	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	93%	99%	100%	100%	89%
Employee turnover	7%	5%	0%	6%	6%	7%	3%	18%	4%	14%
Administrative Services Department (Finance)										
Bank statement reconciled within 7 days of receipt	83%	100%	75%	92%	92%	100%	100%	100%	45%	100%
Month is closed out within 20 days of month end	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	92%	100%	100%	92%	100%
Accuracy of bank deposits submitted to the bank	98%	99%	99%	99%	99%	99%	98%	96%	98%	98%
Average accuracy rate in forecasting all major revenues	85%	88%	98%	98%	99%	95%	95%	95%	95%	99%
Accuracy rate in forecasting ad valorem revenue tax revenue.	97%	98%	97%	97%	99%	99%	97%	97%	98%	100%
Number of budget amendments requiring council approval	16	20	14	15	13	11	20	9	11	11
Development Services Department										
Permits issued:										
Commercial	112	127	42	66	48	67	43	58	107	81
Residential	224	98	152	131	168	246	149	152	228	266
Police Department										
Reports submitted on time and accurately	85%	80%	76%	89%	96%	96%	92%	100%	92%	N/A
Investigative report supplement compliance rates	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	98%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Follow-up investigations closed within 30 days.	97%	83%	92%	94%	94%	94%	95%	70%	82%	95%
Investigation clearance rates	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	53%	60%	48%	51%	52%
Average response time to calls for service (minutes : seconds)	4:00	4:30	11:05	3:45	3:41	3:41	4:22	5:07	5:05	4:46

Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 15

										Continued
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Fire Department										
Average response time to calls for service (minutes : seconds)	4:03	4:18	4:12	4:24	4:28	4:38	4.47	4:55	5.01	5.17
Average personnel responding to structure related calls	11.5	12.9	11	10	11.7	13.6	14.2	13.0	12.1	11.5
Training hours for all staff & volunteers	6,656	7543	8,041	8,188	8,813	9,141	8,399	9,818	9,171	11,674
Fire loss for the year	\$208,593	\$337,995	\$70,790	\$188,900	\$234,802	\$1,139,628	\$231,308	\$487,141	\$443,230	\$532,854
Value of property saved	\$23,104,086	\$10,319,470	\$9,628,944	\$6,942,755	\$5,667,695	\$22,228,757	\$8,490,218	\$7,843,396	\$5,668,883	\$7,280,616
Percentage of property loss	0.89%	3.17%	0.73%	2.65%	3.98%	5.13%	2.62%	5.85%	7.82%	6.72%
Total calls	928	959	1,002	1,067	1,252	1,294	1,217	1,348	1,364	1,490
Public Works (2)										
Residential tons collected yearly										
Solid Waste	2,357.00	2,437.21	NA	2,739.88	2,582.00	2,087.90	5,342.00	3,033.91	3,503.72	3,959.20
Recycling	434.00	486.93	NA	506.56	657.00	703.10	740.32	551.60	625.82	706.38
Mulching / compost (6)	53.00	80.00	NA	NA	NA	782.70	1,600.00	1,368.00	-	2,250.00
Households served	3,180	3,180	3,525	3,615	3,736	4,042	4,302	3,455	4,092	4,662
Parks and Recreation (3)										
Participants in camps and recreation programs										
Baseball (Spring & Fall)	267	348	403	403	428	397	389	394	437	469
Softball (Spring & Fall)	92	69	103	99	104	103	60	38	61	261
Basketball (Summer & Winter beginning 2010)	355	327	485	424	386	467	528	525	564	995
Swimming Pool	9,927	10,016	9,240	12,017	9,535	8,627	8,174	7,718	6,563	5,673
Swim Lessons	137	209	271	320	304	205	288	163	156	140
Track Out Camp (4) (5)	1,256	1,125	1,014	4,222	3,506	4,197	4,252	4,297	3,663	3,715
Summer Camp	NA	NA	902	928	1,095	1,108	1,005	979	1,190	1,155

Notes:

NA = Not Available at this time.

The Water and Sewer utility system was merged with the City of Raleigh in May 2006. Thus, past operational data is not presented.

- (2) Information provided from the Town of Knightdale Public Works Department and NC Dept. of Environment and Natural Resources.
- (3) The Parks & Recreation maintains the detailed information shown here on a calendar year basis.
 (4) The Track Out Program matches the Wake County Public School Year Round Calendar, which runs from July to June.
- (5) Track Out Camp registered by the week in fiscal years 2003 to 2010. Registered by the day in fiscal years 2011 and 2012. Did not register for Track 2 in fiscal year 2012. Did not register for Track 2 or 3 in fiscal year 2016.
- (6) No mulching or composting done in FY16 due to position vacancy. Resumed in July 2016.

