RAMEY KEMP ASSOCIATES

TOGETHER WE ARE LIMITLESS







Poole Road Assemblage **Traffic Impact Analysis Knightdale, North Carolina**



TRAFFIC IMPACT ANALYSIS

FOR

POOLE ROAD ASSEMBLAGE

LOCATED

IN

KNIGHTDALE, NC

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> > OCTOBER 2022

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TRAFFIC IMPACT ANALYSIS POOLE ROAD ASSEMBLAGE KNIGHTDALE, NORTH CAROLINA

1. INTRODUCTION

The contents of this report present the findings of the Traffic Impact Analysis (TIA) conducted for the proposed Poole Road Assemblage development to be located in the northeast quadrant of the intersection of Poole Road at Smithfield Road in Knightdale, North Carolina. The purpose of this study is to determine the potential impacts to the surrounding transportation system created by traffic generated by the proposed development, as well as recommend improvements to mitigate the impacts.

The proposed development, anticipated to be completed by 2026, is assumed to consist of a maximum of 246 single-family homes. It should be noted that the site plan includes a mixture of single-family homes and townhomes; however, all units were studied as single-family homes for a conservative analysis.

Per the Town of Knightdale (Town) guidelines, a future analysis year of one year beyond build-out (2027) and ten years beyond build-out (2036) was considered. Additionally, this study analyzes two (2) build scenarios: Scenario 1 analyzes both Site Drive 1 and Site Drive 2 as full movement intersections and Scenario 2 analyzes Site Drive 1 as a full movement intersection and Site Drive 2 as a right-in/right-out intersection. The study analyzes traffic conditions during the weekday AM and PM peak hours for the following scenarios:

- 2022 Existing Traffic Conditions
- 2027 No-Build Traffic Conditions
- 2027 Build Traffic Conditions Scenario 1
- 2027 Build Traffic Conditions Scenario 2
- 2036 Future Traffic Conditions Scenario 1 Per Town UDO (with STIP I-6007 Improvements)
- 2036 Future Traffic Conditions Scenario 2 Per Town UDO (with STIP I-6007 Improvements)



1.1. Site Location and Study Area

The development is proposed to be located to be located in the northeast quadrant of the intersection of Poole Road at Smithfield Road in Knightdale, North Carolina. Refer to Figure 1 for the site location map.

The study area for the TIA was determined through coordination with the North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) and the Town of Knightdale (Town) and consists of the following existing intersections:

- Poole Road and Smithfield Road
- Smithfield Road and Sandy Run
- Smithfield Road and I-87 (US 64 / US 264) Eastbound Ramps
- Smithfield Road and I-87 (US 64 / US 264) Westbound Ramps
- Smithfield Road and Major Slade Road
- Poole Road and Major Slade Road

Refer to Appendix A for the approved scoping documentation.

Proposed Land Use and Site Access

The site is expected to be located in the northeast quadrant of the intersection of Poole Road at Smithfield Road. The proposed development, anticipated to be completed by 2026, is assumed to consist of a maximum of 246 single-family homes.

This study analyzes two (2) build scenarios: Scenario 1 analyzes both Site Drive 1 and Site Drive 2 as full movement intersections along Poole Road and Scenario 2 analyzes Site Drive 1 as a full movement intersection and Site Drive 2 as a right-in/right-out intersection, both along Poole Road. Refer to Figure 2 for a copy of the preliminary site plan.

1.3. **Adjacent Land Uses**

The proposed development is located in an area consisting primarily of undeveloped land and residential development.



1.4. Existing Roadways

Existing lane configurations (number of traffic lanes on each intersection approach), lane widths, storage capacities, and other intersection and roadway information within the study area are shown in Figure 3. Table 1 provides a summary of this information, as well.

Table 1: Existing Roadway Inventory

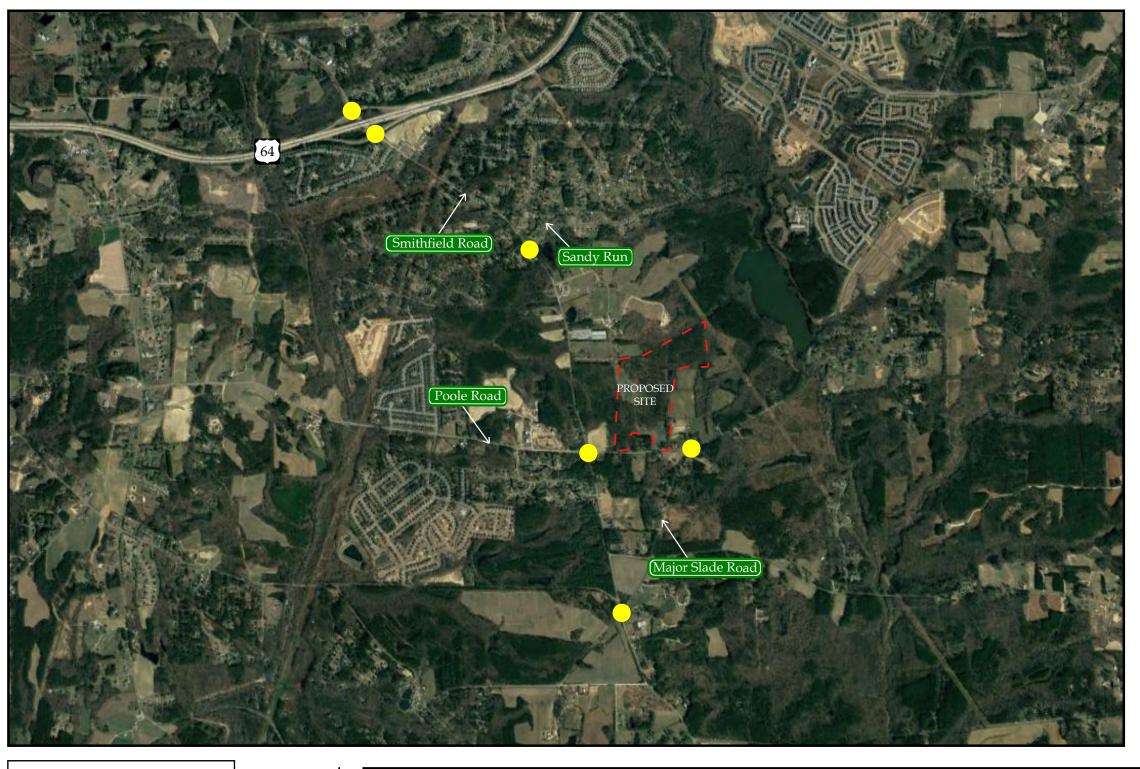
Road Name	Route Number	Typical Cross Section	Speed Limit	2019 AADT (vpd)	
Poole Road	SR 1007	2-lane undivided 55 mph		3,000	
Smithfield Road	SR 2233 2-lane undivided 45 mph		45 mph	14,000*	
Sandy Run	SR 2685	2-lane undivided	25 mph	2,800**	
I-87 (US 64 / US 264)		6-lane divided	70 mph	71,000	
Major Slade Road	SR 2506	2-lane undivided	55 mph (assumed)	4,620**	

^{*}ADT from 2017

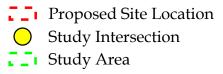


^{**}ADT based on the traffic counts from 2022 and assuming the weekday PM peak hour volume is 10% of the average daily traffic.