Capital Asset Statistics by Function

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 16

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Function										
Police										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol Units	23	23	23	27	27	27	27	32	32	35
K-9 Units	-	-	-	-	2	2	2	2	2	2
Fire										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Fire Trucks	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	
Ladder Trucks	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Public Works										
Streets (miles)	41.29	41.93	41.93	43.06	43.06	45.02	47.74	48.33	48.33	50.95
Streetlights	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1,381	1,401	1,429	1,429	1,450	1,472
Traffic signals (1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Parks and Recreation										
Parks (3)	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	4
Acreage	37.16	37.16	37.16	37.16	37.16	37.16	106.80	106.80	106.80	106.80
Playgrounds	2	2	2	2	2	2	4	4	4	4
Baseball / softball diamonds (2)	5	5	5	5	5	5	9	9	9	9
Soccer / football fields	1	1	1	1	1	1	4	4	4	4
Community Centers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Pool	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Tennis Courts	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Mingo Creek Greenway (miles)	-	-	-	-	-	1.1	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3
Bus	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Sources: Various Town Departments

Notes:

No capital indicators are available for general government function.

- 1 All traffic signals in Town Limits owned and operated by NC Department of Transportation
- 2 Baseball / softball fields are owned by Wake County, but maintained by Town of Knightdale.
- 3 Knightdale Station Park Land purchased in 2010. Park opened on July 19, 2013.

N/A Data not available.

Demographic Statistics

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 17

Table 17 Fiscal	(1) Knightdale	(1) Wake County	Knightdale Personal Income	Wake County (2) Personal Income	(2) Per Capita	(3) Median Family	(4) Unemployment Rate
Year	Population	Population	(thousands of dollars)	(thousands of dollars)	Income	Income	Percentage
2008	9,813	831,537	\$409,114	\$37,114,709	\$41,691	\$62,073	4.8
2009	10,967	866,438	\$436,717	\$36,699,357	\$39,821	\$62,073	8.2
2010	12,393	892,409	\$513,070	\$38,576,130	\$41,400	\$62,073	8.3
2011	11,401	900,993	\$493,435	\$40,193,567	\$43,280	\$68,308	8.4
2012	11,493	907,314	\$515,335	\$42,693,474	\$44,839	\$71,922	7.9
2013	11,904	925,938	\$548,739	\$44,911,652	\$46,097	\$75,285	7.4
2014	12,340	945,143	\$787,181	\$49,629,485	\$63,791	\$70,512	5.1
2015	13,102	985,310	\$853,726	(5)	\$65,160	\$71,066	5.0
2016	13,560	1,007,631	\$902,811	(5)	\$66,579	\$72,591	4.3
2017	13,786	1,026,748	(5)	(5)	(5)	\$64,399	3.6

NOTES:

(1) North Carolina Office of State Budget and Management

(2) Wake County annual CAFR report. Numbers are for Wake County.

Separate figures for the Town are not available.

Knightdale total personal income estimated as Wake County per capita income x Knightdale population.

(3) US Census Bureau - American Community Survey 5-Year estimates 2011 to 2014 US Census Bureau - 200 Census Data 2005 -2010.

(4) North Carolina Employment Security Commission.

Numbers are for Wake County. Separate figures for the Town are not available.

(5) Information is not yet available.

Principal Employers

Current Year and Prior Year

Table 18

			2017				2008		
Employer		Emplo	Emplo	Employment Range					
Wake County Public School System, All Knightdale Locations.	1	500	_	550	9.24%	550	_	600	9.68%
Schneider Electric	2	450	_	500	8.36%	500	_	500	8.42%
Wal-Mart Store #1816	3 (tie)	150	-	200	3.08%	150	-	200	2.95%
Target	3 (tie)	150	-	200	3.08%	125	-	150	2.32%
Wake Stone	3 (tie)	150	-	200	3.08%	50		60	0.93%
Lowe's Home Improvement	6 (tie)	125	-	150	2.42%	140	_	160	2.53%
The Home Depot	6 (tie)	125	-	150	2.42%	75		100	1.47%
Electronic Systems Protection	8	100	-	125	1.98%				
Lowe's Foods	9 (tie)	75	-	100	1.54%	100	-	125	1.89%
Weathermaster Heating & Air	9 (tie)	75	-	100	1.54%	100	-	125	1.89%
Town of Knightdale	9 (tie)	75	-	100	1.54%				
Wellington Nursing Center						100		125	1.89%
Total of Top Employers, in a range		1,975	to	2,375		1,890	to	2,145	
Total Estimated Employed in Town (2)		5,683				5,939			
Estimated Percentage of Total Employment		20.270/				22.070/			
Represented by Top Employers		38.27%				33.97%			

Notes:

 $Data\ obtained\ from\ the\ Town\ of\ Knight dale\ Develoment\ Services\ Department\ and\ the\ Raleigh\ Chamber\ of\ Commerce.$

New employers in the Town of Knightdale prefer presenting the employment information in ranges.