LEGEND

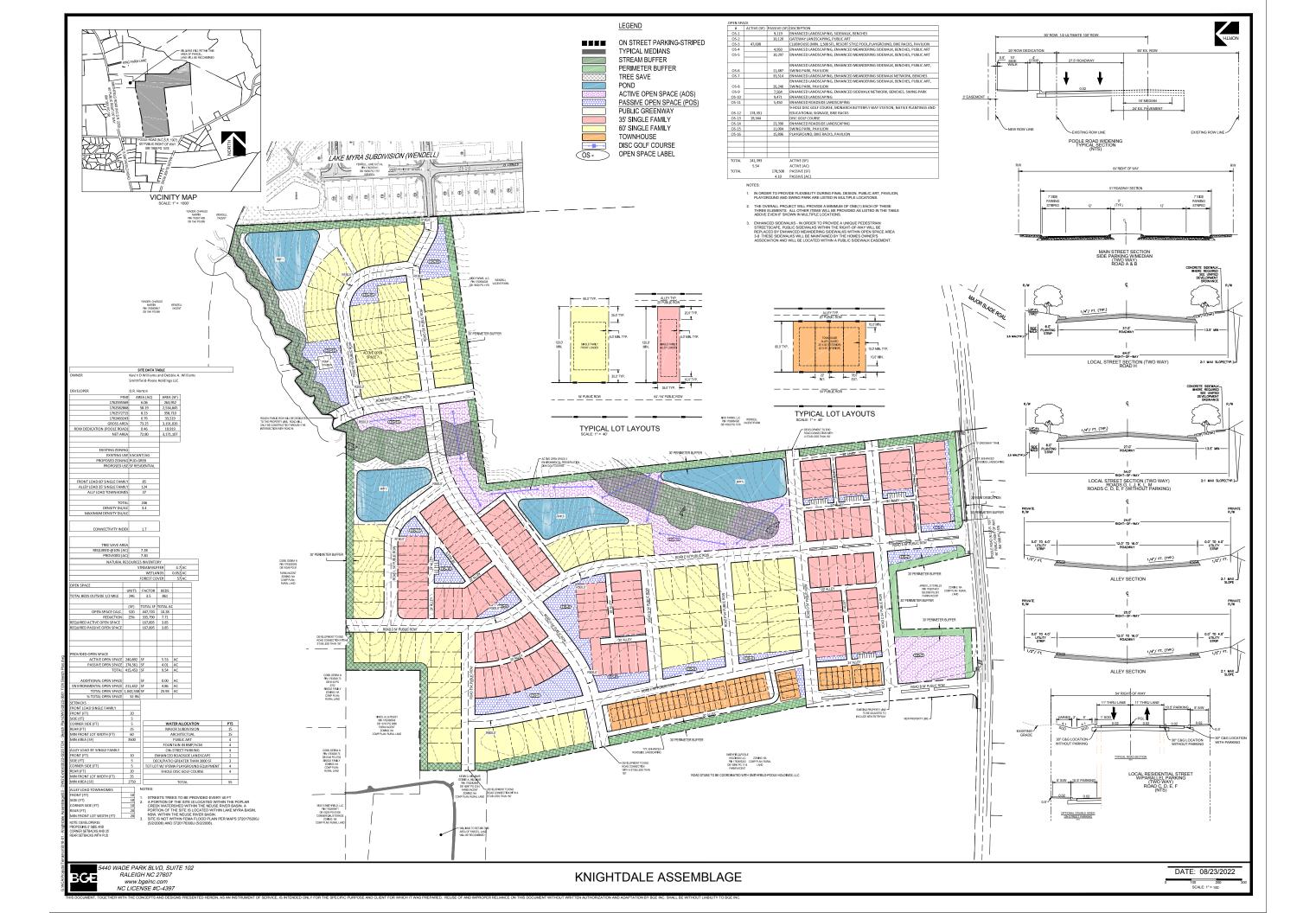


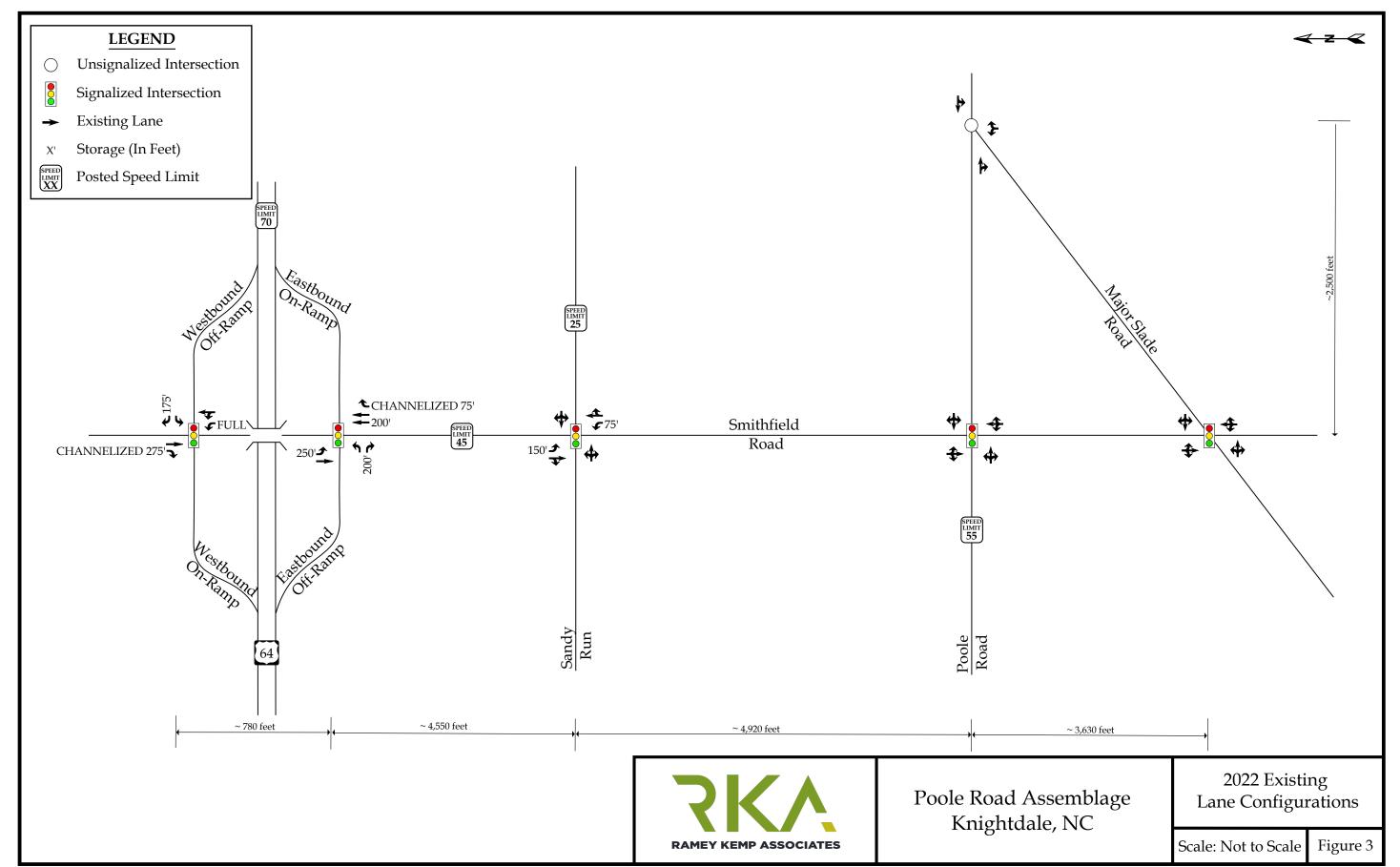


Poole Road Assemblage Knightdale, NC

Site Location Map

Scale: Not to Scale | Figure 1





2. 2022 EXISTING PEAK HOUR CONDITIONS

2.1. 2022 Existing Peak Hour Traffic Volumes

Existing peak hour traffic volumes were determined based on traffic counts conducted at the study intersections listed below, in January and March of 2022 during a typical weekday AM (7:00 AM - 9:00 AM) and PM (4:00 PM - 6:00 PM) peak periods while schools were in session for in-person learning:

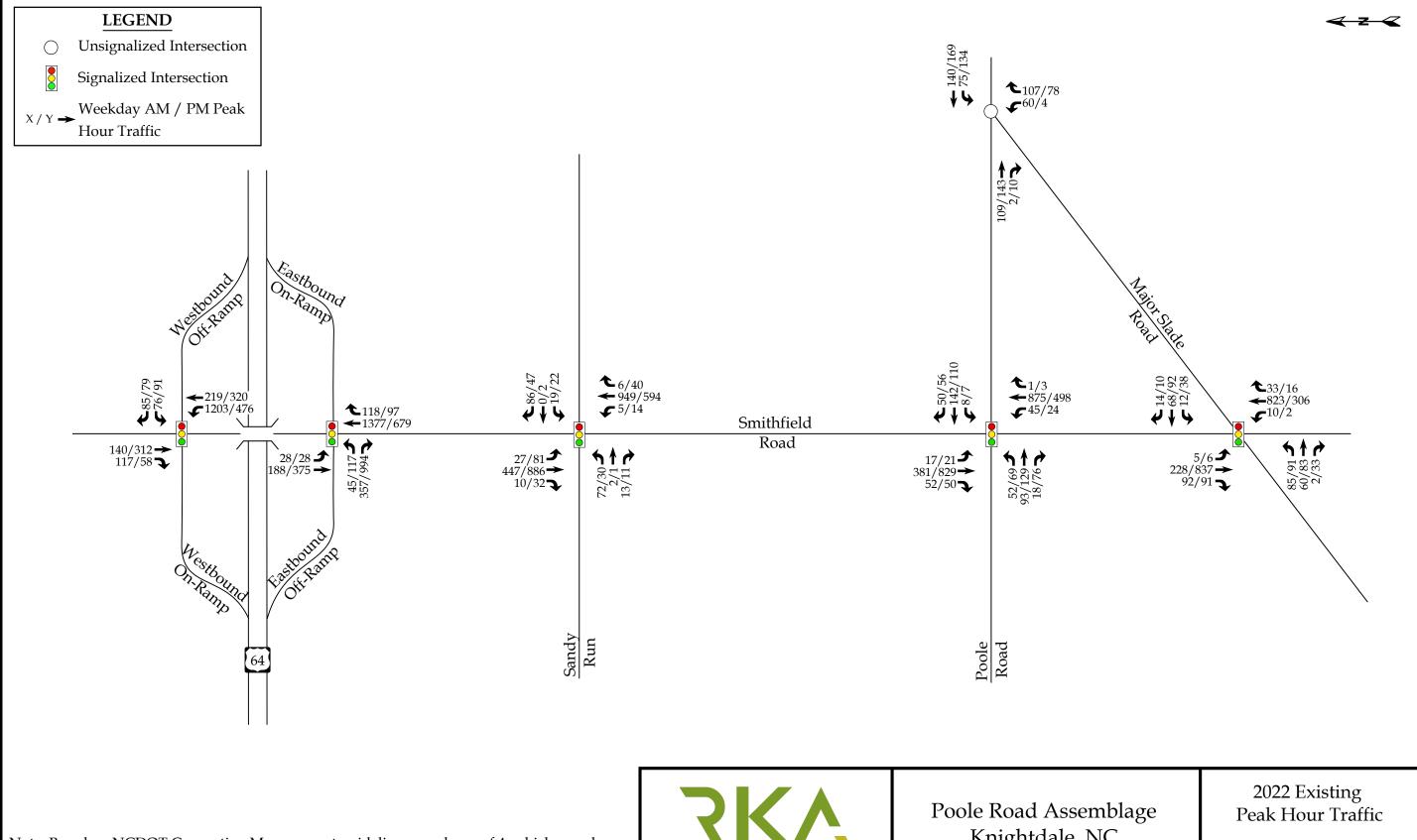
- Poole Road and Smithfield Road
- Smithfield Road and Sandy Run
- Smithfield Road and I-87 (US 64 / US 264) Eastbound Ramps
- Smithfield Road and I-87 (US 64 / US 264) Westbound Ramps
- Smithfield Road and Major Slade Road
- Poole Road and Major Slade Road

Weekday AM and PM traffic volumes were balanced between study intersections, where appropriate. Refer to Figure 4 for 2022 existing weekday AM and PM peak hour traffic volumes. A copy of the count data is located in Appendix B of this report.

2.2. Analysis of 2022 Existing Peak Hour Traffic Conditions

The 2022 existing weekday AM and PM peak hour traffic volumes were analyzed to determine the current levels of service at the study intersections under existing roadway conditions. Signal information was obtained from NCDOT and is included in Appendix C. The results of the analysis are presented in Section 8 of this report.





Note: Based on NCDOT Congestion Management guidelines, a volume of 4 vehicles per hour (vph) was analyzed for any movement with less than 4 vph.

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Knightdale, NC

Scale: Not to Scale

Figure 4

3. 2027 NO-BUILD PEAK HOUR CONDITIONS

In order to account for growth of traffic and subsequent traffic conditions at a future year, nobuild traffic projections are needed. No-build traffic is the component of traffic due to the growth of the community and surrounding area that is anticipated to occur regardless of whether or not the proposed development is constructed. No-build traffic is comprised of existing traffic growth within the study area and additional traffic created as a result of adjacent approved developments.

3.1. Ambient Traffic Growth

Through coordination with the Town and NCDOT, it was determined that an annual growth rate of 3% would be used to generate 2027 projected weekday AM and PM peak hour traffic volumes. Refer to Figure 5 for 2027 projected peak hour traffic.

3.2. Adjacent Development Traffic

Through coordination with the Town and NCDOT, the following adjacent developments were identified to be included as an approved adjacent development in this study:

- Lake Myra
- Baker Roofing
- Poole Road Marin
- Poole at Smithfield

Table 2, on the following page, provides a summary of the adjacent developments.



Table 2: Adjacent Development Information

Development Name	Location	Build- Out Year	Land Use / Intensity	TIA Performed
Lake Myra	North of Poole Road, west of Lake Myra Road	2025	177 townhomes 225 single-family homes	May 2021 by RKA
Baker Roofing	Northwest quadrant of the US 64-264 at Smithfield Road interchange	2026	220,000 Warehouse 145,000 Specialty Trade 16 f.p. gas station 22,000 general retail 20,000 general office 4,000 s.f. FF w/ DT 200-rrom hotel	March 2022 by KHA
Poole Road Martin	Along Poole Road	2025	185 single-family homes	N/A Trips generated and applied to roadway network
Poole at Smithfield – Phase 1	nfield – along both sides of 2025 187 townhomes		N/A Trips generated and applied to roadway network	

It should be noted that the adjacent developments were approved, during scoping, by the Town and NCDOT. Adjacent development trips are shown in Figure 6. Adjacent development information can be found in Appendix D.

3.3. Future Roadway Improvements

Based on coordination with the NCDOT and the Town, it was determined that the roadway improvements associated with the State Transportation Improvement Program (STIP) projects I-6007 and HL-0031 are to be considered in this study. STIP I-6007 is expected to convert the US 264 interchange at Smithfield Road to a diverging diamond interchange, while STIP HL-0031 is expected to improve the intersection of Poole Road and Smithfield Road by adding exclusive left-turn lanes at the intersection. Future roadway improvements associated



with this STIP project will be analyzed under 2036 future traffic conditions, as the project is not currently funded for construction. Additionally, future roadway improvements associated with the adjacent developments will be analyzed under future conditions.

The STIP I-6007 plans can be found in Appendix E.

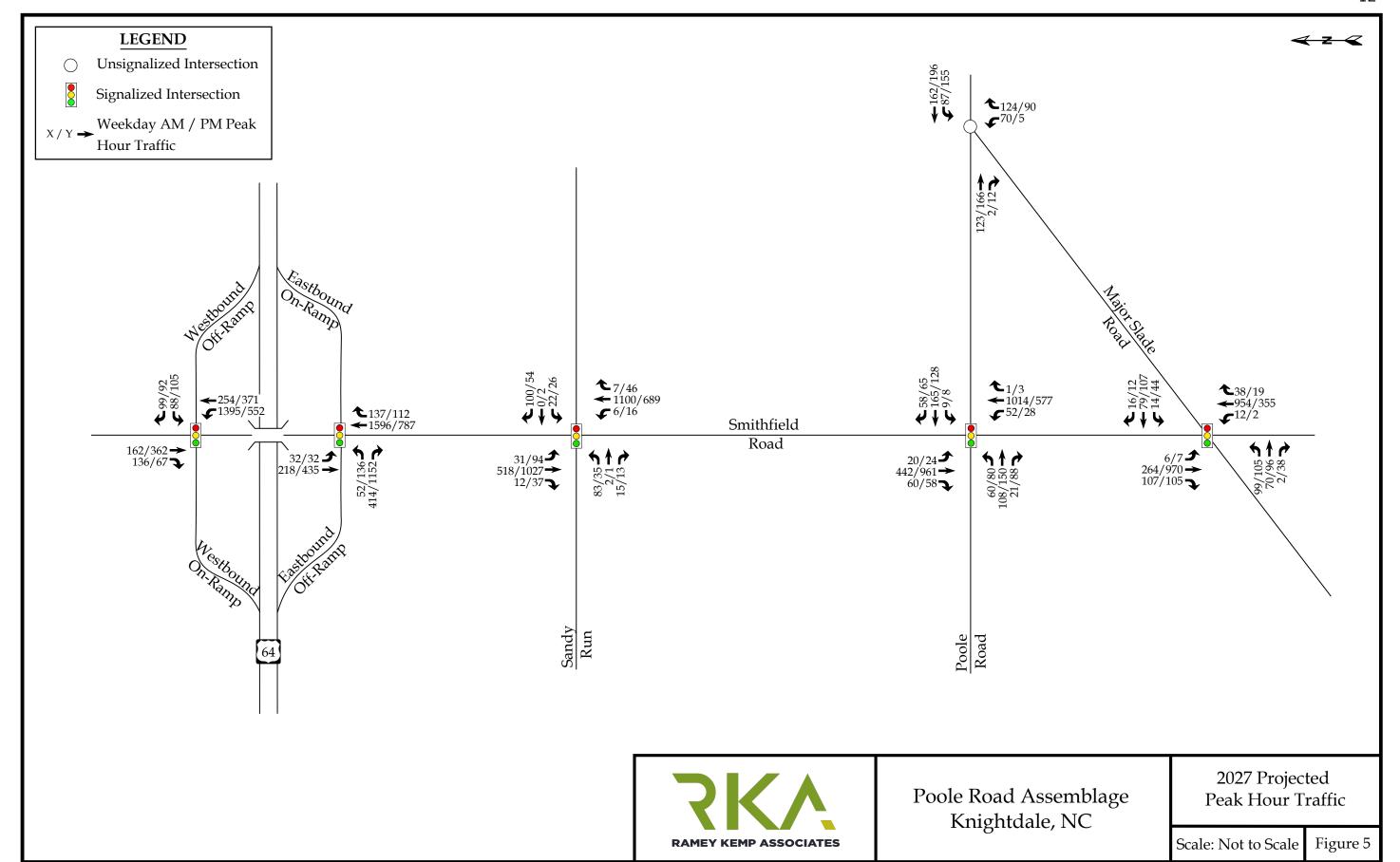
3.4. 2027 No-Build Peak Hour Traffic Volumes

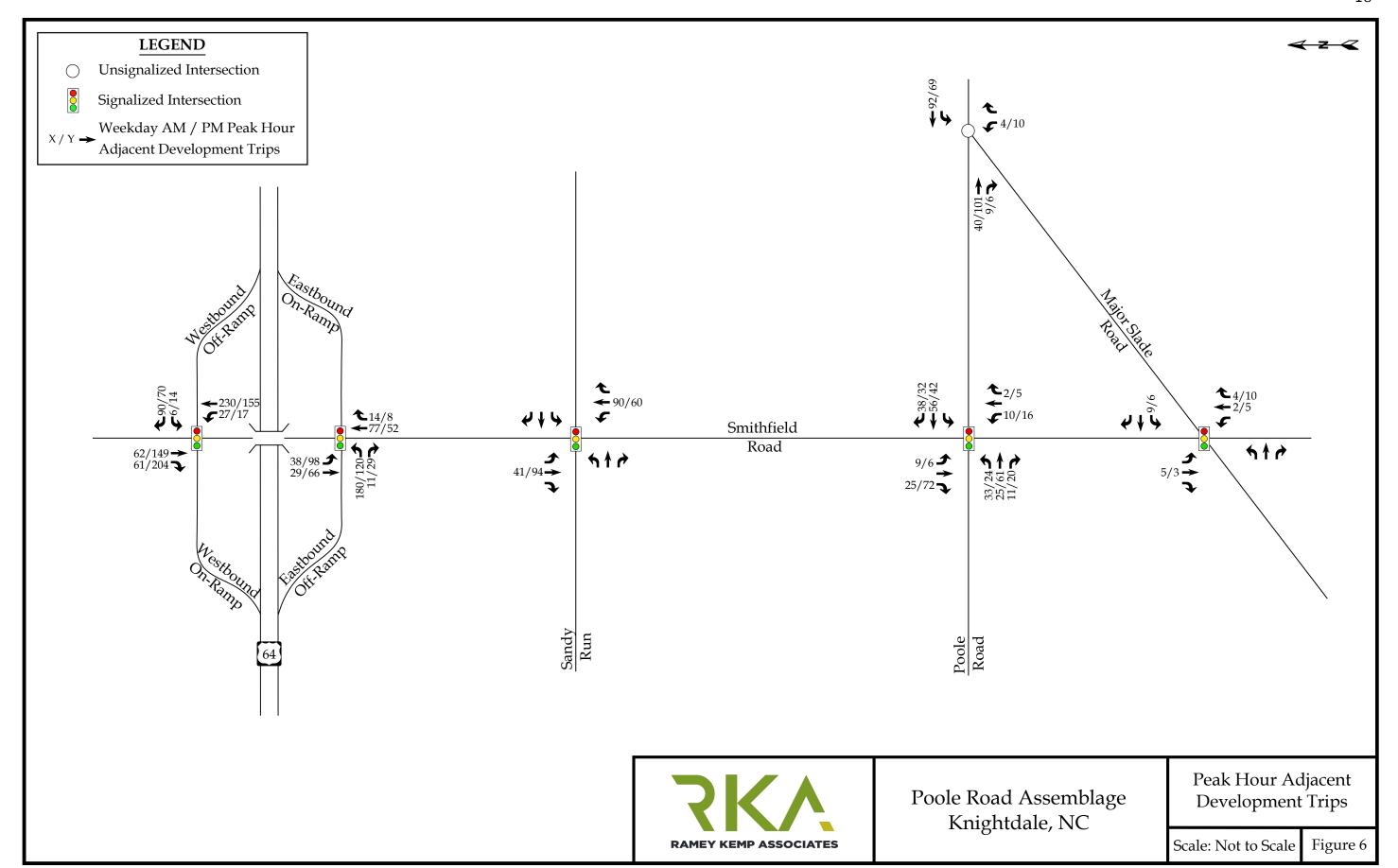
The 2027 no-build traffic volumes were determined by projecting the 2022 existing peak hour traffic to the year 2027, and adding the adjacent development trips. Refer to Figure 7 for an illustration of the 2027 no-build peak hour traffic volumes at the study intersections.

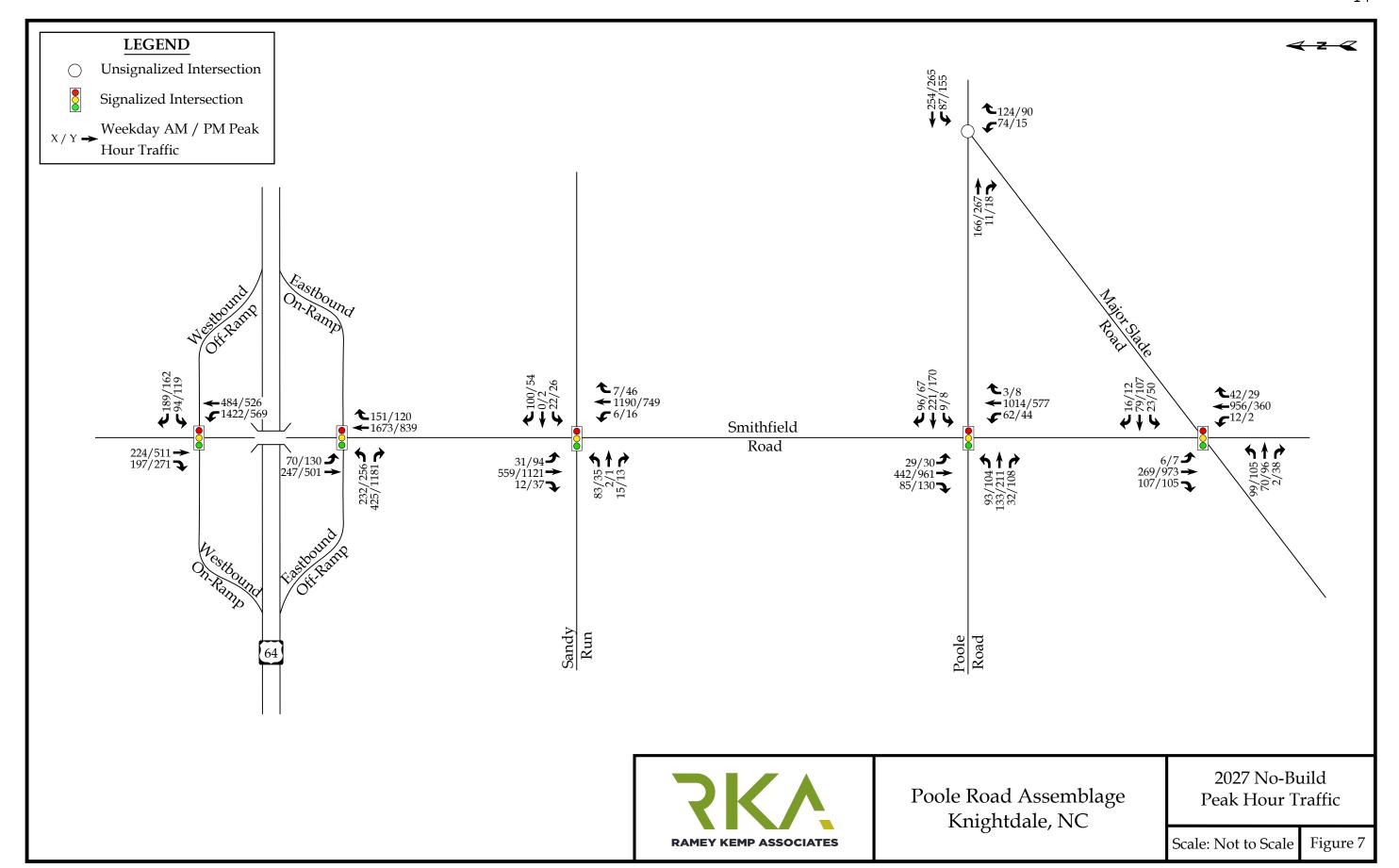
3.5. Analysis of 2027 No-Build Peak Hour Traffic Conditions

The 2027 no-build AM and PM peak hour traffic volumes at the study intersections were analyzed with future geometric roadway conditions and traffic control. The analysis results are presented in Section 8 of this report.









4. SITE TRIP GENERATION AND DISTRIBUTION

4.1. Trip Generation

The proposed development is assumed to consist of a maximum of 246 single family homes. It should be noted that the site plan includes a mixture of single family homes and townhomes; however, all units were studied as single family homes for a conservative analysis. Average weekday daily, AM peak hour, and PM peak hour trips for the proposed development were estimated using methodology contained within the ITE *Trip Generation Manual*, 11th Edition. Table 3 provides a summary of the trip generation potential for the site.

Weekday Weekday Daily AM Peak Hour PM Peak Hour **Land Use Intensity** Traffic (ITE Code) Trips (vph) Trips (vph) (vpd) **Enter** Exit Enter Exit Single-Family Homes 246 Units 2,310 44 125 146 86 (210)

Table 3: Trip Generation Summary

It is estimated that the proposed development will generate approximately 2,310 total site trips on the roadway network during a typical 24-hour weekday period. Of the daily traffic volume, it is anticipated that 169 trips (44 entering and 125 exiting) will occur during the weekday AM peak hour and 232 (146 entering and 86 exiting) will occur during the weekday PM peak hour.

4.2. Site Trip Distribution and Assignment

Trip distribution percentages used in assigning site traffic for this development were estimated based on a combination of existing traffic patterns, population centers adjacent to the study area, and engineering judgment.