Percentages presented are based upon the median of the respective range.

- (1) Individual school employment numbers presented in the prior year have been restated for consistency with the current year presentation. Square D and Schneider Electric have been combined in this restatement for consistency with the current year presentation.
- (2) Estimated employment based on Capital Area Metropolitan Planning Organization projections.

Commercial Activity Last Ten Calendar Years

Table 19

Building Permits (1)

Calendar	All Comm	nercial	New Reside	ential	Total	
Year	Number	Value	Number	Value	Number	Value
						_
2007	71	12,579,698	269	48,559,543	340	61,139,241
2008	143	89,109,842	174	22,401,561	317	111,511,403
2009	69	13,802,065	130	24,305,128	199	38,107,193
2010	56	6,449,164	126	22,242,753	182	28,691,917
2011	64	8,588,038	137	24,275,987	201	32,864,025
2012	63	9,879,743	200	36,728,786	263	46,608,529
2013	40	2,144,704	242	37,804,599	282	39,949,303
2014	51	3,054,938	135	25,878,037	186	28,932,975
2015	70	16,426,116	215	43,877,276	285	60,303,392
2016	112	38,441,256	222	42,174,824	334	80,616,080

NOTES:

⁽¹⁾ Compiled by the Town of Knightdale Development Services Department. Residential does not include alterations or additions. (Jan-Dec)



Environmental Pond



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This section includes information relating to federal and state financial assistance, in conformity with the provisions of Government Auditing Standards, published by the General Accounting Office. Included are a schedule of federal and state financial assistance, and the auditor's report on compliance with requirements applicable to each major Federal program and on the internal control structure and compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

COMPLIANCE SECTION

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and On Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Board of Commissioners Town of Knightdale, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Knightdale, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statement, which collectively comprises the Town of Knightdale's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 9, 2017.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town of Knightdale's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Knightdale's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Knightdale's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Joyce and Company, CPA

November 9, 2017



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TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the year ended June 30, 2017

Section I. Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

None.

Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified					
 Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? Noncompliance material to financial statement noted 	Yes Yes Yes	X NoX None reportedX No				
Federal Awards						
The Town of Knightdale has no major federal programs.						
State Awards						
The Town of Knightdale has no major state programs.						
Section II. Financial Statement Findings None.						
Section III. Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs None.						
Section IV. State Award Findings and Questioned Costs						



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TOWN OF KNIGHTDALE SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS For the year ended June 30, 2017

Finding 2015-1

Grant reimbursements requests, recording of grant activity and grant accounts receivable

Status: Corrected

Town of Knightdale, North Carolina Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA <u>Number</u>	State/ Pass-Through Grantor's <u>Number</u>	Federal Direct and Pass-Through Expenditures	State Expenditures	Local Expenditures	Total Expenditures
Federal Grants: Cash Programs:						
United States Department of Homeland Security						
Direct Program						
Federal Emergency Management Agency	07.044	N1/A	10.000		055	17.004
Assistance to Firefighters Operations and Safety Program Assistance to Firefighters Operations and Safety Program	97.044 97.044	N/A N/A	16,239 59,583	-	855	17,094 59,583
Total Assistance to Firefighters Operations and Safety Program	07.011	147.	75,822	-	855	76,677
Passed Through North Carolina Department of Public Safety Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)	97.036	FEMA-4285-DR-NC	51,249	24,767	-	76,016
United States Department of Justice						
Direct Program Bulletproof Vest Partnership	16.607	N/A	1,013	-	1,183	2,196
Passed Through North Carolina Department of Public Safety Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant (JAG)	16.738	2016-DJ-BX-1052	16,933	-	-	16,933
Total assistance-federal programs			145,017	24,767	2,038	171,822
State Grants: Cash Programs:						
North Carolina Department of Transportation						
Non-State System Street-Aid Allocation	N1/A	DOT 4		10.100		40.400
Powell Bill	N/A	DOT-4		42,100		42,100
North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources North Carolina Parks and Receation Trust Fund	N/A	N/A		40,000	40,000	80,000
Total state assistance				82,100	40,000	122,100
Total federal and state assistance			\$ 145,017	\$ 106,867	\$ 42,038	\$ 293,922

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Financial Awards:

Basis of Presentation-The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards (SEFSA) includes the federal and state grant activity of the Town of Knightdale under the programs of the

federal government and the State of North Carolina for the year ended June 30, 2017. The information in this SEFSA is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 US Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Because the SEFSA presents only a select portion of the operations of the Town of Knightdale, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the Town of Knightdale.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies Expenditures reported in the SEFSA are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.