It is estimated that the site trips will be regionally distributed as follows:

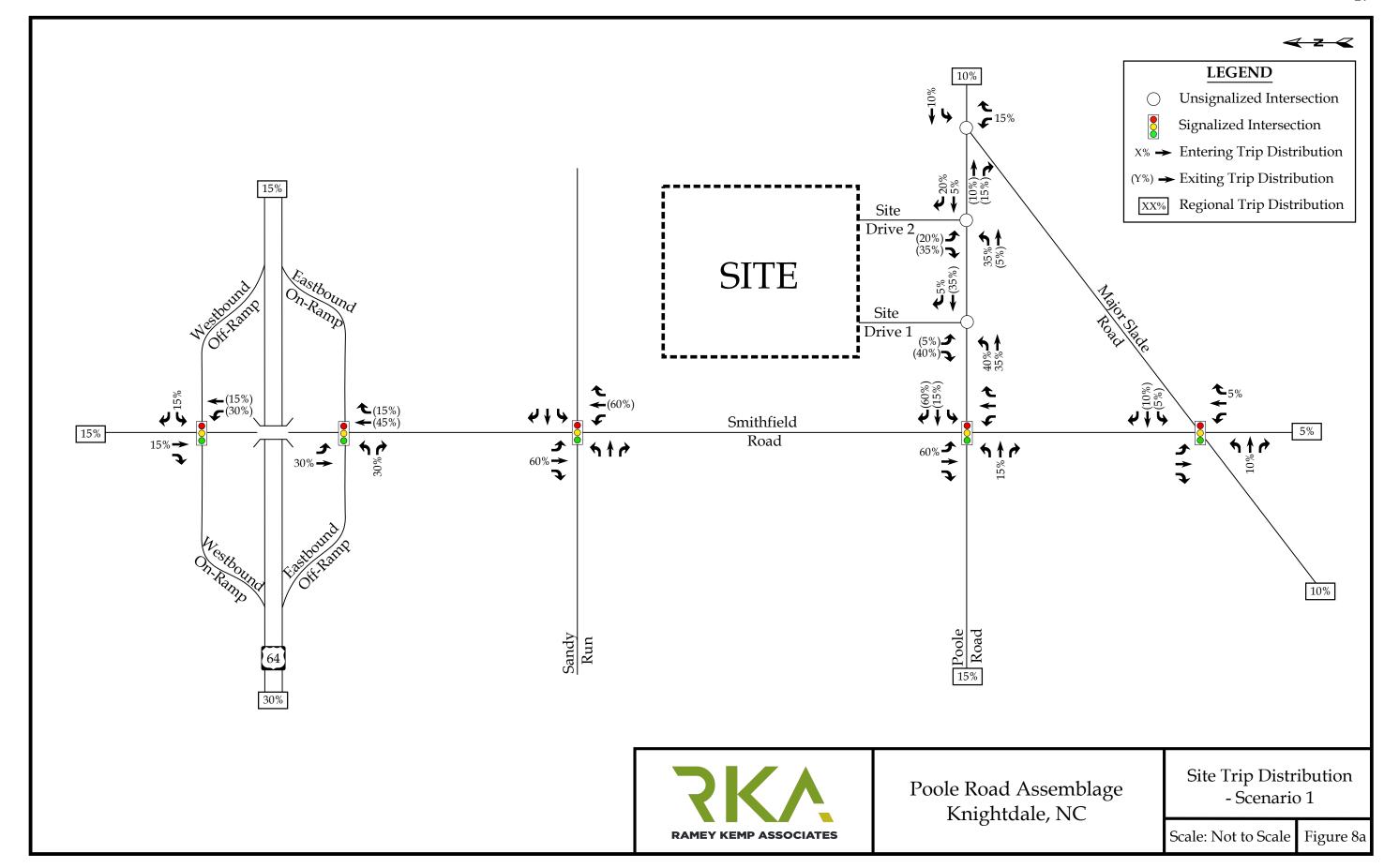
- 15% to/from the east via I-87 (US 64 / US 264)
- 30% to/from the west via I-87 (US 64 / US 264)
- 15% to/from the north via Smithfield Road
- 5% to/from the south via Smithfield Road
- 15% to/from the west via Poole Road

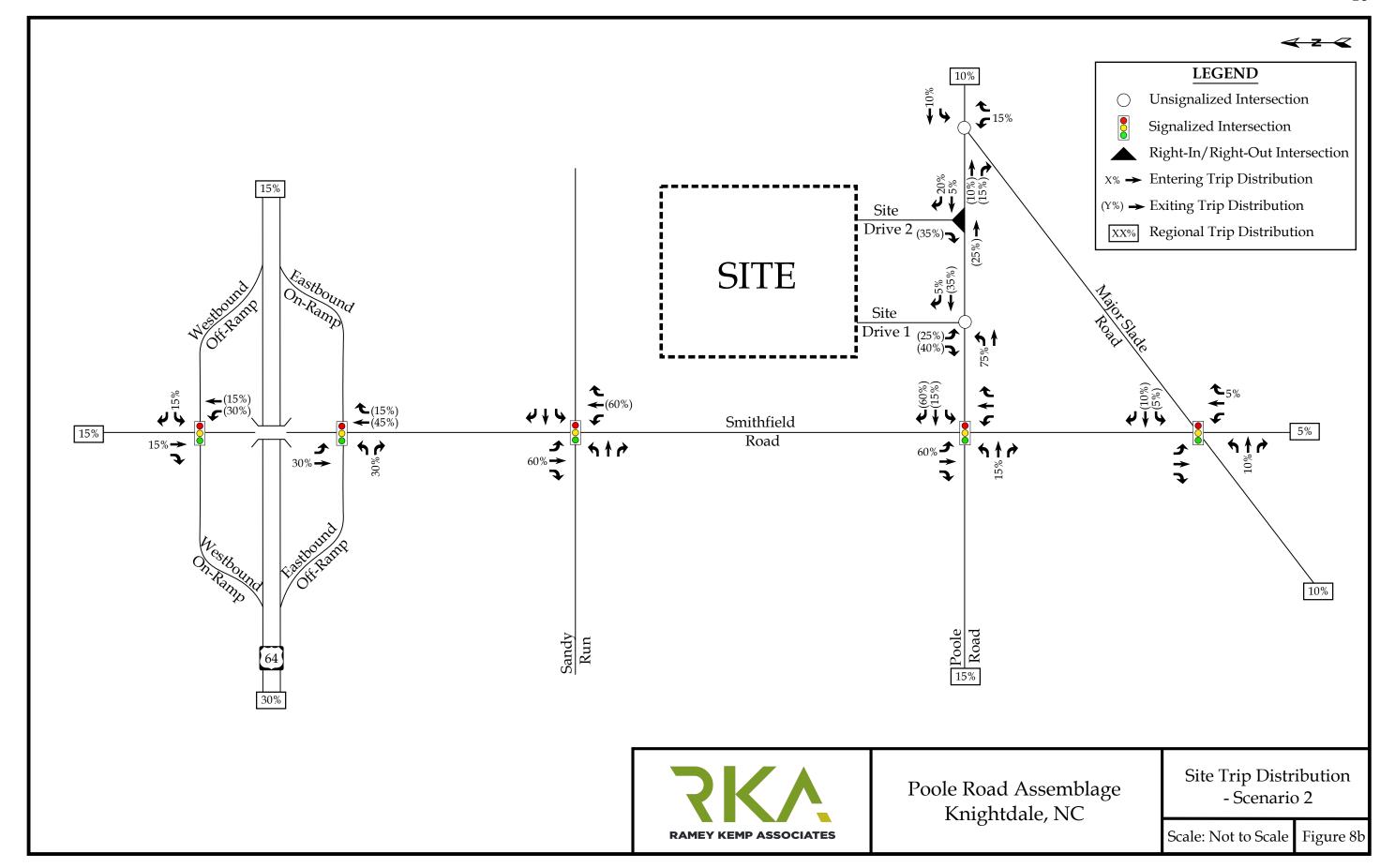


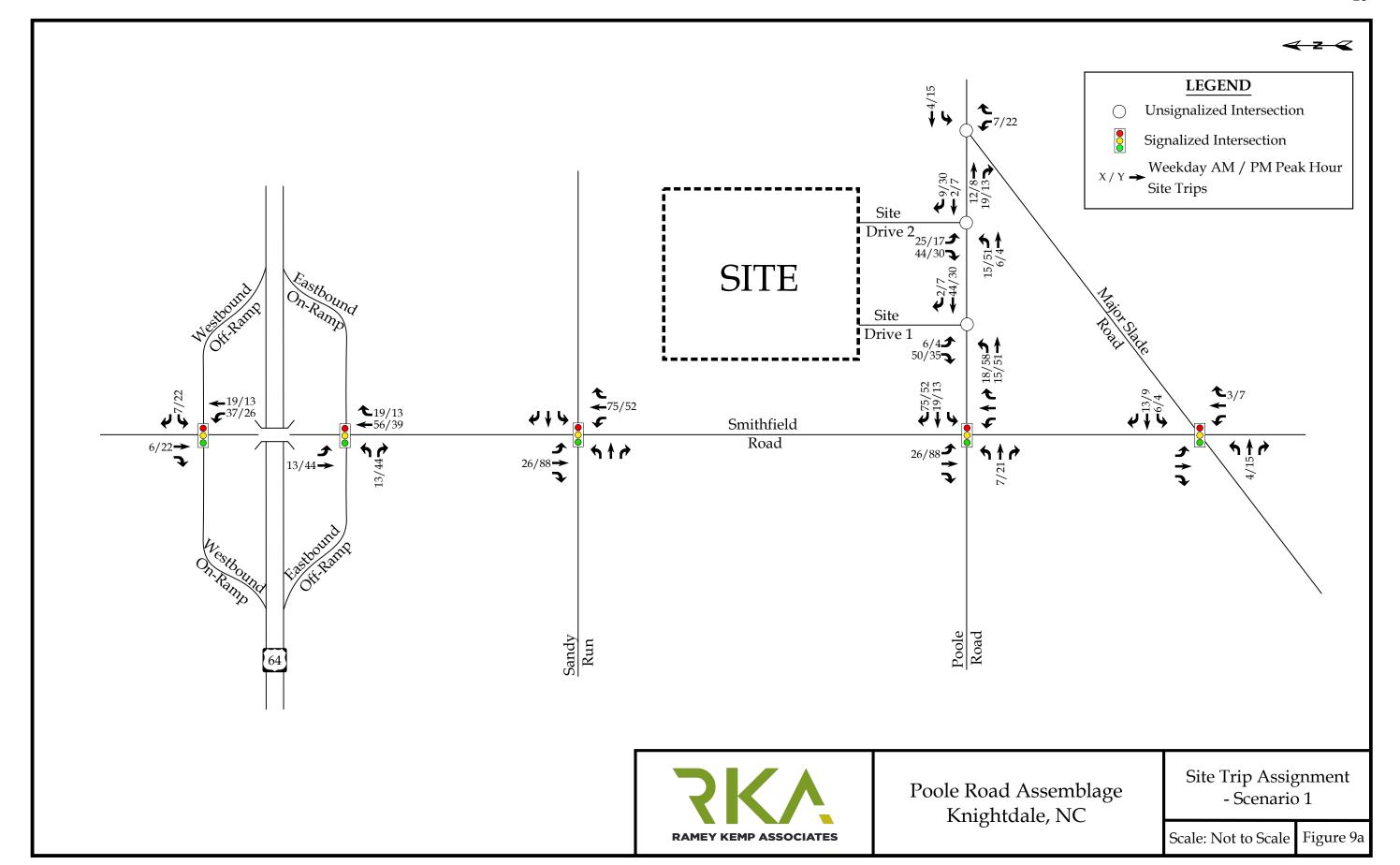
• 10% to/from the east via Poole Road

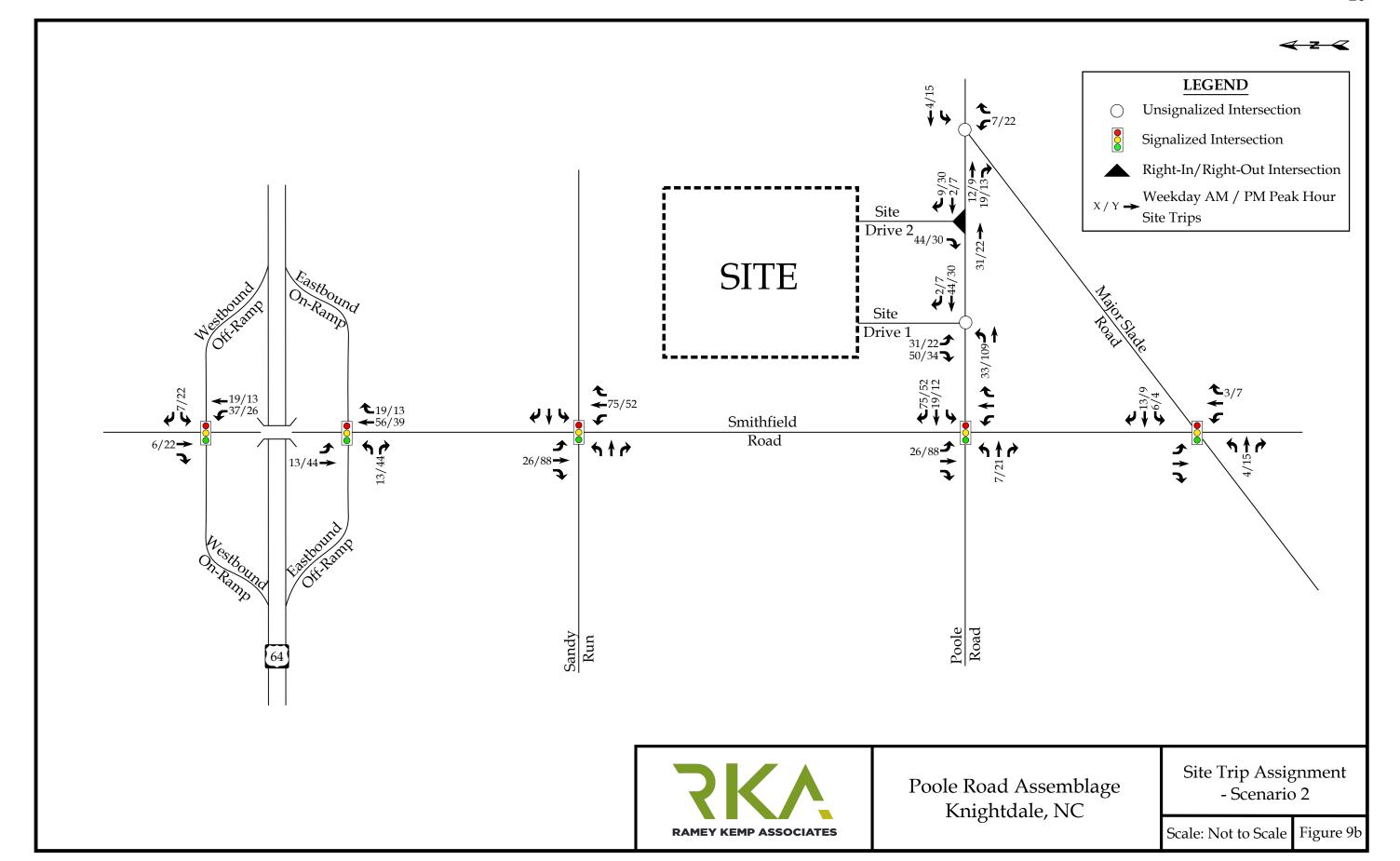
The site trip distribution for Scenarios 1 and 2 are shown in Figures 8a and 8b, respectively. Refer to Figure 9a and 9b for the site trip assignment for Scenarios 1 and 2.











5. 2027 BUILD TRAFFIC CONDITIONS

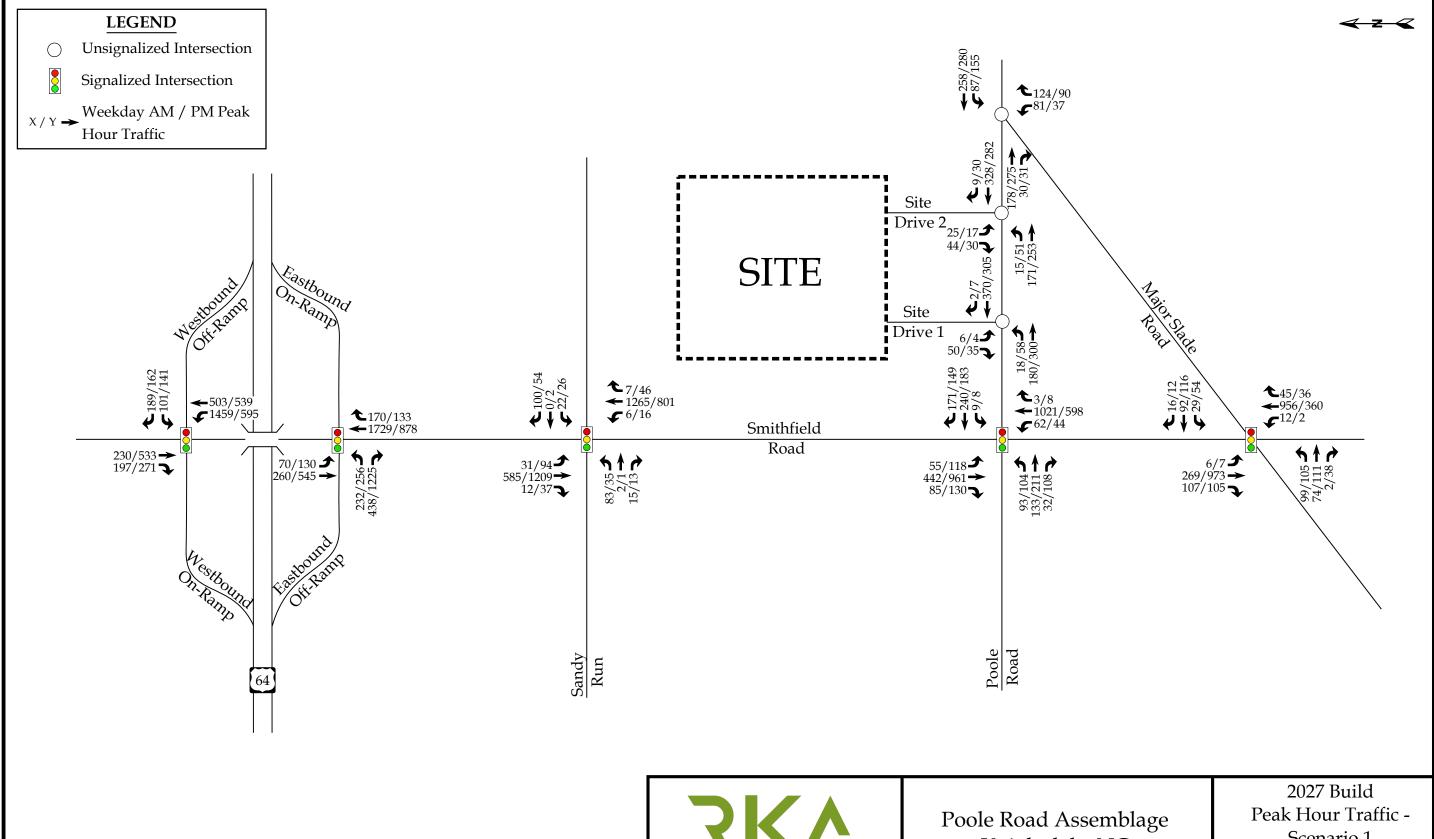
5.1. 2027 Build Peak Hour Traffic Volumes

To estimate traffic conditions with the site fully built-out, the total site trips were added to the 2027 no-build traffic volumes to determine the 2027 build traffic volumes. Refer to Figures 10a and 10b for an illustration of the 2027 build peak hour traffic volumes with the proposed site fully developed for the respective scenarios.

5.2. Analysis of 2027 Build Peak Hour Traffic Conditions

Study intersections were analyzed with the 2027 build traffic volumes using the same methodology previously discussed for existing and no-build traffic conditions. Intersections were analyzed with improvements necessary to accommodate future traffic volumes. The results of the capacity analysis for each intersection are presented in Section 8 of this report.





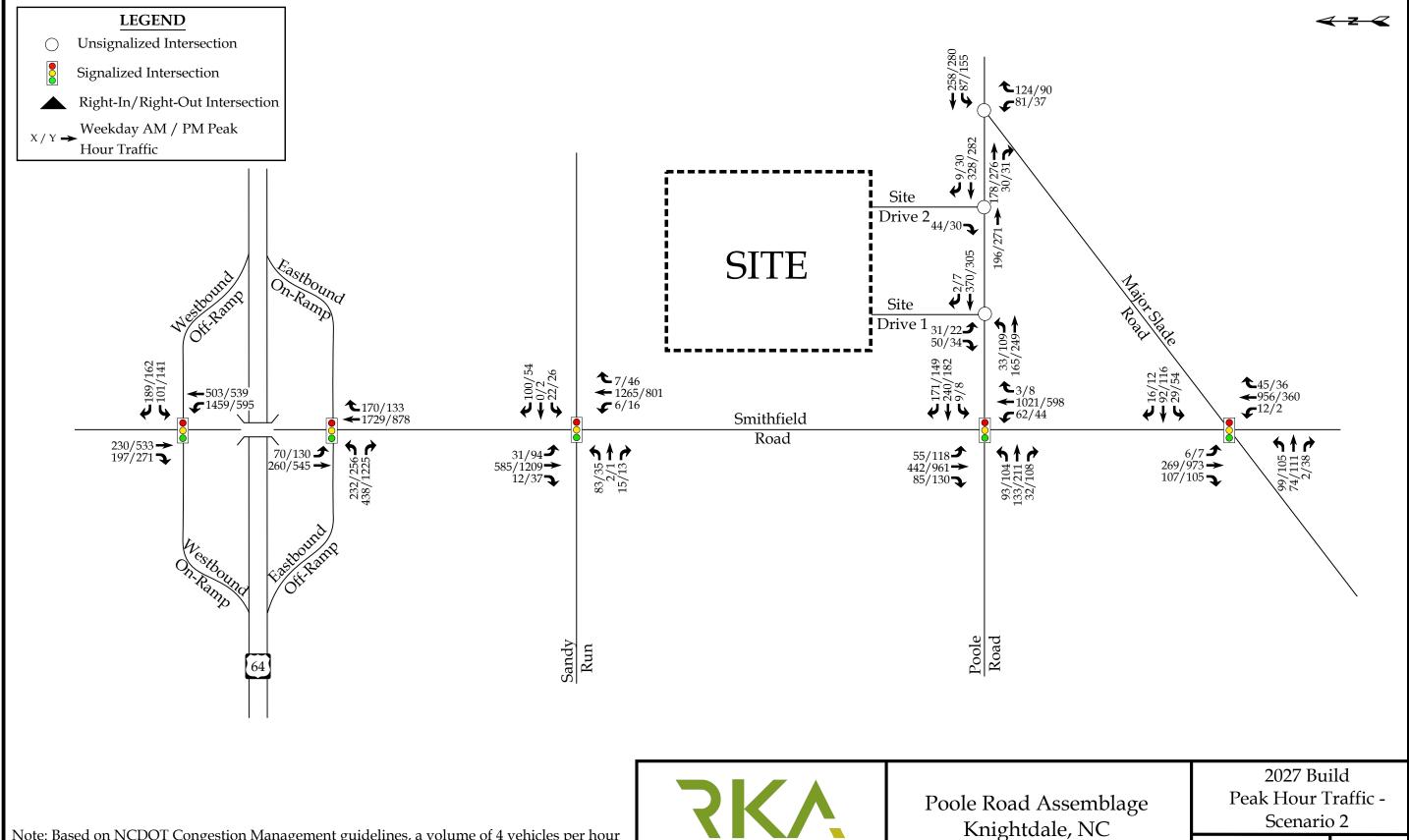
Note: Based on NCDOT Congestion Management guidelines, a volume of 4 vehicles per hour (vph) was analyzed for any movement with less than 4 vph.



Knightdale, NC

Scenario 1

Scale: Not to Scale Figure 10a



Note: Based on NCDOT Congestion Management guidelines, a volume of 4 vehicles per hour (vph) was analyzed for any movement with less than 4 vph.

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Knightdale, NC

Scale: Not to Scale | Figure 10b

6. 2036 FUTURE TRAFFIC CONDITIONS

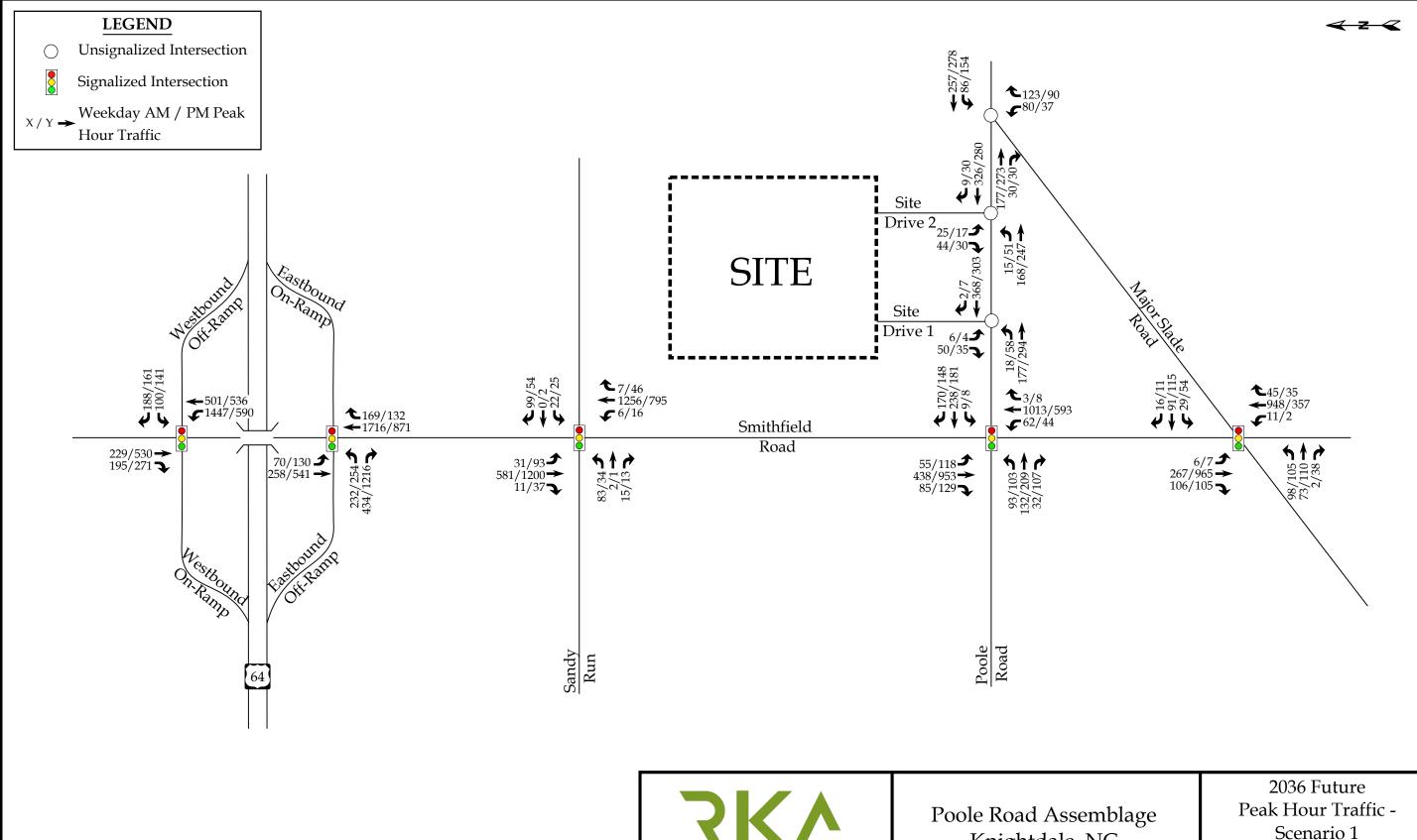
6.1. 2036 Future Peak Hour Traffic Volumes

Per the Town of Knightdale TIA guidelines, an analysis of the proposed development ten (10) years after build-out is required. In order to estimate traffic conditions ten years beyond build-out of the proposed development, 2022 existing volumes were grown to the future year 2036 using the NCDOT and Town approved 1% annual growth rate. Proposed development site trips [Figure 9a & Figure 9b] and adjacent development trips [Figure 6] were added to the projected traffic volumes to determine 2036 future traffic volumes. Refer to Figure 11a and Figure 11b for an illustration of the 2036 future traffic volumes under scenario 1 and scenario 2, respectively.

6.2. Analysis of 2036 Future Peak Hour Traffic

Study intersections were analyzed with the 2036 future traffic volumes using the same methodology previously discussed for existing, no-build, and build traffic conditions. The results of the capacity analysis for each intersection are presented in Section 8 of this report.





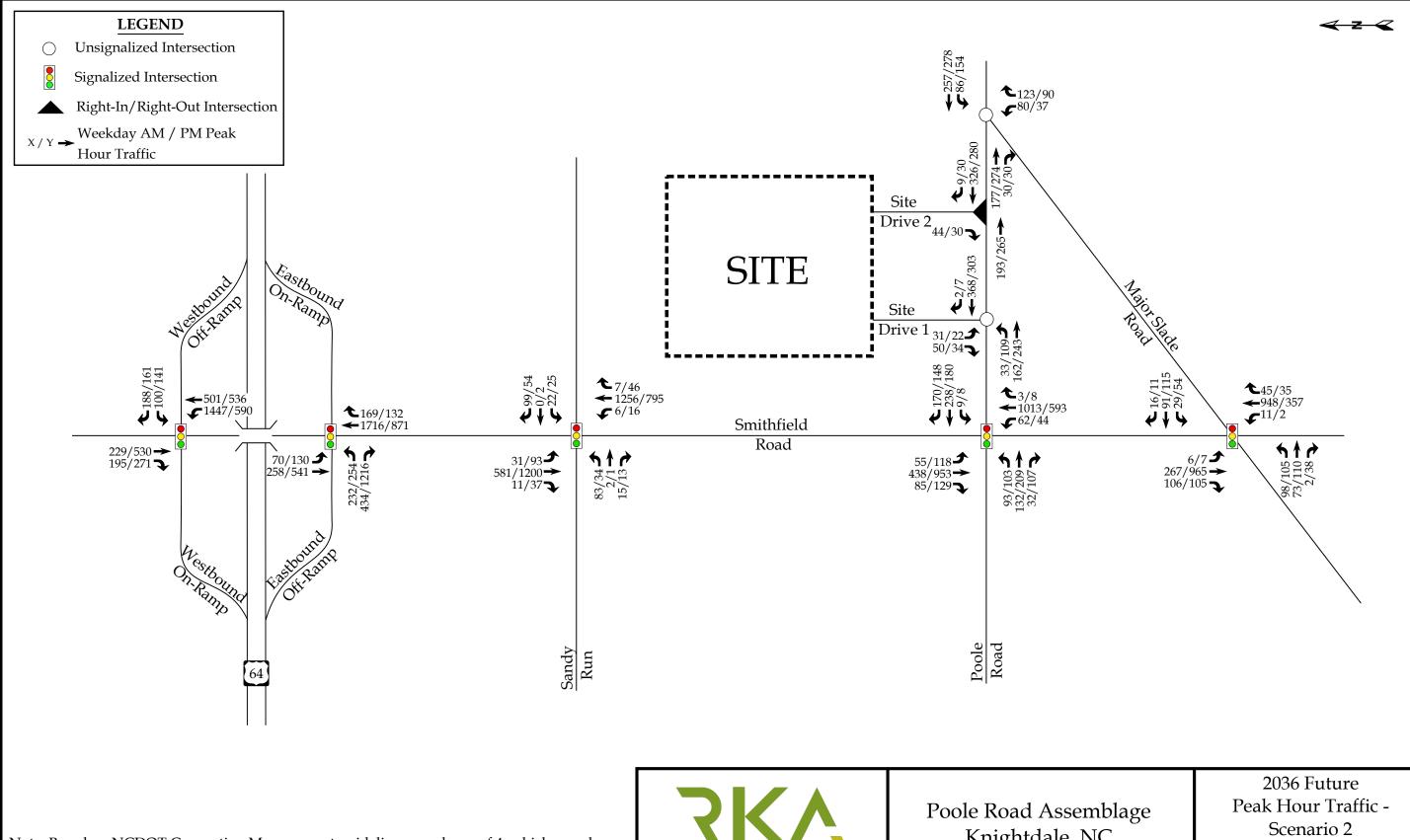
Note: Based on NCDOT Congestion Management guidelines, a volume of 4 vehicles per hour (vph) was analyzed for any movement with less than 4 vph.

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Scenario 1

Scale: Not to Scale Figure 11a



Note: Based on NCDOT Congestion Management guidelines, a volume of 4 vehicles per hour (vph) was analyzed for any movement with less than 4 vph.

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Scale: Not to Scale | Figure 11b

7. TRAFFIC ANALYSIS PROCEDURE

Study intersections were analyzed using the methodology outlined in the *Highway Capacity Manual* (HCM), 6th Edition published by the Transportation Research Board. Capacity and level of service are the design criteria for this traffic study. A computer software package, Synchro (Version 10.3), was used to complete the analyses for the study area intersections. Please note that the unsignalized capacity analysis does not provide an overall level of service for an intersection; only delay for an approach with a conflicting movement.

The HCM defines capacity as "the maximum hourly rate at which persons or vehicles can reasonably be expected to traverse a point or uniform section of a lane or roadway during a given time period under prevailing roadway, traffic, and control conditions." Level of service (LOS) is a term used to represent different driving conditions, and is defined as a "qualitative measure describing operational conditions within a traffic stream, and their perception by motorists and/or passengers." Level of service varies from Level "A" representing free flow, to Level "F" where breakdown conditions are evident. Refer to Table 4 for HCM levels of service and related average control delay per vehicle for both signalized and unsignalized intersections. Control delay as defined by the HCM includes "initial deceleration delay, queue move-up time, stopped delay, and final acceleration delay". An average control delay of 50 seconds at a signalized intersection results in LOS "D" operation at the intersection.

Table 4: Highway Capacity Manual – Levels-of-Service and Delay

UNSIGNA	ALIZED INTERSECTION	SIGNALIZED INTERSECTION		
LEVEL OF SERVICE	AVERAGE CONTROL DELAY PER VEHICLE (SECONDS)	LEVEL OF SERVICE	AVERAGE CONTROL DELAY PER VEHICLE (SECONDS)	
A	0-10	A	0-10	
В	10-15	В	10-20	
С	15-25	С	20-35	
D	25-35	D	35-55	
E	35-50	E	55-80	
F	>50	F	>80	

7.1. Adjustments to Analysis Guidelines

Capacity analysis at all study intersections was completed according to the NCDOT Congestion Management Guidelines.



8. CAPACITY ANALYSIS

8.1. Poole Road [EB-WB] and Smithfield Road [NB-SB]

The existing signalized intersection of Poole Road and Smithfield Road was analyzed under 2022 existing, 2027 no-build, 2027 build (scenarios 1 & 2), and 2036 future (scenarios 1 & 2) traffic conditions with lane configurations and traffic control shown in Table 5. It should be noted that under future conditions, STIP HL-0031 is expected to improve the intersection by addition exclusive left-turn lanes on all approaches. Refer to Table 5 for a summary of the analysis results. Refer to Appendix F for the Synchro capacity analysis reports. SimTraffic queuing reports can be found in Appendix N.

Table 5: Analysis Summary of Poole Road and Smithfield Road

ANALYSIS	A P P R	LANE	WEEKDAY AM PEAK HOUR LEVEL OF SERVICE		WEEKDAY PM PEAK HOUR LEVEL OF SERVICE	
SCENARIO	O A C H	CONFIGURATIONS	Approach	Overall (seconds)	Approach	Overall (seconds)
	EB	1 LT-TH-RT	D	_	Е	_
2022 Existing	WB	1 LT-TH-RT	D	С	D	С
2022 Laisting	NB	1 LT-TH-RT	С	(24)	В	(29)
	SB	1 LT-TH-RT	A	, ,	С	` /
	EB	<u>1 LT</u> , 1 TH-RT	D		Е	
2027 No-Build	WB	<u>1 LT</u> , 1 TH-RT	F	F	F	F
2027 NO-Dullu	NB	<u>1 LT</u> , 1 TH-RT	F	(82)	С	(100)
	SB	<u>1 LT</u> , 1 TH-RT	С	` /	F	, ,
	EB	<u>1 LT</u> , 1 TH-RT	D		E	
2027 Build	WB	<u>1 LT</u> , 1 TH-RT	F	F	F	F
Scenarios 1 & 2	NB	<u>1 LT</u> , 1 TH-RT	F	(122)	D	(112)
	SB	<u>1 LT</u> , 1 TH-RT	С	,	F	,
2027 Build	EB	<u>1 LT</u> , 1 TH-RT	Е		Е	
Scenarios 1 & 2 -	WB	<u>1 LT</u> , 1 TH , 1 RT	Е	D	D	D
with	NB	<u>1 LT</u> , 1 TH-RT	D	(48)	С	(45)
Improvements	SB	<u>1 LT</u> , 1 TH-RT	В	` ′	D	, ,
	EB	<u>1 LT</u> , 1 TH-RT	D	_	E	_
2036 Future	WB	<u>1 LT</u> , 1 TH, 1 RT	Е	D	D	D
Scenarios 1 & 2	NB	<u>1 LT</u> , 1 TH-RT	D	(47)	С	(45)
	SB	<u>1 LT</u> , 1 TH-RT	В	, ,	D	` ,

Improvements to lane configurations by STIP HL-0031 shown $\underline{\text{underlined}}.$

Improvements by Developer shown in bold.



Capacity analysis of 2022 existing traffic conditions indicates that the intersection of Poole Road and Smithfield Road is expected to operate at an overall LOS C during the weekday AM and PM peak hours. Under 2027 no-build and 2027 build traffic conditions, the intersection is expected to operate at LOS F during the weekday AM and PM peak hours.

To mitigate poor levels of service experienced at the intersection during the weekday AM and PM peak hours under 2027 build conditions, the intersection was analyzed with an exclusive right-turn lane on the westbound approach. It should be noted that the exclusive westbound right-turn lane was modeled as a channelized lane under yield control. With this exclusive turn lane and signal timing adjustments to accommodate the new lane configuration, the intersection is expected to operate at an overall LOS D during the weekday AM and PM peak hours. Capacity analysis of 2036 future conditions with these improvements indicates that the intersection is expected to operate at an overall LOS D during the weekday AM and PM peak hours.

A channelized westbound right-turn lane under yield control is recommended at this intersection by the proposed development.



8.2. Smithfield Road [NB-SB] and Sandy Run [EB-WB]

The existing signalized intersection of Smithfield Road and Sandy Run was analyzed under 2022 existing, 2027 no-build, 2027 build (scenarios 1 & 2), and 2036 future (scenarios 1 & 2) traffic conditions with existing lane configurations and traffic control. Refer to Table 6 for a summary of the analysis results. Refer to Appendix G for the Synchro capacity analysis reports. SimTraffic queuing reports can be found in Appendix N.

Table 6: Analysis Summary of Smithfield Road and Sandy Run

ANALYSIS	A P P R	LANE CONFIGURATIONS	WEEKDAY AM PEAK HOUR LEVEL OF SERVICE		WEEKDAY PM PEAK HOUR LEVEL OF SERVICE	
SCENARIO	O A C H		Approach	Overall (seconds)	Approach	Overall (seconds)
	EB	1 LT-TH-RT	Е		D	70
2027 Existing	WB	1 LT-TH-RT	D	C	D	В
2027 Existing	NB	1 LT, 1 TH-RT	С	(21)	В	(12)
	SB	1 LT, 1 TH-RT	A	` '	A	, ,
	EB	1 LT-TH-RT	F		D	
2027 No-Build	WB	1 LT-TH-RT	Е	D	E	С
2027 NO-Dulla	NB	1 LT, 1 TH-RT	D	(36)	С	(21)
	SB	1 LT, 1 TH-RT	A	(/	В	()
	EB	1 LT-TH-RT	F		Е	
2027 Build	WB	1 LT-TH-RT	E	D	E	С
Scenarios 1 & 2	NB	1 LT, 1 TH-RT	E	(46)	D	(29)
	SB	1 LT, 1 TH-RT	A	(- /	С	(' ')
	EB	1 LT-TH-RT	F		Е	
2036 Future	WB	1 LT-TH-RT	E	D	E	С
Scenarios 1 & 2	NB	1 LT, 1 TH-RT	E	(45)	D	(28)
	SB	1 LT, 1 TH-RT	A	(,	С	()

Capacity analysis of 2022 existing, 2027 no-build, 2027 build, and 2036 future traffic conditions indicates that the intersection of Smithfield Road and Sandy Run is expected to operate at an overall LOS D or better during the weekday AM and PM peak hours.

Due to acceptable intersection operations, no improvements are recommended at this intersection by the proposed development.



8.3. Smithfield Road [NB-SB] and I-87 (US 64/264) Eastbound Ramps [EB]

The existing signalized intersection of Smithfield Road and I-87 (US 64/264) Eastbound Ramps were analyzed under 2022 existing, 2027 no-build, and 2027 build (scenarios 1 & 2), traffic conditions with the lane configurations and traffic control shown in Table 7. Under 2036 future (scenarios 1 & 2), the intersection was analyzed as half of a diverding diamond interchange, per future roadway improvements associated with STIP I-6007. Refer to Table 7 for a summary of the analysis results. Refer to Appendix H for the Synchro capacity analysis reports. SimTraffic queuing reports can be found in Appendix N.

Table 7: Analysis Summary of Smithfield Road and I-87 (US 64/264) Eastbound Ramps

ANALYSIS SCENARIO		A P P R	LANE	WEEKDAY AM PEAK HOUR LEVEL OF SERVICE		WEEKDAY PM PEAK HOUR LEVEL OF SERVICE	
	NODE	O A C H	CONFIGURATIONS	Approach	Overall (seconds)	Approach	Overall (seconds)
2022 Existing	3	EB NB SB	1 LT, 1 RT 2 TH, 1 RT 1 LT, 1 TH	D A B	B (14)	F A D	D (51)
2027 No-Build	3	EB NB SB	1 LT, 1 RT 2 TH, 1 RT 1 LT, 1 TH	C B D	C (24)	F A D	F (122)
2027 Build Scenarios 1 & 2	3	EB NB SB	1 LT, 1 RT 2 TH, 1 RT 1 LT, 1 TH	C B D	C (25)	F A D	F (140)
	33	EB SB	<u>2 RT</u> <u>1 TH</u>	C A	B (19)	D B	C (30)
2036 Future Scenarios 1 & 2	35	WB SB	<u>2 TH</u> <u>1 LT</u>	B D	B (19)	B B	B (19)
	38	EB NB	<u>1 LT</u> <u>2 TH</u>	D A	A (6)	C A	A (6)

Improvements to lane configurations by STIP I-6007 shown underlined.

Capacity analysis of 2022 existing traffic conditions indicates that the intersection of Smithfield Road and I-87 (US 64/264) Eastbound Ramps is expected to operate at an overall LOS D or better during the weekday AM and PM peak hours. Under 2027 no-build and 2027



build conditions, the intersection is expected to operate at an overall LOS C during the weekday AM peak hour and LOS F during the weekday PM peak hour. This intersection was analyzed as half of a diverging diamond interchange under 2036 future conditions per future roadway improvements associated with STIP I-6007. Capacity analysis of 2036 future conditions indicates that the intersection is expected to operate at an overall LOS C or better during the weekday AM and PM peak hours.

The proposed development is only expected to account for approximately 3% of the overall traffic at the intersection during the weekday AM peak hour and approximately 4% of the overall traffic at the intersection during the weekday PM peak hour. Additionally, this signal is currently operating in free run conditions, which means that there is not time of day signal timings that adjust the signal timings throughout the day to account for traffic pattern changes. Coordinated timings during the weekday peak hours would be beneficial by dedicating the appropriate green time to the heaver movements. Due to these reasons and the expectation that improvements to I-540 will further improve traffic patterns along Smithfield Road, no further improvements are recommended by the proposed development.



8.4. Smithfield Road [NB-SB] and I-87 (US 64/264) Westbound Ramps [WB]

The existing signalized intersections of Smithfield Road and I-87 (US 64 / 264) WB Ramps were analyzed under 2022 existing, 2027 no-build, 2027 build (scenarios 1 & 2), and 2036 future (scenarios 1 & 2) traffic conditions with the lane configurations and traffic control shown in Table 8. Refer to Table 8 for a summary of the analysis results. Refer to Appendix I for the Synchro capacity analysis reports. SimTraffic queuing reports can be found in Appendix N.

Table 8: Analysis Summary of Smithfield Road and I-87 (US 64 / 264) Westbound Ramps

ANALYSIS		A P P R	LANE	WEEKDAY AM PEAK HOUR LEVEL OF SERVICE		WEEKDAY PM PEAK HOUR LEVEL OF SERVICE	
SCENARIO	NODE	O A C H	CONFIGURATIONS	Approach	Overall (seconds)	Approach	Overall (seconds)
2022 Existing	4	WB NB SB	1 LT, 1 RT 1 LT, 1 LT-TH 1 TH, 1 RT	D B B	B (16)	D A B	B (13)
2027 No-Build	4	WB NB SB	1 LT, 1 RT <u>2 LT</u> , 1 TH 1 TH, 1 RT	E C C	C (30)	D C B	C (26)
2027 Build Scenarios 1 & 2	4	WB NB SB	1 LT, 1 RT <u>2 LT</u> , 1 TH 1 TH, 1 RT	E C C	C (31)	D C B	C (28)
	43	WB NB	<u>1 RT</u> <u>1 TH</u>	C A	B (11)	C A	A (7)
2036 Future Scenarios 1 & 2	45	EB SB	<u>1 TH</u> <u>1 TH</u>	B B	B (16)	C B	C (21)
	48	WB SB	<u>1 LT</u> <u>1 TH</u>	C A	B (10)	C A	A (5)

Improvements to lane configurations by STIP I-6007 shown underlined.

Capacity analysis of 2022 existing, 2027 no-build, 2027 build traffic conditions indicates that the intersection of Smithfield Road and I-87 (US 64/264) Westbound Ramps is expected to operate at an overall LOS C or better during the weekday AM and PM peak hours. This intersection was analyzed as half of a diverging diamond interchange under 2036 future conditions per future roadway improvements associated with STIP I-6007. Capacity analysis



of 2036 future conditions indicates that the intersection is expected to operate at an overall LOS C or better during the weekday AM and PM peak hours.

Due to acceptable intersection operations, no further improvements are recommended by the proposed development.



8.5. Smithfield Road [NB-SB] and Major Slade Road [EB-WB]

The existing signalized intersection of Smithfield Road and Major Slade Road was analyzed under 2022 existing, 2027 no-build, 2027 build (scenarios 1 & 2), and 2036 future (scenarios 1 & 2) traffic conditions with existing lane configurations and traffic control. Refer to Table 9 for a summary of the analysis results. Refer to Appendix J for the Synchro capacity analysis reports. SimTraffic queuing reports can be found in Appendix N.

Table 9: Analysis Summary of Smithfield Road and Major Slade Road

ANALYSIS	A P P R	LANE	PEAK	DAY AM HOUR SERVICE	WEEKDAY PM PEAK HOUR LEVEL OF SERVICE		
SCENARIO	O A C H	CONFIGURATIONS	Approach	Overall (seconds)	Approach	Overall (seconds)	
	EB	1 LT-TH-RT	D	_	Е		
2022 Existing	WB	1 LT-TH-RT	D	В	D	С	
2022 Existing	NB	1 LT-TH-RT	В	(18)	A	(26)	
	SB	1 LT-TH-RT	A	, ,	С	,	
	EB	1 LT-TH-RT	Е		Е		
2027 N. D:1.1	WB	1 LT-TH-RT	D	C	D	D	
2027 No-Build	NB	1 LT-TH-RT	С	(25)	В	(42)	
	SB	1 LT-TH-RT	A	(-)	D	()	
	EB	1 LT-TH-RT	Е		Е		
2027 Build	WB	1 LT-TH-RT	D	C	D	D	
Scenarios 1 & 2	NB	1 LT-TH-RT	С	(26)	В	(45)	
	SB	1 LT-TH-RT	A	,	D	\ /	
	EB	1 LT-TH-RT	Е		Е		
2036 Build	WB	1 LT-TH-RT	D	C	D	D	
Scenarios 1 & 2	NB	1 LT-TH-RT	С	(26)	В	(43)	
	SB	1 LT-TH-RT	A	()	D	()	

Capacity analysis of 2022 existing, 2027 no-build, 2027 build, and 2036 future traffic conditions indicates that the intersection of Smithfield Road and Major Slade Road is expected to operate at an overall LOS D or better during the weekday AM and PM peak hours.

Due to acceptable intersection operations, no improvements are recommended at this intersection by the proposed development.



8.6. Poole Road [EB-WB] and Major Slade Road [NB]

The existing unsignalized intersection of Poole Road and Major Slade Road was analyzed 2022 existing, 2027 no-build, 2027 build (scenarios 1 & 2), and 2036 future (scenarios 1 & 2) traffic conditions with the lane configurations and traffic control shown in Table 10. Refer to Table 10 for a summary of the analysis results. Refer to Appendix K for the Synchro capacity analysis reports. SimTraffic queuing reports can be found in Appendix N.

Table 10: Analysis Summary of Poole Road and Major Slade Road

ANALYSIS	A P P R	LANE	PEAK	DAY AM HOUR SERVICE	WEEKDAY PM PEAK HOUR LEVEL OF SERVICE	
SCENARIO	O A C H	CONFIGURATIONS	Approach	Overall (seconds)	Approach	Overall (seconds)
2022 Existing	EB WB NB	1 TH-RT 1 LT-TH 1 LT-RT	 A ¹ B ²	N/A	 A ¹ A ²	N/A
2027 No-Build B NB		1 TH-RT 1 LT-TH 1 LT-RT	 A ¹ B ²	N/A	 A ¹ B ²	N/A
2027 Build Scenarios 1 & 2	EB WB NB	1 TH-RT 1 LT-TH 1 LT-RT	 A ¹ C ²	N/A	 A ¹ C ²	N/A
2036 Build Scenarios 1 & 2	EB WB NB	1 TH-RT 1 LT-TH 1 LT-RT	 A ¹ C ²	N/A	 A ¹ C ²	N/A

^{1.} Level of service for major-street left-turn movement.

Capacity analysis of 2022 existing, 2027 no-build, 2027 build, and 2036 future traffic conditions indicates that the major-street left-turn movement and the minor-street approach at the intersection of Poole Road and Major Slade Road is expected to operate at LOS C or better during the weekday AM and PM peak hours.

Due to acceptable intersection operations, no improvements are recommended at this intersection by the proposed development.



^{2.} Level of service for minor-street approach.

8.7. Poole Road [EB-WB] and Site Drive 1 [SB]

The proposed unsignalized intersection of Poole Road and Site Drive 1 was analyzed under 2027 build – scenario 1, 2027 build – scenario 2, 2036 future – scenario 1, and 2036 future – scenario 2 traffic conditions with lane configurations and traffic control shown in Table 11. Refer to Table 11 for a summary of the analysis results. Refer to Appendix L for the Synchro capacity analysis reports. SimTraffic queuing reports can be found in Appendix N.

Table 11: Analysis Summary of Poole Road and Site Drive 1

ANALYSIS	APPR	LANE	PEAK	DAY AM HOUR SERVICE	WEEKDAY PM PEAK HOUR LEVEL OF SERVICE	
SCENARIO	0 A C H	CONFIGURATIONS	Approach	Overall (seconds)	Approach	Overall (seconds)
2027 Build	EB	1 LT, 1 TH	A^1		A^1	
Scenario 1	WB	1 TH- RT		N/A		N/A
3001111110 1	SB	1 LT-RT	B ²		B ²	
2027 Build	EB	1 LT, 1 TH	A^1		A^1	
Scenario 2	WB	1 TH -RT		N/A	N/A	N/A
Scenario 2	SB	1 LT-RT	B ²	•	B ²	
2027 E 1	EB	1 LT, 1 TH	A^1		A^1	
2036 Future	WB	1 TH -RT		N/A		N/A
Scenario 1	SB	1 LT-RT	B ²	,	B^2	,
2026 Eastern	EB	1 LT, 1 TH	A^1		A^1	
2036 Future Scenario 2	WB	1 TH -RT		N/A		N/A
	SB	1 LT-RT	B ²	,	B ²	,

Improvements to lane configurations are shown in bold.

- 1. Level of service for major-street left-turn movement.
- 2. Level of service for minor-street approach.

Capacity analysis of 2027 build (scenario 1 & 2) and 2036 future (scenario 1 & 2) traffic conditions indicates that the major-street left-turn movement and the minor-street approach at the intersection of Poole Road and Site Drive 1 are expected to operate at LOS B or better during the weekday AM and PM peak hours.

Turn lanes were considered based on the NCDOT *Policy on Street and Driveway Access to North Carolina Highways* (Driveway Manual). Based on the Driveway Manual, an exclusive eastbound left-turn lane with a minimum of 75′ of storage is warranted and recommended



under access scenario 1 and a minimum of 100' of storage is warranted and recommended under access scenario 2, both with appropriate deceleration length and taper.



8.8. Poole Road [EB-WB] and Site Drive 2 [SB]

The proposed unsignalized intersection of Poole Road and Site Drive 2 was analyzed under 2027 build – scenario 1, 2027 build – scenario 2, 2036 future – scenario 1, and 2036 future – scenario 2 with lane configurations and traffic control shown in Table 12. Refer to Table 12 for a summary of the analysis results. Refer to Appendix M for the Synchro capacity analysis reports. SimTraffic queuing reports can be found in Appendix N.

WEEKDAY AM WEEKDAY PM P **PEAK HOUR PEAK HOUR** P LEVEL OF SERVICE LEVEL OF SERVICE R **ANALYSIS** LANE **CONFIGURATIONS SCENARIO** 0 A Overall **Overall Approach Approach** C (seconds) (seconds) н EB 1 LT, 1 TH 2027 Build A^1 A^1 WB 1 TH, 1 RT N/AN/A Scenario 1 Full Movement SB 1 LT-RT B^2 B^2 1 TH 2027 Build EB N/A N/A Scenario 2 WB 1 TH, 1 RT Right-in/Right-out SB**1 RT** B^2 B^2 1 LT, 1 TH A^1 EB A^1 2036 Future Scenario 1 WB 1 TH, 1 RT N/A N/A Full Movement SB 1 LT-RT B^2 B^2 2036 Future EB 1 TH

Table 12: Analysis Summary of Poole Road and Site Drive 2

Improvements to lane configurations are shown in bold.

1 TH, 1 RT

1 RT

- 1. Level of service for major-street left-turn movement.
- 2. Level of service for minor-street approach.

WB

SB

Scenario 2

Right-in/Right-out

Capacity analysis of 2027 build (scenario 1 & 2) and 2036 future (scenario 1 & 2) traffic conditions indicates that the major-street left-turn movement and the minor-street approach at the intersection of Poole Road and Site Drive 2 are expected to operate at LOS B or better during the weekday AM and PM peak hours.

 B^2

N/A

N/A

 B^2

Turn lanes were considered based on the NCDOT *Policy on Street and Driveway Access to North Carolina Highways* (Driveway Manual). Based on the Driveway Manual, an exclusive eastbound left-turn lane with a minimum of 75' of storage and a westbound right-turn lane



with a minimum of 50' of storage, both with appropriate deceleration and taper length, are warranted and recommended under access scenario 1. Under access scenario 2, only an exclusive eastbound left-turn lane with a minimum of 75' of storage and appropriate deceleration and taper length is warranted and recommended as the intersection was analyzed as a right-in/right-out.



9. CONCLUSIONS

This Traffic Impact Analysis was conducted to determine the potential traffic impacts of the proposed residential development, the northeast quadrant of the intersection of Poole Road at Smithfield Road in Knightdale, North Carolina. The proposed development, anticipated to be completed by 2026, is assumed to consist of a maximum of 246 single-family homes. This study analyzes two (2) build scenarios: Scenario 1 analyzes both Site Drive 1 and Site Drive 2 as full movement intersections and Scenario 2 analyzes Site Drive 1 as a full movement intersection and Site Drive 2 as a right-in/right-out intersection.

The study analyzes traffic conditions during the weekday AM and PM peak hours for the following scenarios:

- 2022 Existing Traffic Conditions
- 2027 No-Build Traffic Conditions
- 2027 Build Traffic Conditions Scenario 1
- 2027 Build Traffic Conditions Scenario 2
- 2036 Future Traffic Conditions Scenario 1 Per Town UDO (with STIP I-6007 Improvements)
- 2036 Future Traffic Conditions Scenario 2 Per Town UDO (with STIP I-6007 Improvements)

Trip Generation

It should be noted that the site plan includes a mixture of single family homes and townhomes; however, all units were studied as single family homes for a conservative analysis. It is estimated that the proposed development will generate approximately 2,310 total site trips on the roadway network during a typical 24-hour weekday period. Of the daily traffic volume, it is anticipated that 169 trips (44 entering and 125 exiting) will occur during the weekday AM peak hour and 232 (146 entering and 86 exiting) will occur during the weekday PM peak hour.



Adjustments to Analysis Guidelines

Capacity analysis at all study intersections was completed according to NCDOT Congestion Management Guidelines. Refer to section 7.1 of this report for a detailed description of any adjustments to these guidelines made throughout the analysis.

Intersection Capacity Analysis Summary

Refer to section 8 of this report for a detailed description of the study area intersections (including the proposed site driveways) that are expected to operate at acceptable levels-of-service under existing and future year conditions and the study intersections that are expected to need improvements.



10. RECOMMENDATIONS

Based on the findings of this study, specific geometric improvements have been identified and are recommended to accommodate future traffic conditions. See a more detailed description of the recommended improvements below. Refer to Figures 12 & 13 for illustrations of the recommended lane configuration for the proposed development under scenarios 1 & 2.

Improvements by Baker Roofing HQ

Smithfield Road and I-87 (US 64 / 264) Westbound Ramps

- Extend the exclusive southbound right-turn lane to have full storage.
- Restripe the northbound left-through lane to provide an additional left-turn lane.
- Construct a northbound through lane with a minimum of 250 feet of storage and appropriate deceleration and taper length.

Improvements by NCDOT STIP I-6007

STIP I-6007 is expected to convert the I-87 (US 64 / 264) interchange at Smithfield Road to a diverging diamond interchange.

Improvements by NCDOT STIP HL-0031

STIP HL-0031 is expected to improve the intersection of Poole Road and Smithfield Road by adding exclusive turn lanes on every approach.

Recommended Improvements by Developer - Scenario 1

Poole Road and Smithfield Road

- Construct a channelized westbound right-turn lane that operates under yield control with a minimum of 100 feet of storage and appropriate deceleration and taper length.
- Coordinate with NCDOT to develop a signal modification plan for the intersection.



Poole Road and Site Drive 1

- Construct southbound approach with one (1) ingress lane and one (1) egress lane striped as a shared left-right lane.
- Provide an exclusive eastbound left-turn lane with a minimum 75 feet of storage and appropriate taper.
- Provide stop-control for the southbound approach.

Poole Road and Site Drive 2

- Construct southbound approach with one (1) ingress lane and one (1) egress lane striped as a shared left-right lane.
- Provide an exclusive eastbound left-turn lane with a minimum of 75 feet of storage and appropriate deceleration and taper.
- Provide an exclusive westbound right-turn lane with a minimum of 50 feet of storage and appropriate deceleration and taper.
- Provide stop-control for southbound approach.

Recommended Improvements by Developer - Scenario 2

Poole Road and Smithfield Road

- Construct a channelized westbound right-turn lane that operates under yield control with a minimum of 100 feet of storage and appropriate deceleration and taper length.
- Coordinate with NCDOT to develop a signal modification plan for the intersection.

Poole Road and Site Drive 1

- Construct southbound approach with one (1) ingress lane and one (1) egress lane striped as a shared left-right lane.
- Provide an exclusive eastbound left-turn lane with a minimum 100 feet of storage and appropriate taper.
- Provide stop-control for southbound approach.



Poole Road and Site Drive 2

- Construct southbound approach as right-in/right-out intersection with one (1) ingress lane and one (1) egress lane.
- Provide westbound right-turn lane with a minimum of 50 feet of storage and appropriate deceleration and taper.
- Provide stop-control for southbound approach.



